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THE STATEN ISLAND PARDONS.

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The committee required by the resolutions was constituted as follows:—Daniel L. Clawson, Samuel Barton, Lot C. Clark, William H. Vanderbilt, John H. Vechten, and Richard D. Little.

The meeting over, a portion of the excited crowd adjourned to the rear of the Court House and burnt an effigy of Gov. Clark. This last feature did not add dignity to the occasion.

From Our Special Correspondent.

Albany, Tuesday, March 18, 1856.

[illegible]

Respectfully submitted,
MINTHORNE TOMPKINS.

[illegible]

days' imprisonment, and to remit $800 of the fine imposed upon the Town Auditors.

I believe it is a fact susceptible of proof, that Mr. Hagadorn, of the Staten Islander, when at Albany last week, assented to the pardon of Vanderbilt and McLean, but protested against the pardon of the town auditors.

Now, it may be all as he says—though I much doubt it. It may be that the letters of such men as I have quoted are gross misstatements, and the above petition may not be worthy of the slightest credit. Yet I respectfully submit that here at Albany there is a different sentiment. Gov. Clark has acted upon representations that, to have overlooked, would have subjected him to censure. I do not see how his Excellency could well refuse to comply with a request fortified by such testimonials and urged by men who are among our first citizens, and whose integrity and judgment have never been questioned. Will it not be the calm, sober verdict of the people of Richmond that Gov. Clark has acted honestly and justly? With these facts before them, I cannot doubt but what such will be their decision, and that they will do Gov. Clark the justice to declare that he has done nothing more than a just sense of duty would require.

LEO.

NEWS FROM MEXICO.

No Communication between Vera Cruz and the Capital—Capture of Uraga, the Revolutionary Chief—The President in Person in the Field—Suspension of all Business—Anarchy and Confusion.

From the New-Orleans Picayune, March 12.

We have full files of the Vera Cruz papers—the *Veracruzano* and the *Progreso*—to the 8th inst., but nothing whatever from the Capital. From the latter, indeed, we are not to expect any, as the communications between it and Vera Cruz are said to be interrupted. The telegraph wires are cut, and the Revolutionists, we are told, intercept all correspondence, public or private.

To account for this we are obliged to conjecture a different condition of the revolution from that which has been represented. How, if they were all shut up in Puebla, with Haro y Tamariz, and that place were regularly besieged, as it is reported to be, they could yet interrupt the communications, is more than can readily be seen. If the report of the interruption is correct, there must be strong revolutionary forces outside of the city of Puebla.

And that there are—perhaps we should say that there were, if we were in possession of all the facts of the case—we have a startling proof, in the important fact that Gen. Uraga had surrendered at Acultzingo, with no fewer than 6,000 followers. For the numbers, we have the authority of a correspondent, but we have not been able to find them stated in either of our Vera Cruz files. In a supplement to its issue of the 26th ult., the *Progreso* published a private communication from the President to Gov. La Llave, from which the following is a translated extract:

"I now have the pleasure of giving you the important news that a party, which left Puebla to cover the entry of Uraga was completely routed in Tlaxcala, its officers being taken prisoners; and also, that Uraga himself, with the whole of those who were with him, without excepting a single private, surrendered at discretion, in the neighborhood of Tulancingo, where he was badgered by forces of the Morelos brigade, under the command of D. Sabas de Iturbide. Uraga, and the chiefs and officers taken prisoners, are on the way to this capital."

It appears that this was affected without a single drop of blood being spilt.

In the same communication President Comonfort informs Gov. La Llave that the Congress had confirmed the decree nominating him to the Presidency, by a majority of seventy-seven votes.

In addition to the affairs above noticed, the *Progreso* notices several others favorable to the Government. At Chautla, an advanced corps of the revolutionists was defeated by Ghilardi's troops; Sagaceta, their leader, being taken prisoner. It was reported that on the night of the 25th of February, the great body of Haro's forces had left Puebla, nobody knew for what point; but we see, as yet, no confirmation. In connection with the statement, it is added that there were not more than 800 or 1,000 men left in the city.

At the capital everything was ready for the President to leave on Wednesday, the 27th ult., at the head of 6,000, besides the Ghilardi, Traconis, Gudaga, Moreno, and Villareal sections, amounting to not less than 3,000 more.

A correspondent informs us that President Comonfort has in person taken command of the forces before Puebla, but we do not find in the papers the account of his doing so.

The *Veracruzano* of the 4th inst., acknowledges the receipt, in Vera Cruz, of a letter from Puebla, dated the 1st inst., and in which it was announced that it was expected the siege about to be put to the city by the Government forces would open on the 3d. The insurgents in the city are estimated at from 7,000 to 8,000 in number. On the day of the date of the letter all the forces between San Martin, Texmelucan and Puebla were awaiting the arrival of the President.

The *Veracruzano* dwells with the greatest satisfaction on the confirmation of President Comonfort, and augurs the best results for the country.

Of course, the surrender of Uraga is regarded as a desperate blow to Haro's interests.

A correspondent, writing on the 8th inst., informs us that the officers of the Revolters in the Castle of San Juan de Ulloa, on the 13th ult., had been sentenced to be shot, with the exception of Salcedo, who, it seems, was forced to be their leader, and was the first to surrender. His punishment, our correspondent says, is fixed at ten years' imprisonment. In the *Progreso* we find a report of the Court-Martial having met on the 24th. It was composed of Lieut. Colonel Joaquin Colombres, Captains Luis Pina, Jose Maria Perez, Ignacio Montenegro, Francisco Macias, Manuel Berra and Francisco Sevilla.

In addition to the Government successes above reported, the *Veracruzano*, of the 5th inst., gives another, announcing the complete suppression of the outbreak in Chiapas. The arms and munitions of all kinds had fallen into the power of the Government. Five insurgents were taken prisoners, and one was killed.

With regard to the question of communication between Vera Cruz and the capital, the *Veracruzano* of the 6th inst. says, that on that or the following day they would be reestablished by way of the plains of Apam, the Government having placed troops at convenient points for protection.

The *Veracruzano* translates at full length the address made at the inauguration of the Jackson Statue.

The country generally, with the exceptions noted, is reported quiet.

Vestvali and the prima donna Albertini are reported to have arrived at Vera Cruz from Jalapa, en route for this country. They were to give some concerts in the heroic city before leaving it.

Vera Cruz is reported healthy, owing to the prevalence of North winds lately.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

From the N. O. Picayune, March 12.

From the Post-Office, this morning, we have correspondence and a few odd papers from the City of Mexico to the 3d inst. They were transmitted by the express for the British packet.

Complaints are made in the capital of the rarity of communication with Vera Cruz.

A private correspondent informs us that, on the 29th ult., President Comonfort left the capital to put himself at the head of the troops about to besiege Puebla. The division he was about to command is said to consist of some 15,000 men, and 48 pieces of artillery. The latest accounts received announced that Comonfort had left Rio Frio, in the direction of San Martin. By the 4th or 5th, the result of the campaign was expected to become known. "We shall see," says our correspondent.

The state of the country is represented as such as can be better imagined than described. Commerce, it is said, is paralyzed.

Uraga is to be tried at Toluca, and it is believed that the proceedings against him will be very energetic.

The *Monitor Republicano*, of the 3d inst., has a long and eloquent article in support of Gen. Comonfort, in which it says that the whole country is with him, and anticipates his sure and rapid success against the insurgents.

The same paper publishes a number of official documents, completely exculpating Gen. Yanez from the charge of disobedience of superior orders, preferred against him when he was in Sonora last year.

La Sociedad, a paper manifestly Santanist, Haroist, or anything the direct opposite of republican in principle, declares that the present Government has indirectly violated the plan of Acapulco; because it gives as a reason, it has dictated measures excluding one class from the national representation, and because it may be said that all parties are not presented in Congress.

The only assertions in support of this, which we see in the article, are that the clergy, the military and the rich are marked; that the "demagogic revolution" pronounces creeds prejudices, arms instruments of tyranny, and the rich a corps of despots. As a consequence of this, it predicts the same troubles for the country with which it has always hitherto had to contend.

The priests are evidently at their work, and the prediction may prove true, although it is to be hoped it will not.

Correction.

Our reporter, in connection with the Albany Kansas Meeting, on 12th instant, represented Mr. Delavan as subscribing $1,000 to "aid in procuring arms and [illegible] emigrants in reaching Kansas." Mr. Delavan has requested us to say that said subscription was given (to use his own words at the meeting) "to clothe the naked and feed the hungry in Kansas."

A FREE STATE!

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM KANSAS.

Organization of the Free State Legislature.

Inaugural Address of Gov. Robinson.

First Annual Message of Governor Robinson.

SPEECH OF LIEUT. GOV. ROBERTS.

Mass Meeting in Reference to the President's Proclamation.

FREE STATE SENTIMENT.

Seizure of Sharp's Rifles and Cannon.

Orders to Arrest the Free State Officers and Legislature for Treason.

Special Correspondence of the N. Y. Daily Times.

Topeka, K. T., Monday, March 3, 1856.

I started from Lawrence yesterday afternoon, in company with ten of my neighbors, for Topeka, to attend the assembling of the first Legislature. The journey here was slow, over snow banks upon the bluffs, and deep mud in the ravines, making it difficult to travel more than from two to three miles per hour.

On arriving here, I found more people than accommodations, and at least one hundred men are here from Lawrence. Although a few demagogues are hanging about us, as is always especially true in such cases in Western States, still I can see indications, from all parts of the Territory, of a firmness of purpose and unyielding resolution to carry out the State organization we have so manfully begun. We take courage at the prospect now before us of so soon having the chains knocked from our limbs, and proclaiming, through our own system of legislation and representation, our system of independent government.

INDIGNATION MASS MEETING.

To-night there has been held in Constitution Hall a mass meeting to discuss the merits of the President's Special Message and Proclamation, and Kansas affairs in general. It organized by appointing J. L. Sparks, of Easton, as Chairman. The meeting was addressed by Gens. Lane, Robinson and Roberts, Judge Curtis and others. They all agreed that it was our true policy to organize immediately the State Government—that a Territorial Government was unknown to the Constitution, and was extinct the moment the necessity for it was removed, as it would be when the wheel of State began to revolve. It could not bear the semblance of treason, for a people to do merely what a republican Constitution gives them a right to do, viz.: through their own representatives, make their own laws. The propriety of adjourning without enacting any laws, to give Congress more time to act upon the Kansas question, was ably discussed; but it was the general sentiment that if we adjourn it should not be in consideration of the threats of the President, nor the fear of Missouri, but because the great cause of our State and country might seem to demand it.

Organization of the Legislature.

Tuesday, March 4.

The General Assembly of the State of Kansas, according to the provisions of the Constitution, met to-day at this place at 12 o'clock M., organized quietly and proceeded to business.

The Senate was first called to order by Col. Lane, Chairman of the Executive Committee. The roll was called, and a quorum of members answered to their names.

Gen. Lane then declared that by the returns forwarded to their office, Hon. W. Y. Roberts was duly elected Lieutenant-Governor of the State of Kansas, and by virtue of his office was President of the Senate. Mr. Roberts was then called upon to step forward and be sworn, when Gen. Lane administered the oath.

Upon taking the Chair, Mr. Roberts spoke as follows:

Gentlemen of the Senate of the State of Kansas:

In assuming the position to which I have been called by the people of Kansas, I should do injustice to my feelings should I not express through you to the people my gratitude for the honor that they have conferred, and pledge my best efforts to merit the confidence they have reposed in me, and also to bespeak your forbearance and their charity for such errors as you and they may detect in the discharge of the duties devolving upon me.

Without your hearty coöperation I should despair of success, but with every confidence in your determination to discharge your duties faithfully, and with a fixed intention on my part to preside over your deliberations with impartiality and fidelity to the best of my ability, I must be allowed to anticipate a session fruitful of good to the people of Kansas.

The circumstances under which we have assembled, and the circumstances under which our State organization has been formed, are such as to demand of us the most careful consideration of every measure of public policy upon which we may be called to act. The eyes of all the people of Kansas upon us—the eyes of are the people of the American Union are upon us—let our deliberations be characterized by a fixed determination to maintain the right, and so deport ourselves as to demand the respect, and challenge the scrutiny of mankind.

Our infant Republic is this day born of the popular will—an edifice is founded on the true basis of popular sovereignty, and if we are true to our interests, our success, under the smiles of divine Providence, is secured.

The Executive Committee then retired, and the Senate proceeded to organize, in accordance with a resolution offered by Mr. Curtis. There was but little excitement manifested, and, what is rather unusual, there seemed to be a want of suitable candidates in the field. They generally elected on the first ballot, but some required two—none more than two. The organization was soon completed, as follows:

Asaph Allen, Principal Secretary.
W. L. Brigdon, Assistant Secretary.
J. M. Fuller, Sergeant-at-Arms.
Harris Stratton, Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.
A. Martin, Doorkeeper.
John Mack, Assistant Doorkeeper.
Jesse Crane, Messenger.
Ferdinand Wendall, Assistant Messenger.
J. F. Cummings, First Transcribing Clerk.
J. C. Dunn, Second Transcribing Clerk.

After laying a resolution to notify the House of their organization upon the table, they adjourned till 2 o'clock.

The House did not organize till 2 o'clock, for want of a quorum, when the Chairman of the Executive Committee called them to order, and after calling the roll by Secretary, the Chairman administered the oath to the members present. He then gave notice that the first business in order was the election of a Speaker—when James Blood received 9 votes; T. A. Minard, 16; Tuton, 3. Mr. Minard was thereupon duly declared Speaker of the first Legislature of Kansas. He was conducted to the Chair by Messrs. [illegible], Tuton and Blood, and proceeded to complete the organization, as follows:

J. St. Goodin, Chief Clerk.
B. F. Tappan, Assistant Clerk.
James G. Sandgrass, Transcribing Clerk.
G. F. Gordon, Assistant Transcribing Clerk.
M. J. Mitchell, Sergeant-at-Arms.
Jas. R. Swain, Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.
Jacob Branson, Doorkeeper.
L. Farnsworth, Assistant Doorkeeper.
Rev. Mr. Lovejoy, Chaplain.
John M. Speer, Messenger.
W. Seagrave, Assistant Messenger.

Inauguration of Gov. Robinson.

At 5 o'clock the two Houses met in joint session in the Representative Chamber, where the declaration of the election of the State Officers was made by the Chairman of the Executive Committee, and the oath of office administered to such as were present. A Committee conducted Gov. Robinson into the room, where he was received with great applause, and took the oath from the President of the Senate. The oath was as follows:

"You solemnly swear in the presence of Almighty God, the searcher of all hearts, to support the Constitution of the United States, to support the Constitution of the State of Kansas, and to discharge the duties of Governor to the best of your ability, as you shall answer at the great day. So help you God."

Governor Robinson, after the subsidence of the applause which greeted the conclusion of this ceremony, made a short and pertinent address as follows:

Fellow-Citizens of the General Assembly: It has pleased the people of Kansas to call us from our accustomed duties to discharge high and important trusts. In our keeping for a brief period is placed Legislative and Executive powers of the new State. To us the people look for wise and wholesome laws, and the faithful administration of the Government on the true principles of Republicanism and "Squatter Sovereignty." In the execution of this trust, it will be my pleasure, no less than my duty, to coöperate with you in all measures for the good of the people.

Our position is peculiar. Although the people of Kansas have followed the precedents set them by other new States, and sanctioned by Congress, and the proceedings in the formation of a State government are all regular, yet for the first time in the history of our country, the President and his appointees characterize the movement as treasonable. This was not to be expected from the advocates of the Kansas-Nebraska Act, which professes to leave the people of the Territories "perfectly free to form and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United States." Also, some of the people of an adjoining State unite with the President in opposing the people of Kansas in framing and regulating their own government; and threaten our destruction, unless we conform to their dictation. Should the course indicated by the President and the people of another State, be persisted in, and our rights again be trampled in the dust by official interference or lawless invasion, the people of Kansas would be justified before the civilized world in asserting their rights by revolution; but since it is believed that Congress will grant us the same rights and immunities that it has to other States, the people of Missouri and the Federal Executive to the contrary notwithstanding—it is better to suffer "while evils are sufferable, than attempt to right ourselves by a resort to extreme measures."

Our course as a people, thus far, has been distinguished for forbearance, long suffering and patience, and good policy would still dictate that every honorable effort be made to establish and cultivate friendly relations with our oppressors; especially with the people of our adjoining sister State. Nothing should be done in a spirit of retaliation, but rather of conciliation; although our own rights have repeatedly been invaded and wrested from us, let us show that we respect the Constitution and laws of our country, and the rights of the people of the respective States; and that until forbearance ceases to be a virtue, and becomes cowardice, and the oppression becomes insufferable, we will ever be found loyal citizens of the Government.

Important questions will come before you for consideration, and it cannot be expected that perfect unanimity will prevail on any subject; yet it is desirable and necessary with the various elements in a Legislature of a new State, that a spirit of concession and harmony should characterize the members, that the enactments may carry with them a moral force that will cause them to be respected by the people.

The position allotted us by the partiality of our fellow-citizens is one of great responsibility, and we need that wisdom that comes from above to so direct us that we may render a good account of our actions to our constituents and posterity.

At the close of the Governor's inaugural, three hearty cheers were given for Robinson, and the convention adjourned. Each body was again organized, but nothing important transpired.

APPOINTMENTS.

Major [illegible] Klotz has received the appointment by the Governor, of Secretary of State, in the absence of P. C. Schuyler, and he received the oath from the President of the Senate. The Governor's Message will be sent in to-morrow, and I will endeavor to send you a full copy by this mail.

We have no fear whatever of being disturbed by Missourians. Sheriff Jones was in the House this afternoon, and seemed very full of fun and good humor. It was no place to feel otherwise.

The wheel of State has fairly commenced its revolution. May its shadow never be less!

RANDOLPH.

KANSAS A FREE STATE.

Message of Gov. Charles Robinson.

Special Correspondence of the N. Y. Daily Times.

Topeka, Wednesday, March 5, 1856.

The first Annual Message of Gov. Charles Robinson was delivered to both Houses of the Legislature to-day. It is an able and elaborate vindication of the Freemen of Kansas. The following is a full abstract:

Gov. Robinson expresses his acknowledgments to the people of Kansas for their confidence in him, as evinced by their suffrages; promises to enlist all his energies in their service; calls attention to the fact that the organization of a new Government is always attended with difficulty; and relies upon the coöperation of the Legislature to guide the affairs of the new State by the chart of the Constitution. That instrument, he adds, defines the duties of the General Assembly, and, in recapitulating the topics which will properly engage the attention of the body, he lays especial stress upon the subject of popular education. Without education, free institutions cannot exist; with it, tyranny and oppression must disappear. In order that the schools may be put on a permanent basis, the proceeds of the school lands, or other educational income, should be carefully husbanded, until a fund shall accumulate amply sufficient to give to every child in the State a liberal Common School education. The University, Normal Schools, public charitable institutions and a General State Hospital are not less warmly recommended. In reference to the subject of finances and taxation, the Governor cautions the Legislature to avoid onerous taxes and large indebtedness, and to adopt a system of economy without niggardly parsimony. In view of the exposure of the citizens of the State to the scalping knife of the savage on the West, and to the revolver and hatchet of the assassin on the East, a thorough and early organization of the militia is urgently called for. The Message recommends the organization of volunteer companies, and that the arms to which the State is entitled be at once procured. In regard to the disposition of the public lands, the Governor takes strong ground in favor of State, instead of National revenues from them. A new State has extraordinary expenses to incur in setting its Government in motion, with limited means at command. Should Congress, therefore, see fit to donate all the public lands of Kansas to the State, it will be the duty of the General Assembly to dispose of them, and in that event, it is suggested that a donation of 160 acres as a homestead to each resident of five years, would hasten the settlement of the country, and at the same time secure a fund for educational and other purposes. It is hinted that the enactment of a prohibitory liquor law would be a salutary measure.

THE TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

Passing from topics of purely local interest, the Message dwells upon the question of the Territorial and State Governments in Kansas.

A Territorial Government is declared to be transient in its nature, only waiting the action of the people to form a Government of their own. This action has been taken by the people of Kansas, and it only remains *for the General Government to suspend its Territorial appropriations, recall its officers and admit Kansas into the Union as a sovereign State.* The declaration upon this point is emphatic. We quote:

"The reasons why the Territorial Government should be suspended, and Kansas admitted into the Union as a State, are various. In the first place, it is not a Government of the people. The Executive and Judicial officers are imposed upon the people by a distant power, and the officers thus imposed are foreign to our soil, and are accountable not to the people, but to an Executive 1,000 miles distant. American citizens have for a long time been accustomed to govern themselves, and to have a voice in the choice of their officers, but in a Territorial Government they not only have no voice in choosing some of their officers, but are deprived of a vote for the officer who appoints them.

Again: Governments are instituted for the good and protection of the governed, but *the Territorial government of Kansas has been, and still is, an instrument of oppression and tyranny unequaled in the history of our Republic.* The only officers that attempted to administer the laws impartially, have been removed, and persons substituted who have aided in our subjugation. Such has been the conduct of the officers and the people of a neighboring State, either intentionally or otherwise, that Kansas to-day is without a single law enacted by the people of the Territory. Not a man in the country will attempt to deny that every election had under the Territorial government was *carried by armed invaders from an adjoining State*, and for the purpose of enacting laws in opposition to the known wishes of the people.

The Territorial Government should be withdrawn because it is inoperative. The officers of the law permit all manner of outrages and crime to be perpetrated by the invaders and their friends with impunity, while the citizens proper are naturally law-abiding and order-loving, disposed rather to suffer than do wrong. Several of the most aggravated murders on record have been committed, but as long as murderers are on the side of the oppressors no notice is taken of them. Not one of the whole number has been brought to justice, and not one will be by the Territorial officers. While the marauders are thus in open violation of all law, nine-tenths of the people scorn to recognize as laws the enactments of a foreign body of men, and would sooner lose their right arms than bring an action in one of their unhallowed Courts. Americans can suffer death, but not dishonor, and sooner than the people will consent to recognize the edicts of lawless invaders as laws, their blood will mingle with the waters of the Kansas and this Union be rolled together in civil strife.

Not only is the Territorial Government the instrument of oppression and subjugation of the people, but under it there is no hope of relief. The organic act permits the legislature to prescribe the qualification of voters, and the so-called Legislature has provided that no man shall vote in any election who will not bow the knee to the dark image of Slavery, and appointed officers for the term of four years to see that this provision is carried out. Thus nine-tenths of the citizens are disfranchised and debarred from acting under the Territorial Government, if they would.

Even if allowed to vote, the Chief Executive of the country says he has no power to protect the ballot-box from invaders, and, if the people organize to protect themselves, his appointees intimate that they must be disarmed and put down; hence, whether allowed to vote or not, there is no opportunity for the people of the Territory to rule under the present Territorial Government. Indeed, *the laws are so made and construed that the citizens of a neighboring State are legal voters in Kansas*, and of course no United States force can be brought against them. They are by law entitled to invade us and control our elections.

The opinions of Messrs. Cass, Douglas, Hunt of Iowa, and the President, are quoted, to show, upon the highest Democratic authority in the country, that the people of Kansas have a right to demand the removal of the present Territorial Government, and that they be admitted into the Union as an equal and independent State. The Governor says:

According to the Organic act the people have a right to elect a Legislature, and that Legislature has a right to make laws, establish Courts, and do everything but choose their Executive and Supreme Judicial officers. If they have the right to do the one, they undoubtedly should have the right to do the other. The principle of Squatter Sovereignty, upon which this act is said to be based, knows no distinction between the power to legislate and the power to adjudicate or execute. If the right of one department of Government is inherent in the people, so is the other.

WHAT THE GOVERNOR SAYS OF THE PRESIDENT'S SPECIAL MESSAGE.

The President's Special Message on Kansas affairs is then taken up:

This Message, as it refers exclusively to Kansas, should receive some attention from the General Assembly. Kansas, the "Squatter Sovereignty" man, cannot fail to be somewhat surprised at its purport. It is somewhat belligerent in its tone, threatening to bring against the people of Kansas the army and navy of the United States, and should this force be inadequate to the task, the militia of the several States is to be brought into requisition to compel the people to submit to what they do not recognize as laws, and to laws, according to his own showing, the people of Missouri, with the aid of the Executive which he appointed, have enacted. But it is hoped that *by the time his forces are raised and marched into the Territory he will find, like his Excellency Governor Shannon, that the people are not so deserving of annihilation as he had supposed.*

THE BOGUS LEGISLATURE.

The President gives the details of the invasions of Kansas and the Governor's connection therewith, and does not deny that the so called Territorial Legislature was elected by the people of Missouri; but because the Governor, his appointee, chose to grant certificates of election to a majority of persons elected by the people of a neighboring State, therefore their laws are binding upon the people. To strengthen his argument, he might have accused the Governor of still further complicity with the invaders, and have said that although this Territory is hundreds of miles in extent, and the people were politically unorganized, yet he gave them but four days in which to contest the election, and would not extend the time one hour; for it is said that a protest arrived at 1 o'clock on the morning of the fifth day, which, had it been regarded, would have changed five seats in the Legislature; but it was too late by one hour and could not be received.

WHAT THE PRESIDENT REFUSED TO DO.

The argument of the President may be good against any objection to the acts of the Legislature on his part, as, in the first place, he refused to protect the ballot-box from fraud, and in the second place, so far as lay in his power, his appointee legalized it; but is it good against the people?

The organic act provides for a Legislature, to be elected from and by the voters; and a voter is to be "an actual resident of said Territory;" and if any other set of men, either with or without the sanction of the Executive, claim to be the Legislature, are the people bound to regard them as such? Also, this act says: "It is the true intent and meaning of this act to leave the people of the Territory perfectly free to form and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United States;" not subject to the people of Missouri, or the Executive, or both of them together. How can the true intent of this law be carried out by a Legislature elected as was that on the 30th March last?

A SHARP PASSAGE.

Yet that Legislature, elected from and by the people of a neighboring State, have assumed to pass laws for the people of Kansas, and also to "legislate Slavery into the Territory," which Congress itself professed not to have the right to do, and these are the so-called laws that the President says must be enforced, even though it require all the army and navy of the United States and the militia of the several States. Undoubtedly *one-half of this force will be all sufficient to enable him to enforce any process, or to chop, shoot or hang all the inhabitants.* But all the armies and navies in the world could not make the people *believe he had a right to do it*, or that *the enactments of that border Legislature were binding upon the people of Kansas.* If Squatter Sovereignty means simply that Congress has no right to interfere with the affairs of a Territory, but that the Executive and the people of another State have, then most certainly that doctrine will be very unpopular in Kansas.

A "REVOLUTIONARY" GOVERNMENT.

The President says "the constitutional means of relieving the people of unjust administration and laws by a change of public agents, and by repeal, are ample." This is usually the case, and ought always to be so, but the case of Kansas is an exception. The Administration of Kansas has its head at Washington, and we have not so much as a vote in favor of its continuance or removal, while the repeal of any laws, under present arrangements, by the people, is out of the question, as the Legislature has disfranchised a large majority of them. No man, in favor of a repeal of certain laws, can vote under our new order of things, and, consequently, no peaceable way of establishing a government of the people is left but to form a State Constitution and ask for admission into the Union. This has been done, but the President objects to our constitution, and calls the movement for a *State Government revolutionary*, and intimates that the forces of the Union must, if necessary, be brought against it, although he admits that it was not revolutionary for other Territories to do precisely what we have done, as California, Michigan and others. His reason is, that the Constitution of Kansas was formed by a *party* and not by the whole people. What are the facts?

[Here the Message enters into a history of the Constitutional movement in Kansas, giving names, dates and corroborative facts.]

ALL PARTIES COMBINED IN FORMING THE CONSTITUTION.

"Democrats, Hards and Softs, Whigs, Nationals and Liberals, Republicans, Free-Soilers and Anti-Slavery men, of all shades, participated in the formation of the State Government, and, if it be a party movement at all, it certainly cannot be a movement of one party alone. In a Republican Government, the majority has no right to compel the minority to vote on any question, neither has the minority a right to object to the action of the majority, because they do not choose to act with them."

[illegible]

In answer to the President's declaration the [illegible]

[illegible] the General Assembly to memorialize Congress upon this subject, as well as with reference to the admission of the State into the Union.

EMIGRANT AID ASSOCIATIONS.

Emigrant Aid Associations are nothing new in the United States. [illegible]

Had the President visited Western Missouri before any Aid Society had been formed at the East, he might have found a secret, oath-bound [illegible] pledged to make of Kansas a Slave State, peaceably if they could, forcibly if they must. This Society has been in active operation since its inception, and now threatens to deluge Kansas with the blood of American citizens, for the crime of preferring a Free to a Slave State.

Emigrants will be received with a hearty welcome, and the investment of capital is greatly needed. [illegible] be memorialized upon this subject.

CONDUCT OF FEDERAL OFFICERS.

It is unjust to any community to send among them officers with government patronage, whose political sentiments are opposed to the sentiments of the people, [illegible] crushing out all who differ from them. Several Federal Officers of Kansas are charged with undignified conduct, and one of them, at least, with high crimes, and it is the duty of the Legislature to memorialize the President, [illegible] from unwarrantable interference of officials in the management of their internal affairs. [illegible]

[illegible]

Topeka, March 6, 1856.

[illegible]

Special Correspondence of the N. Y. Daily Times.

[illegible]

Another remarkable act of the Committee [illegible] Brown, Editor of the Herald of Freedom, [illegible] and the substitution of a more pliable man in his stead.

These facts are known; and still such is the successful demagogism of Lane, that I should not be surprised if he succeeded in showing [illegible] election to the United States Senate. He is making a desperate effort to kill Gov. Robinson.

Some excitement was caused this morning by the arrival of John Hutchinson, Esq., from the East, with news that the Administration had determined to "crush out" the Free-State movement; that Shannon had returned empowered, and intending to arrest all the Legislators and State officers for treason. But the news only turned the current of our men; and it was unanimously resolved to go firmly and quietly on, offering no resistance to the United States officers, and submitting to be [illegible] from the "Border Ruffians."

I do not think the Session will be prolonged. If the General Assembly should not be interfered with, I think that they will adjourn in a few days, for the purpose of doing their Spring work, and giving Congress the necessary time to consider our application for admission.

Among other provocations of the Executive Committee, in their delay to make their [illegible] report, they say that they have sent on the application to Congress, while it is well [illegible] have not.

The weather is still cold but pleasant.

[illegible]

The Shawnee Reserve—[illegible]

Special Correspondence of the N. Y. Daily Times.

Shawnee Reserve, K. T., March [illegible]

The Shawnee Reserve, from [illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible] worthy to be led by such [illegible] in their last [illegible] dominion. [illegible] and are [illegible] there is not a [illegible] The change has [illegible] of the views of civilization [illegible] They have [illegible] most part turned farmers, and [illegible] the spirit of Anglo-Saxon energy [illegible] they are generally provident, and many [illegible] The Government [illegible] in an executive first Chief, [illegible] second Chief, and a [illegible] Council of eight, all elected by the Nation [illegible] the two branches also constitute the Court by which all causes between themselves and [illegible] them and the whites are heard and determined. A treaty was concluded between them and the United States about two years since, in accordance with whose provisions each individual receives [illegible] acres of land, and an annuity of $100, [illegible] to be divided equally among the Nation for [illegible] while all the lands thus left unappropriated [illegible] to the United States, to be settled on [illegible] other public lands. They will [illegible] some 800,000 acres, and include some of [illegible] portions of the Territory, and will produce in abundance every kind of grain.

Their simple and inexpensive Government fully answers every purpose; but even there among the [illegible] the great question of the day has found a [illegible] and enlisted eager partisans on both sides. At present the Pro-Slavery Party, headed by the [illegible] who is by birth a Missourian, possesses the [illegible] but the Free-Soilers are active, united, and steadily increasing in number. None of the native Shawnees own slaves. Uncle Sam's [illegible] with them seem to have been conducted in a very unsatisfactory manner. President PIERCE is [illegible] he is irreverently called a "mean man," the elegant Shawnee for corrupt demagogue. The annuity has heretofore been paid [illegible] every year till the last one, when some [illegible] paid in November, leaving the balance [illegible] be distributed this Spring.

[illegible] Wyandotts, Pottawatamies and [illegible] have been served in the same way. The [illegible] reason for this proceeding is, that [illegible] the Indians are thereby prevented from [illegible] at once, upon drink and other luxuries, [illegible] for their support for the whole [illegible] Government thus acting as a sort of [illegible] Now, there is no doubt as to the [illegible] to the Indians, since their sprees are prolonged through four or five months, instead [illegible] but as the full amount of the annuity becomes payable at one time, the question [illegible] to the knowing ones is, whether this [illegible] on the part of President PIERCE [illegible] is dictated by a [illegible] for the interests of the Indians, [illegible] for six months on some [illegible] withheld. Perhaps your [illegible] Washington correspondent can [illegible] A delegation is about to proceed to [illegible] Gov. SHANNON [illegible] day before yesterday on his way to [illegible] the rebellious Legislature to account. [illegible] he gets there he will find the birds [illegible] to Lawrence. Then look out for the [illegible] of "Shannon, on Sharp's Rifles."

E. A.

ARMS FOR KANSAS ARRESTED.

[illegible]

[illegible] Lexington [illegible] March 6.

The good steamer *Arabia* arrived at our wharf about sunrise this morning. Immediately on landing [illegible] up town to inform our citizens that a person from Massachusetts was [illegible] having in his possession one hundred [illegible] destined for service in [illegible] forward by the Massachusetts Aid [illegible] This information brought together many [illegible] respectable and reliable citizens, when [illegible] was had by them with Mr. "STARR," [illegible] of inducing him to leave the "dangerous weapons with our citizens for safe-keeping [illegible] and delivered the "goods" up [illegible] Gov. SHANNON, or his [illegible] although the [illegible] was decided, no [illegible] violence.

[illegible] were boxed up and marked "Carpenter's [illegible] that they were on board was [illegible] from a letter, of which [illegible] a copy dropped by Mr. S. in the [illegible] picked up by a boy and handed to Capt. [illegible] where it was read aloud in the Social Hall [illegible] and officers were highly incensed, at [illegible] but no indignity was offered to the [illegible]

[illegible] to Mr. F. [illegible] copy of the letter [illegible] which we tender our thanks. The letter is as follows:

[illegible] RIVER, 40 MILES ABOVE ST. LOUIS, [illegible] Morning, March 7, 1856.

[illegible] cold and disagreeable, but fair on [illegible] *Arabia* making about four miles an hour [illegible] "Border Ruffians." My party [illegible] including self. The devils do not suspect [illegible] talk and [illegible] the Emigrant Aid Society. My goods [illegible] that they will not be likely to excite any [illegible]

[illegible] at Kansas City or at Leavenworth [illegible] night, and then be within thirty miles of Lawrence. I am perfectly well and confident [illegible] of money in my pocket. Can't learn [illegible] Kansas. The [illegible] above the Missouri is still closed with smooth, solid ice, and it is a very [illegible] circumstance that the Missouri has suddenly [illegible] opened, as the River is in excellent condition, and although we are the first boat up, others are on the way behind us, and Kansas is in direct communication [illegible] with the Free States, while the weather is [illegible] Border Devils to move house on a marauding expedition. I see again the sudden breaking up of the [illegible] exceedingly favorable to the *Free State* cause. [illegible] Topeka [illegible] but what they did we may not know [illegible] is rather probable that they adjourned [illegible] but they may have continued in session [illegible] probable that [illegible] to St. Louis soon, for another load of goods [illegible] Write me, in care of F. A. HUNT & Co., City Buildings [illegible] and who was elected [illegible] Mr. WAKEFIELD [illegible] all interesting people. (GLAZIER was [illegible])

WYART.

[illegible] "Tools" are now safely stored in this city.

Great credit justly attaches to Capt. SHAW and his [illegible] for the just and manly course pursued by them in this affair. Three cheers were given the [illegible]

[illegible] Committee be appointed by our citizens, at a meeting to be held at the Court-house [illegible] (Monday) morning, at 10 o'clock, whose [illegible] *to examine for, and intercept, all* [illegible]

IMPORTANT DIVORCE CASE.

Rev. Richard Cox vs. Ellen C. Cox.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Hon. Chief Justice Oakley.

WEDNESDAY, March 19, 1856.

The case of Cox *vs.* Cox was resumed to-day, at a few minutes past 11 o'clock A. M. The plaintiff occupied his customary place beside his legal representatives. The defendant was seated in the immediate vicinity of her counsel, and demeaned herself with remarkable composure.

The Court-room was densely thronged at the hour [illegible] a clamorous crowd vainly besieged [illegible] ingress to those whose duty required their presence in Court extremely difficult.

[illegible] SIDE-LOOKS, ETC.

[illegible] offered in evidence the deposition of Mrs. Maxwell, taken last night before Judge Woodruff, by whom it was certified. Her testimony was [illegible]

By the Plaintiff's Counsel—What is your age and residence? A.—[illegible] in West Thirty-second [illegible] City of New-York; my age is 23 years.

[illegible] in this action? A.—I do.

[illegible] A.—I have [illegible] defendant [illegible] in 1851.

Q.—Are you a communicant in Zion Church? Q.—I am [illegible]

[illegible]

had on a brown linen hat, and a shawl, or a [illegible] and gaiters, which she had worn at church.

[illegible] subscribed and duly affirmed, this 19th day [illegible] before me. [illegible]

J. [illegible] Justice Superior Court.

DR. COX [illegible] CALLED TO THE STAND [illegible]

[illegible] put on the stand and examined by Mr. Schaffer.

Q.—Where do you reside? A.—No. 465 Sixth-avenue.

Q.—What is your business? A.—House-painting.

Q.—Are you related to the plaintiff? A.—Dr. Cox's mother and my mother were the same; my father was Dr. Cox's [illegible]

Q.—Do you remember his being sick in 1853? A.—I remember that he was sick in 1853; cannot state the time positively; think it was in the early part of the year; can only say it was about the Spring.

Q.—Where was the Doctor then living? A.—In Thirtieth-street, about 300 feet east of Fifth-avenue.

Q.—In what family? A.—I think Steele was the name of the family.

Mr. Gerard—When was this?

Witness—In 1853.

Mr. Gerard—The proof is that he lived in Thirty-sixth street then.

Mr. Schaffer—You are all wrong. (To the witness.)—State whether you went to see him, and, if so, what occurred.

Witness—I visited the house and was denied the privilege of seeing him by Mrs. Cox, who was on the second-story landing; she sent a gentleman down to me who represented himself as the family physician; I have since become acquainted with Dr. Stewart, who was the family physician, and am convinced that the person I met on that occasion was not Dr. Stewart; I was rather surprised that Mrs. Cox should treat me in the manner she did on that occasion; whenever she met me before she was always agreeable with me; but she seemed determined on that occasion that I should not see the Doctor, although he was represented as seriously ill and very low.

Q.—When you went into the house whom did you first see? A.—The servant girl—I presume she was the servant girl—at the door; I next saw Mrs. Cox at the head of the stairs; I had no conversation with her whatever after I saw this man in the parlor; I heard her telling the man coming down stairs to say that the Doctor was in such a state of health that he could not be seen.

Q.—Where did Mrs. Cox stand? A.—She stood about the centre of the house, then at the top of the first flight of stairs; from the sound of the footsteps I should judge that the man came from the front part of the house, second story; I heard his footsteps distinctly and heard her speak to him.

Counsel—Describe the appearance of that man. *Witness*—He was rather a tall, slim built man, with bushy whiskers, and light complexion.

Q.—Have you ever seen him since? A.—Never seen him since.

Q.—Do you know did the Dr. occupy the whole of that second floor? A.—No, he did not occupy the whole of it, front and rear; I don't think I called on him after that time; I subsequently became acquainted with Dr. Stewart, the family physician; the gentleman who spoke to me represented himself as the family physician; he said he had been attending Dr. Cox and had just left him; this man, I should say, was between thirty and thirty-five years of age.

Mr. Schaffer—That is all.

Mr. Gerard—I don't want to ask him anything.

Witness withdrew.

EVIDENCE OF DR. STEWART.

Dr. James Stewart, being examined, said: I reside in No. 91 Twenty-eighth-street; am a physician and surgeon; attended the plaintiff during his sickness when he was in Mrs. Steele's, which is either in Thirtieth or Thirty-first-street, two doors from Fifth-avenue; believe I have been the plaintiff's only physician; have no recollection of ever seeing Mr. McCormick till subsequent to that time; I was introduced to him by the sexton of the new Church; I think the plaintiff was in the middle room or the second floor when I visited him; I never knew of his having any other physician.

Cross-examined by Mr. Gerard—They boarded, I believe, at Mr. Steele's; he was so sick that excitement would hurt him; in fact it was excitement that ailed him; I told Mrs. Cox not to let any one see him if possible.

Mr. Gerard—That is sufficient.

Captain Dilks was called but did not answer.

Augustus Goodrich also failed to present himself.

MR. AYRES PRESENTS HIMSELF UNDER A NEW ASPECT.

Mr. Byrne, defendant's attorney, here got up, walked up to Ayres, the witness examined on the previous day, and who had divested himself of his moustache in the meantime, returned to his seat in quite a hurried manner, and assured Mr. Gerard that it was the individual, Ayres, himself, and nobody else.

"What's that?" asked Mr. Stoughton.

"That's Ayres," said Mr. Byrne.

"That is not he, surely," exclaimed Mr. Gerard.

"It is Ayres, and no mistake," reaffirmed Mr. Byrne.

"Well, gentlemen," said Mr. Stoughton, "you need not make theatricals about it."

"Really," said Mr. Gerard again, "I can hardly believe it."

Dr. Stewart, recalled.

Mr. Schaffer—(After Dr. Stewart had again taken the stand)—What was the occasion of the Doctor's excitement?

Mr. Gerard objected.

Mr. Stoughton—You opened it.

The Court—Is it material to inquire into the nature of the plaintiff's disease?

Mr. Schaffer—Yes, sir; the defence have introduced it.

The Court—The Doctor answered it.

Mr. Gerard—I did not ask him about it.

The Court—You cannot enter into that inquiry.

TESTIMONY OF CAPTAIN DILKS.

Geo. W. Dilks, sworn and examined by Mr. Schaffer—I am Captain of Police for the Fifteenth Ward; have been Captain for three years.

[illegible]

Q.—Do you know the defendant? A.—I don't know the lady's face; I would like her to stand up; (defendant stood up;) I can't say that I ever saw her before.

Mr. Schaffer—That is all.

Mr. Gerard—I don't wish to ask him anything.

Mr. Schaffer—We rest our case.

THE DEFENCE.

Mr. Gerard rose and said: May it please the Court; Gentlemen of the Jury: Three days since, a battery was opened upon the lady who sits at my right hand by skillful and adroit counsel, in which, for the space of an hour, upon an allegation of matters that took place from the year 1851 to the year 1855, I never in the whole course of my life heard such a tirade of abuse heaped upon an individual, on transactions of which the plaintiff and his counsel knew the Court would not allow them to give one particle of evidence.

I bore it with patience. I knew that my day would come; and when it did come, if I did not carry the war into Africa, I would go a little near it. The gentleman thought proper to trace that lady, as he wanted to do, from her cradle to this hour, upon matters of which he never apprised us, in any manner or shape, either by his complaint or by his evidence; and while she was upon her bed of sickness, absent from Court, they tried to spring a trap upon her suddenly, upon matters that she never thought of, knowing well that in the hurry and confusion of a trial no woman—no man—could come prepared to give her history from her cradle up to the present time; when she is in Court. I can only say that the Court, the very first moment they had an opportunity of expressing themselves upon the subject, rebuked the counsel for opening upon matters which were not properly before the Jury, and never should have been argued here, because no evidence could be given by them to prove them, not by us to disprove them. They talked about Mr. Abraham Van Wyck, and said that he and my client had lived together as man and wife before the priest was called in. Heavens and earth! they roll her back almost the fifth part of a century before the time of which they speak in their complaint. What bearing, under heaven, has the question, whether he kept his marriage secret, or proclaimed it to the world by sound of trumpet, upon these issues in 1855 for adultery committed against this plaintiff's marital rights. For what purpose were those offers made but to prejudice you so that she might not have a fair trial. For what purpose were they made but to create an atmosphere against her in which, for matters properly cognizable by you, you might prejudge her case by what is alleged to have taken place some thirty or forty years ago. But that will recoil upon themselves or I don't know my name.

As Jurors they were impanneled and sworn, the counsel went on to say, to try the issue whether this woman committed adultery between 1851 and 1855. But he would forbear; he would not carry the war into Africa; he would not rip up the reverend plaintiff's life, nor did he (counsel) care what it was before his courtship of that lady, whether it was good, bad, or indifferent. Yet, perhaps if he were tried in the fire he might be singed. [Laughter.] They talked of her name. Perhaps he might show that he (the plaintiff) had more than one name. There were other matters, but he would draw a curtain over them. He would try this reverend plaintiff fairly, and he (the plaintiff) would have enough to do to stand the legitimate trial he (counsel) would give him before this case was over.

Who was this lady? They perceived her appearance and her age. *She was older than nine-twelfths or ten-twelfths* of this Jury. And she stood arraigned before them by her husband, who, at the altar of his God, took her for better or for worse. He it was who arraigned her, and he charged them (the Jury) that he, a man of experience in the world, a man of middle age, was entrapped and surprised into a marriage by a notorious strumpet; that he, whose business was to study human nature, and to analyze the human heart—who was about taking a step the most important to himself and to his congregation, and who was to introduce to them a lady who should come to the altar and be a partner with him in his devotions there—had been deceived into a marriage with a heartless prostitute. Their extraordinary theory was that this man, bred in New-York, living in New-York, knowing everybody, as it were, and known by everybody, was, on the 14th May, 1851, entrapped by a strumpet into a marriage merely to cover her iniquitous life.

HISTORY OF MRS. VAN WYCK.

Mr. Abraham Van Wyck, whom they had said she married, was one of our oldest and most respectable Dutch merchants in the City of New-York. Her marriage certificate, which he (counsel) held in his hand, certified that Spencer H. Cone, a most estimable Baptist clergyman, lately deceased, in the presence of God and man married Ellen C. Fletcher, not Catharine Fletcher, on the 26th November, 1835, to Mr. Abraham H. Van Wyck. Mr. Van Wyck died in June, 1849, and in his will called upon posterity to signify that to his beloved wife Ellen he gave all his worldly estate. He died in No. 32 Lexington-avenue, having a well-furnished house from top to bottom. And to testify his love and respect for his wife, he had, so far back as the year 1841, made her his sole legatee and sole executrix, and gave her all he could bestow on this border of the grave; and from that time, till he died, that will was never changed nor altered. She found

IN THE DESOLATE CONDITION SHE ADVERTISES.

herself in a large house, and without children. In October, 1850, she advertised in the public papers to take one or two private families to board. And now the curtain opens upon the reverend plaintiff's appearance on the stage. He called upon her in answer to the advertisement, applied for board for himself and his two children—a boy and a girl, one about eleven and the other about thirteen years of age, I believe. Before she would take him as a boarder, she inquired into his character. She called upon those whom she knew, and the result was she declined [illegible]

[illegible] There was something said about his temper, from which she inferred that it would not be agreeable to her, and he (counsel) could only say that Rev. Dr. Cox was not allowed to take up his residence in her house as a boarder. [illegible] was the man who now brought this suit for divorce on a suit which he (counsel) declared to be a base conspiracy founded on perjury, and he openly charged it [illegible] plaintiff here, upon his (counsel's) [illegible] to which he believed for many years—he flung back upon the other side a base conspiracy of which the plaintiff was the head and front, supported by perjury, to degrade, vilify and crush a woman whom he had sworn to love and cherish [illegible] A bold issue! He

[illegible] had listened to [illegible] and when they were [illegible] passed them by without [illegible] And [illegible] to tell them (the Jury) [illegible] would prove it [illegible] fixed on the [illegible] was not a [illegible] street [illegible] could exhibit [illegible] conspiracy founded on perjury.

He, himself, (counsel,) was an Episcopalian. He had been asked by [illegible] to undertake the defence of this woman, and he declined at first. He refused to undertake it until he was convinced that every charge against her was a damnable lie. That reverend man took care to poison the minds of his friends and of the whole neighborhood against her. He (counsel) was prejudiced himself against her, from what he had heard, coming directly through the plaintiff's lips. He was called on again about two months ago, after they had examined two infamous witnesses—two fellows who, by their own confession, had gone from this country, God be praised, to another—filibusters, rovers and pirates. The reverend plaintiff gave one of them $50 for his evidence—three times what Judas asked to betray his Lord and master. These infamous wretches pocketed their wages, and, in spite of John McKeon, the District Attorney, had become pirates, thieves and rovers. These were the allies by whose aid the plaintiff had sought to cut off that isolated woman, for she had few if any male relatives alive.

HER PROPERTY.

This lady's husband left her three pieces of property. He left her the furniture of a house worth some $2,500; he left her some lots in what is called the Cypress Hills Cemetery, on Long Island, of which he was the founder, and lots in Van Wyck-avenue. He left her also six brick houses in Brooklyn, worth about $20,000, under a mortgage of about $12,000. He left her an income of about $1,200 a year, besides her furniture. It would therefore be perceived that she had business to attend to, and she was a business woman.

SHE IS ACCOSTED ONE DAY DOWN TOWN.

She had occasion to go down town to the office of the Cypress Hills Cemetery. To her surprise, one day, she was accosted by a gentleman, who called her Mrs. Van Wyck, approached her, and bid her "good morning." She looked at him, and did not remember his face. He then stated that he was the gentleman who had applied for board in the month of October, and she had not taken him. To avoid him she made an excuse and went another way. Afterwards, to her astonishment, she saw him again in Wall-street, where she had business, and, perhaps he too, for counsel believed he dabbles in stocks there, serving God and mammon at the same time. [Laughter.] He approached her again, and he asked if he might be permitted to walk home with her. He said he was the Rev. Mr. Cox. Although she had to a certain extent a prejudice against him, she allowed him to walk home with her. He then called and visited her. She received him. He gradually ingratiated himself into her favor. He is a man of talents beyond question—a good poet, and writes a very good prose letter. Enough to say that in the year 1850, although there was a lurking prejudice in this woman's mind against him, and she had sought to keep him off for a long time, she made up her mind. She was sensible that time had thought proper to sprinkle a few gray hairs over her head—and, he has since sadly increased their number. She, therefore, had an apprehension that he could not feel in his heart the love he professed. He spoke of his attachment in language that would have become a Romeo. He called her, as it were, his Juliet. [Laughter.] He quoted Shakespeare. What! To a woman like this, all the time from 1840 to 1851? Was not that time enough to detect the strumpet? From October, 1850 to 1851, he besieged that woman to take him, for better, for worse, and he had turned out to be a great deal worse than she expected him to be. [Laughter.] Finally, the man was so importunate—he pressed his suit so hard, she being a lone woman—she told him the weeds in memory of her dead husband were still on her back—that she told him her intentions. Now that man aged 45 or 47 had his eye-teeth cut to all the doings of the world. No doubt before he applied to board with her he had inquired well after her character, and before he would offer to make her his wife, had taken the precaution of ascertaining from the society in which she moved what she was! And yet they would tell them, (the Jury,) that without knowing all this time that she was a common prostitute, that reverend man by day and by night was pressing his suit on her with an assiduity at which they would be surprised, when he (counsel) came to show it to them. He spent with her all the time he could spare from his church; and during the time that they said she was whoring, he was wooing her and beseeching her to take him for her husband. She finally consented, and was engaged to him, in the latter part of the year 1850, the "widow's weeds" still partly on. This street-walker who, according to their theory, must be a prostitute for lust, would not take that vigorous man to her arms until he had sued her one year to do so! And yet they said that for her whole life she had been a strumpet, rushing into the arms of any man who would take her.

LOVE LETTERS.

In 1850, being then engaged, there commenced a correspondence between these parties, and he (counsel) had 41 witnesses under that man's own hand—witnesses who could not lie—who could not commit perjury—who could not be bribed. He had 41 witnesses in Court under that man own signature to testify that all that he [illegible] his counsel to tell them (the Jury) was a damnable lie. After he had inquired as to her character—as it would be shown—after he had ransacked the City to know who the widow Van Wyck was, he told her that for her piety, for her worth, for her character, he put himself at her feet and begged her for God's sake to take him as her husband. What did he find that woman whom he was now attempting to crush? A communicant at the Church of Dr. Hawks—a Church of respectability—a Church of standing, where they did not take *strumpets in, where they did not receive whores* at the communion-table—where the emblems of the crucifixion of our Saviour were only dispensed to *people worthy of them*; women who frequented houses of ill-fame not being there. She was one of Dr. Southard's [illegible] communicants, and he (counsel) could only say that for ten long years he himself had seen that lady there, and the Judge and all the people knew her as a respectable woman worthy of partaking of the holy [illegible] where Rev. Dr. Cox found her, not in [illegible] not in Mercer-street, not in Houston-street, but he found her worshipping the God whom he was worshipping and serving.

THE KEY TO THE WHOLE MATTER.

In regard to this suit he (counsel) would give them the key to the whole matter. The reverend plaintiff thought the widow Van Wyck was a richer woman than she turned out to be. Then began the difficulty between them. It seemed that this lady would not have him until she would inquire about his character, and, to her surprise, she found that the rumors she had heard before had a little more circulation than she knew, and found that they were prejudicial to his character. Then came the correspondence, in which she stated what she had heard. He defended himself letter after letter against those charges.

Mr. Gerard was proceeding to read from the letters, but Counsel for the plaintiff objected, and

The Court ruled that he could only state what he offered to prove.

Mr. Gerard continued. He would show the Jury then, that he (the plaintiff) inquired into her character in every shape and manner, that he had the strongest conviction of her worth, and was so thoroughly and well satisfied of it that he begged her to have him; that he commended her qualities, that he inquired into them and found that she was what she professed to be, and he expressed his delight at that. And so far was she from hastening the marriage, that on the day fixed for the wedding, although dressed for the ceremony, she put it off for a week or ten days, saying that she had business to transact which she wished to have settled before the marriage.

THE MARRIAGE.

He was then dismissed, and in a fortnight after, on the 14th May, by the Rev. F. L. Hawks, Mrs. E. C. Van Wyck, widow, was married to Rev. R. Cox. They were now one in the eyes of both God and man, and their union would be dissolved for but one cause; and that cause was adultery, proved to their (the jurors) satisfaction. She then took him and his two children to her house; she placed all her income at his disposal; she sold some of her lots and gave the proceeds to him; and did all she could to make herself agreeable to him.

THE REV. BRIDEGROOM FINDS OUT THAT HER PROPERTY WAS NOT ALL HIS FANCY PAINTED IT, AND WHAT FOLLOWS THE DISCOVERY.

But when he came to inquire what her property was, then he expressed to her his disappointment, that she had not so much as he expected she had. Then came souring of temper; then came insults to that woman. He accused her of telling him that she had more property than she really had. Instead of finding her the rich widow Van Wyck, he found that she was but the possessor of the very moderate income of $1,200 per year. He then began to say, "Madam, what property you have I want you to make your will and leave to me." But only make her will? She had no idea of dying. She was a bride; her life was open before her. Almost one of the first things that this plaintiff wanted of her was, "Madam, I want you to make your will, whereby you will leave me your property;" and the will was drawn up by Smith Barker, one of his own vestrymen. He next wanted to buy a house and she helped him to buy it, he taking the deed in his own name. They bought that house, No. 69 Thirty-sixth-street, and went to it in 1851. *But this man continued to annoy this lady in every possible* shape and way. He was an excitable man, as they (the Jury) saw, but that did not excuse his temper and the insults and the injuries that that woman suffered at his hands. The insults she sustained in her private chamber were such as would make the blood of a man curdle to hear. And so far were they carried that, in the open street, when walking with him at night, she was not safe from his violence, and was on one occasion compelled to seek refuge in a house. So vindictive were his feelings towards her that he collected women around her by dozens—not her friends, but widows and old maids who were peculiarly fitted for the task of tormenting her. He did not marry in the congregations—there were widows and old maids there, plenty of them—but it would not do. These women came into her very bedroom; the bolts that she put on would not keep them away. Their persecutions at length grew so intolerable that she said to him, "You must send your women away, or I will leave your house." That was the cause of a fierce contest between them, time and again. He would not send his women away. He (counsel) did not mean to say that there was anything criminal about them, but they were there to insult that lady in her own house and brought their old clothes with them, the best of which he (counsel) believed never went out of that house, for this defendant had to make up some of them for some of the family.

There was another bone of contention between these parties. She was a little disappointed with him. This Rev. plaintiff, in one of those years, '51 or '52, had a charge preferred against him of a very serious character, that made her feel that in marrying Dr. Cox she had been taken in. Dr. Cox was brought up before Judge Stuart, a police magistrate, on a charge of making an improper affidavit. The gentleman on his right, (Mr. Schaffer,) who had been so clamorously severe on the defendant, was as strenuously opposed to the man who is now his client, for a charge of perjury. She was mortified, she felt degraded. For six months the case went on before Judge Stuart. It stopped suddenly, and the gentleman who let out his bile and venom on this woman did not spare it on the Rev. plaintiff then. To crown all, the lady, seeing the multitude of female friends with whom the Rev. plaintiff was surrounded, became, as a woman naturally would, a little jealous. So to what lengths these females carried their impudence: when Mrs. Graff, the widow, called and was told she could not see Mrs. Cox, she insisted on seeing her—she went up stairs, and thrust herself into the privacy of this lady's bedroom, against her will and against her [illegible] would imagine all the rest. These [illegible] in her own house, and took possession of her very bedroom. They brought their old clothes there to sew, forsooth, and there was a good deal of [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

have served him right. [Laughter.] He told [illegible] I will crush you. I will put the mark of [illegible] you! I will write a book and publish it to the world, and expose you!"

[illegible]

In the month of December, [illegible] she went to Long Island. One of the remarks of the learned [illegible] was that she was [illegible] The [illegible] wards the plaintiff's children was to take this little girl with her to Long Island, and she spent fifty dollars in clothing her, and sent her back to Bishop Doane's boarding-school in New-Jersey. She determined never to cohabit with that man again. But he came after her to Long Island. He stayed there at nights, and as he (counsel) was informed he slept with her. If he was informed rightly, he (the plaintiff) was there on Thanksgiving Day, in November, 1852. But she would not go back with him. What then? They agreed upon articles of separation. These articles were dated Dec. 16, 1853. After that, he wrote a letter of repudiation, in order to make capital out of it on some subsequent occasion. She was rejoiced to get it; she gladly received it. As she had told him, (the counsel,) she felt like a criminal released from prison. She had escaped from the domestic tyranny of that Romeo who wrote such letters as would be produced. "Let him do all he can," she said; "let him keep the proceeds; all I want to do is to wash my hands of him." After that, in compliance with a stipulation in the articles, she renounced the name of Cox; if that was his name, she would not bear it any longer. She assumed her former name of Van Wyck, but in order to act to him as far as she could to supply the place of a wife in their altered relations, she washed his linen for him, even the very bands in which he preached. She took it away once with her own hands to Long Island. Then this plaintiff began a series of scandals and abuses against this lady. He poisoned the whole community against her. He pursued her to the very horns of the altar. There was not a man, woman, or child he had ever known whom he did not poison against her, down to the very servants. He pursued her like a fiend. He went to the Van Wyck family, and poisoned them against her. He stopped her servants in the street, and poisoned them against her. She came and boarded at the corner of St. Mark's-place and First-avenue, with Mrs. Taylor, an aged and respectable lady, from February to May, 1854, deporting herself as any lady would, and hoping that for a time she was freed from the insults of that man. Being an active woman, she took that house herself, and continued it as a boarding establishment, in order to make an honest livelihood—not a livelihood by her lust. Then commenced a series of annoyances such that he (counsel) only wondered, if she had a male relative living, why that man was not here to-day to tell the story. He kept watching her like a bloodhound by day and by night. He stopped her servants as they went out, and went into her house, and asked them how they could serve a prostitute? Then he began to set for money such wretches as would condescend to watch a woman, and none but a degraded wretch would receive pieces of silver for that act of treason against the sex. Anything that had the feeling of a man would refuse. And it must be a debased wretch indeed who would earn daily his three pieces of silver in gratifying in such a manner the vengeance of his employer. We lived in a large city, however, and there were such wretches to be found. She was dogged about from place to place by one police officer and another, and after watching her day by day, week by week and month by month, what did they find? Nothing. All the respectable part of these watchers found nothing. But what pitiful, skulking meanness did this plaintiff and his minions exhibit? They watched her. But the best of the joke was, she knew it. One fellow said he got thrashed. He said when the man was thrashing him behind he looked to see this lady encourage the aggressor by nodding at him. He (counsel) wished to heaven every bone in the scoundrel's body—every bone in his infamous carcase, had been broken. [Laughter.]

Their theory was that this woman walked into whorehouses in the open day, that she spent her time in fornicating, instead of attending to the business of her boarding-house. Did she look like a woman rankling with lust? If so, she was not lustful for money. If she was a lustful woman she had a lusty husband to gratify her. [Laughter.] And yet these discoveries of her pursuits were made at the time she had to take charge of her boarding-house!

Mr. Gerard proceeded to consider the character of the witnesses, and of the testimony on which the case against the defendant was based. As to Boone, he (counsel) held in his hand four indictments just found against him by the Grand Jury for forging land warrants. He had fled to escape punishment. Then there was Mr. Carhart, his associate. They knew what vampires were. Carhart told them that he did not watch women; he watched men. There were people who sometimes inveigled gentlemen, by means of false notes, into houses of bad repute, and then pounced upon them, extorted money from them by threats of exposure. He (Mr. Gerard) had heard of gentlemen being sent for by letter to go to houses of the character of which they knew nothing, and on entering the door the first thing they saw was women skipping toward them naked. [Laughter.] He (counsel) had heard that these vampires, after sending their notes, laying the trap, and succeeding in their design, would go to a highly respectable man, and say:

"Good morning, how do you do, Sir?"

"Quite well, thank you."

"You are Mr. Smith, I believe?"

"Yes, Sir."

"You visited such a house last night I believe I saw you there?"

"Yes, Sir."

"Will you be so obliging as to lend me $300." [Laughter.]

These were the vampires who watch men. "I don't watch women," he said. And yet he did watch a woman, and for that he got thrice the reward of Judas. Then, as to Mr. Ayres, with his shaven whiskers, he (counsel) would prove he was no saint. The Jury would remember that one of these three vagabonds had said that Porter had told him that this lady was known as old Kate Van Wyck, *the old Bruiser*.

Mr. Shaffer—The old cruiser.

Mr. Gerard continued: Well, the old cruiser. But suppose there was some member of a respectable family who had taken to a bad course of life and become notorious under that name: what would they think of the saddling of that nickname on this lady? If the gentleman wanted the biography of that person, they could find it in the extract from a newspaper which he would hand them.

[Mr. Gerard produced a paragraph from an Albany paper of a recent date, detailing some particulars of Kate Van Wyck, a woman of a good family, who had fallen from her virtue and married Livingston, the celebrated false pretence man.]

There was one other test which remained to him (counsel) to satisfy him of the truth or falsity of the charges made by Boone and Carhart against this lady. That test he determined to resort to. Boone in his testimony named three places where he said he had seen her; one at the corner of Houston and Mercer, the other at No. 224 Varick-street, concealing the name of the person in charge of it, and the other No. 88 Wooster-street. Carhart gave No. 66 Wooster-street, where this lady went in, opening the door and stopping there all night. He (counsel) resolved to take that lady face to face with the keepers of those houses, degrading though it might be, and ascertain from them whether they had ever seen her in their houses before. Mr. Byrne took her in a carriage. She had to submit to the indignity. If you upon her. In every case they disclaimed all knowledge of her, and declared they had never seen her before. The house No. 88 Wooster-street they found to be an organ factory, where tunes were played, but of a very different character from those with which this lady was charged with playing. [Laughter.] And the man said he had been there for seven or eight years, and that he never knew of its being a house of bad reputation. Carhart gave the name of Gallagher as the person stopping in No. 88 Wooster-street. They went after Mrs. Gallagher and found her at No. 117 Wooster-street, living right opposite to Mrs. Graff. Mrs. Gallagher disclaimed ever having seen the lady before. All these parties would be brought on the stand, and *would give the lie to all these things set up for the plaintiff, from beginning to end.*

Mr. Gerard proceeded to review the specific charges set forth in the complaint, and dwelt particularly on the allegation of adultery with Mr. Gilhooly, a most respectable citizen. This showed the damnable conspiracy with which the plaintiff had sought not only to *destroy that woman*, but to destroy the reputation of a most respectable gentleman. This gentleman had had business dealings with her. He was an iron merchant in Nassau-street, and was employed by her at an expense of several hundred dollars to put a railing round the grave of her dead husband in Trinity Cemetery. The complaint charged her with committing adultery on the grave of her dead husband. [Sensation.]

Mr. Schaffer denied that there was any such charge in the complaint.

Mr. Gerard said the complaint was that they went there together, took the servant girl there, whom they left aside, and there, before the ashes of the dead and the eyes of the living, that woman committed adultery with one of the most respectable men of the city. Counsel went on to animadvert upon the charges *seriatim*, particularly that of adultery with Captain Divver, who committed suicide, and sat down after declaring that the lady defied the plaintiff, his witnesses and their perjuries; that she had never once sought to have this matter investigated before a referee, and that she was prepared to prove her innocence.

The Court took a recess of ten minutes.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

When the Jury returned, Mr. Gerard called Michael J. Gilhooly, who was sworn.

TESTIMONY OF MICHAEL J. GILHOOLY.

Q.—How long have you resided here? A.—Since 1832.

Q.—How long have you known Mrs. Cox? A.—Since 1839 or 1840.

Q.—Where do you reside? A.—No. 77 Thirteenth-street.

Q.—Did you have any intercourse with this lady?

Mr. Schaffer objected. No evidence had been given implicating him.

Q.—Did she come to you on business after her marriage with Dr. Cox? A.—She did; the first time she came, was in relation to a note I held against Mr. Van Wyck.

Q.—Did she call on any other business? A.—In consequence of statements made to me by her, I put a railing around her husband's grave, and she called upon me about it.

Q.—Were you familiar with Mrs. Cox? A.—Not more than was consequent upon her calling upon me on business matters.

Q.—What year did you put the fence about her husband's grave? A.—In 1852.

Cross-examined by Mr. Stoughton—Q.—Did she call upon you frequently? A.—She did.

Q.—When did she call upon you first? A.—I think she called upon me first in 1851, in June; she called upon me often.

Q.—How often? A.—I should say as many as fifty times.

Q.—Was her husband with her when she visited you? A.—He was, sometimes, but she often came when her husband was not with her.

Q.—Were you ever in her house? A.—I was once in her house; it was after she kept the boarding-house in St. Mark's-place.

Q.—Did you visit her while in any other house? A.—I did not.

Q.—Where is your place of business? A.—No. 78 Nassau-street.

Q.—You say she called upon you frequently? A.—Yes; she has continued to call upon me at intervals, when her business required it.

Q.—Have you ever been in the street with her? A.—Never but once; that was in 1853, in the Summer of that year.

Q.—Do you recollect in what year Mr. Van Wyck died? A.—I think in 1849.

Q.—How many times did she call upon you before you put the railing around her first husband's grave? A.—Several times; I cannot say how often; she called the day after Dr. Cox had been with her, to excuse or explain his conduct.

Mr. Stoughton—Well, we don't care anything about her explanations.

Q.—Were her visits to you more frequent after her marriage with Dr. Cox? A.—They were.

Q.—Did Dr. Cox pay you money on her account? A.—He did pay me one-third of the debt, and have me his notes for the remainder, which he has paid.

TESTIMONY OF [illegible]

Samuel A. Door was sworn and testified as follows:

Q.—How long have you known Mrs. Cox? A.—I have known her for 16 years, ever since I was sexton of Calvary Church.

Q.—Were you present at the wedding? A.—I was.

Q.—Where was she married? A.—In Calvary Church; she was a communicant there.

Q.—At any time after she married Dr. Cox did she come to your house to seek protection [illegible]

Mr. Stoughton objected.

Q.—Did she sit at the communion at your [illegible]? A.—She did.

Q.—Do you know how the marriage was [illegible]?

[illegible] objection [illegible] on the ground that they [illegible]

Cross-examined by Mr. Stoughton—Q.—You say you have seen her at Church since her marriage? A.—Yes.

Q.—How soon after her marriage? A.—I can't say.

Q.—Nor how many times? A.—No.

Q.—Nor when? A.—No.

Q.—Nor the last time? A.—No.

Q.—You say she was a communicant. Do you recollect when you first noticed her partake as a communicant? A.—Four or five years ago.

Q.—Did you see her in Church before her marriage with Dr. Cox? A.—She attended prior to that. Mr. Van Wyck had a pew there.

Q.—You say he had a pew there. Perhaps you said that inconsiderately. Do you know that he had a pew there? A.—He had a pew there from the time I became sexton until he died.

Q.—The funeral of Mr. Van Wyck has been alluded to. Do you recollect when the expenses were paid? A.—Some of them were paid at the time and some after her marriage with Dr. Cox.

TESTIMONY OF THOMAS HALL.

Thomas Hall was next sworn. He testified as follows:

By Mr. Hall—What is your business? A.—I am an organ builder.

NO. 88 NOT A HOUSE OF ILL-FAME.

Q.—Where is your place of business? A.—Nos. 86 and 88 Wooster-street.

Q.—What were the numbers of your place? Were they not changed some ten or twelve years ago? A.—I have occupied them since 1848; the numbers were changed some three years after I went there.

Q.—Since the numbers were changed, what are they? A.—They were 84 and 86; they are now 86 and 88.

Q.—Have there been families residing in that building? A.—Not since I have been there.

Cross-examined by Mr. Stoughton—Q.—What is No. 90 used for? A.—I don't know.

Q.—Do you know that on the door of No. 90 there is the No. 88 almost obliterated? A.—I do not.

Q.—Do you know whether or not it has been a house of ill-fame for four or five years? A.—I do not.

Q.—Mr. Hall, what is your age? A.—I am in my sixty-third year.

TESTIMONY OF MARY GALLAGHER.

When this witness was called there was some commotion among the audience, caused by curiosity, no doubt, to see the lady who was said to be the keeper of one of the houses which Mrs. Cox was charged with having visited. She was sworn and testified as follows:

Q.—Where do you reside? A.—I reside in Wooster-street.

Q.—How long have you resided there? A.—I took possession in May, 1853.

SHE IS NOT IN NO. 88.

Q.—What is the number of your house? A.—I live in No. 117 Wooster-street.

Q.—Do you know where Mrs. Graff lives? A.—I do not.

Mr. Gerard—Please to look at that woman (Mrs. Cox) and say whether you ever saw her in your house? A.—Certainly not; I never saw her until about a month ago, when she came with her lawyer.

Cross-examined by Mr. Stoughton—Q.—You say you kept a house. What was it for? A.—For gentlemen boarders.

Q.—Were there any lady boarders? A.—No.

Q.—Did not ladies often call at your house? A.—I have known ladies to call—ladies whom I knew.

Q.—Did they call to see the gentlemen boarders? A.—Not to my knowledge; they came sometimes to see me.

Q.—Did the ladies ever go up stairs with the gentlemen boarders? A.—Not to my knowledge.

Q.—You say you keep gentlemen boarders; are they transient or permanent boarders? Do you rent them rooms *for a month or for a year? A.—I rent for a month*, or a week, or a day, or an hour, just as they desire. [Laughter.]

Q.—What kind of a house did you keep before you went to keeping gentlemen boarders in Wooster-street? A.—I had been gone for ten years before that.

Q.—Where had you been? A.—I had been in California, in Philadelphia, and in New-Orleans; I had been traveling about for pleasure, if you want to know.

MARY GALLAGHER VS. MR. STOUGHTON, ON EVIDENCE.

Q.—What kind of a house did you keep before you went to Wooster-street?

Mary Gallagher—You have nothing to do with that.

Mr. Stoughton—Why not?

Mary Gallagher—It is not material to this case; I am here to say whether I ever saw Mrs. Cox in my house in Wooster-street, and I am ready to answer as to that; you have no right to question me concerning what I did years before I kept that house.

Mr. Stoughton—Who told you that?

Mary Gallagher—I know it; it's common sense, and stands to reason; what possible bearing can my whereabouts *before* I went to Wooster-street, have upon the question whether I saw Mrs. Cox in my house *while* I lived in that street?

After the argument between Mr. Stoughton and Mary Gallagher had been concluded, the Judge agreed with Miss Gallagher, that she need not answer, and ruled out the question.

Q. by Mr. Stoughton: Did you ever see a gentleman and a lady enter your house and go up-stairs together? A.—Gentlemen and ladies may have gone up without my seeing them. I never saw that woman there. [Meaning Mrs. Cox.]

Q.—Did you keep gentlemen boarders when you first went to No. 117 Wooster-street? A.—I was alone the first three months.

Q.—Had you no servant? A.—I had a servant; you don't suppose I was there entirely alone.

Q.—Had you a servant during 1853? A.—I had.

Q.—Did you open the door when persons called, or did your servant perform that duty? A.—Sometimes she did, and sometimes I did.

Q.—How many rooms were there above the first floor? A.—There were five.

Q. by Mr. Gerard: Did you ever live in No. 88 Wooster-street? A.—I did not.

While the witness was descending from the stand, she said, in answer to a question from some person within the bar, "A Methodist clergyman boarded in my house during 1853."

Mr. Stoughton hoped that statement would not go out of Court until it was known to be true. A Methodist clergyman might have lived there innocently, not knowing the *character of the house, and he might also have left it* uncontaminated.

TESTIMONY OF MISS HARRIET CUSHING.

There was again considerable commotion in the audience when this woman was called to the stand. Many seemed to recognize her. She went to the stand and testified readily, and in modest tone and manner.

Harriet Cushing, being sworn, testified as follows:

Q.—Where do you reside? A.—I reside in No. 66 Wooster-street.

Q.—How long have you resided there? A.—Five years.

Mr. Gerard—Please look at that lady, (Mrs. Cox,) and say whether you ever saw her in your house? A.—She has never been in my house but once.

Q.—When was that? A.—About a month ago; she came with her daughter.

Cross-examined by Mr. Stoughton—Q.—You say you keep the house No. 66 Wooster street. Are you the proprietress of that house? A.—I am.

MANAGEMENT OF NO. 66.

Q.—Have you any girl boarders? A.—I have not. I have rooms for gentlemen.

Q.—How long have you kept that house? A.—Five years.

Q.—Who attends the door? A.—Sometimes I attend it, and sometimes my servant.

Q.—How many servants do you keep? A.—Two.

Q.—Do men and women go up to your rooms? A.—Sometimes men, and sometimes women, and sometimes both.

Q.—Do you know the names of any persons who have visited your rooms? A.—I never asked their names.

Q.—You do not make it your business to notice visitors, particularly, do you? A.—I notice them sufficiently to know them again, if I see them; I never saw the defendant in my house.

Q.—Can you name one who ever went into your house? A.—I cannot.

Q.—Is it usual for the ladies who visit your house to wear veils? A.—Sometimes they wear veils and sometimes they do not.

Q.—You are not in the habit of disclosing the names or descriptions of persons who visit your house, are you? A.—No, Sir.

TESTIMONY OF ELIZA [illegible]

The call for this lady did not create so great interest as the call for the others, although the sequel proved her to be equally entitled to it. She was sworn and testified as follows:

Q.—Where do you reside? A.—I reside in Houston-street, next door to the corner of Mercer.

Q.—Where did you reside two years ago? A.—I resided on the corner of Mercer.

Q.—Do you know Boone? A.—I do; he called at my house once.

Mr. Gerard—Please to look at that lady (pointing to Mrs. Cox) and say whether you ever saw her in your house? A.—I never saw her in my house but once, and that was about a month ago, when she came with her lawyer.

Q.—Is there a large hall to your house, and is it dark? A.—*The hall is long*, and consequently not very light.

Cross-examined by Mr. Stoughton—Q.—How long have you kept the house near the corner of Mercer-street, in Houston? A.—Two years.

Q.—How long did you keep the house on the corner? A.—Two years.

Q.—*Did you keep boarders, on the corner of Mercer* and Houston streets? A.—I did.

Q.—Were they female or male boarders? A.—Sometimes male, sometimes female, and sometimes both.

Q.—Were they transient or permanent? A.—Both.

Q.—Did gentlemen call to see the girls? A.—They called occasionally, and I presume some of them called to see the girls.

Q.—Do you attend the door of your house, when parties call? A.—Sometimes I attend, and sometimes my servant.

Q.—Did you know any of the gentlemen who called at your house? A.—I did.

Q.—Do you rent rooms to gentlemen? A.—I do not.

Q.—Had you any female friends who called to see you? A.—I had not.

TESTIMONY OF LILLA WISE.

This witness came to the stand very quietly, and did not at first attract so much attention as the others. She testified as follows:

Q.—Do you know Boone? A.—I do.

Q.—Is he near-sighted? A.—I have heard him say that he was near-sighted, but I know nothing of his sight other than from what he said.

Counsel objected to her giving what he said.

Q.—What do you know of his sight? A.—When he [illegible] he contracted his eyelids.

Q.—Where did you live in 1853? A.—At No. 224 Varick-street.

Mr. Gerard—Be kind enough to look at that lady (pointing to Mrs. Cox,) and tell me whether you ever saw her in that house? A.—I never saw her before yesterday.

Cross-examined by Mr. Stoughton—Q.—Where do you reside? A.—I reside at No. [illegible] Houston-street.

Q.—Whom do you live with? A.—I live with myself; I [illegible]

Q.—What kind of a house do you keep? A.—A boarding-house.

Q.—Were you well acquainted with Boone? A.—Not very; I saw him in Varick-street when I boarded there.

Q.—Were you there when Capt. Joe Divver committed suicide? A.—I was not in this City when he committed suicide.

Q.—Where were you [illegible] to this City? A.—I came from St. Louis County, Missouri, in 1852.

Q.—How long did you live there? A.—Not always.

TESTIMONY OF [illegible]

This [illegible] was sworn [illegible]

Q.—Do you know Mrs. Cox? A.—I do; I have had [illegible] business since her marriage.

Q.—What business [illegible] A.—I [illegible] of Wyckoff street, and two on Wyckoff-street in Brooklyn.

Q.—Is the property encumbered? A.—There is a mortgage of [illegible] on it [illegible]

[illegible]

Cross-examined by Mr. Stoughton—Q.—How long have you transacted business for her? A.—Since [illegible] 1853, continuously.

Q.—What do you do? A.—I rent houses, pay the expenses, and deliver the balance to her.

Q.—Did Dr. Cox ever interfere in her business? A.—He did not.

TESTIMONY OF JANE TAYLOR.

Q.—Where do you reside? A.—I reside in New-Jersey.

Q.—Are you a sister of Mr. Taylor, formerly a lawyer in this City? A.—I am.

Q.—How long have you known Mrs. Cox? A.—I have known her six years.

Q.—Did she call upon you often? A.—After she was married to Dr. Cox they made a wedding call and dined with my mother.

Q.—Did Dr. Cox have a conversation with you about Mrs. Cox?

Objected to.

The Court desired to know what he expected to prove.

Mr. Gerard expected to prove that Dr. Cox endeavored to witness that his wife's property was encumbered, and to show that he married her for her money.

Mr. Stoughton, while he denied the [illegible] that it was not material to know for what he married her.

The Court decided that the conversation might be given.

Q.—What took place in the conversation? A.—[illegible] the first call I had made after their marriage, he accompanied me to the cars; I had to go to the head of [illegible] street; it was four or five months after their marriage; he rode with me home; he complained on the way that he was not happy; that his wife was troubled about her property; he said he was disappointed and unhappy; that he had embarrassments that he was not aware of, and asked me how much she was worth; I did not know how much property she had, and could not tell him; he then asked me if I could get his wife to settle her business, and much more to the same effect, which I cannot now recollect.

Q.—Where did his wife go, after she left him? A.—After she left him she came to live at our house; we lived then at No. 85 St. Mark's place, and kept boarders.

Q.—When did she take the house? A.—In May, 1854, the house was transferred to her.

Q.—Did you ever go with her to church? A.—Yes; I went to church with her on the last Sunday in April, 1854; we went to St. Mark's Church; in November, 1854, we went to Dr. Hawk's new Church.

Q.—Did Mrs. Cox live with you again? A.—She spent the last Summer months with us in Bergen County, near Paterson, New-Jersey.

Q.—When did she leave? A.—She left last fall.

Q.—During the time she boarded with you, what was her deportment?

Objected to, and objection sustained.

Q.—In the Spring of 1855 was or was she not sick? A.—She was sick in February. I came on to New-York and found her with severe inflammation on the lungs; I was soon afterwards taken sick myself.

Q.—How long was she sick? A.—I think she was sick about two weeks; she came to me [illegible] enough to be out, and was taken sick again.

Q.—Is your mother unwell? A.—My mother is very sick and helpless; she cannot leave her bed; she is quite aged, but her mind is clear, and she will give her deposition if required.

Q.—Did you ever know Mrs. Cox to wear two veils? A.—I never knew her to wear two veils, except when the weather was very cold and windy. She never wore them except in the street.

Cross-examined by Mr. Stoughton—Q.—I want to get at the dates. You said, I think, that she came to your house on the 10th of February, 1854, and boarded until May, 1855, when she took the house herself and kept it until the following May? A.—Yes, as near as I think.

Q.—Are you positive she was sick in February? A.—I am positive she was sick on the 10th of February; she had been sick some days before I went there, and I was taken sick soon afterwards; she called upon me [illegible] a week after the 10th.

Q.—How do you know she was sick the second time? A.—She sent me a note to that effect.

Q.—What physician attended her? A.—[illegible] that she had a physician.

Q.—I understand you to say that Dr. Cox told you he was unhappy, because his wife was disturbed about her business? A.—He said he was unhappy, and I thought it was from sympathy.

Q.—Did he say she was irritated? A.—I don't remember that he did.

At this point the Court adjourned until this morning.

COURT CALENDAR—THURSDAY.

SUPREME COURT—*Special Term*.—Nos. 111, [illegible] 56, 60, 108, 169, 165, 263, [illegible] 222, 156.

SUPERIOR COURT—*General Term*.—Nos. 243, 255, [illegible] 246, 262, 264, 29, 267, 268 to 273.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Trial Term*.—Nos. [illegible]

Trial for Manslaughter.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.—MARCH TERM.

Another trial for manslaughter took place in this Court yesterday. On the 15th of February last, a man named McGrath, a member of [illegible] quarreled with a private watchman named [illegible] O'Connor. They had a tussle together, and McGrath shortly afterwards was found dead. The testimony of the Doctor who made the post-mortem examination having been read by the District-Attorney, the following evidence was taken. It will be seen that there was no cause for arresting the prisoner.

[illegible]

[illegible] Judge Beebe defended.

Another witness saw the parties fighting in the yard; saw McGrath go down into the basement; there was blood upon his face, and he died in the basement; did not see prisoner strike McGrath.

John [illegible] also saw the affray when the parties were separated McGrath went into the basement belonging to the last witness; prisoner followed, but witness did not see him strike deceased; he kicked at him, but did not touch him.

The Court said there was not sufficient testimony to justify a continuation of the case, and the Jury formally acquitted the prisoner.

LONG ISLAND.

Return of Engines.

Engines Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 7, which some time since were taken from the companies, (by order of Mayor HALL,) for disorderly conduct, are to be returned to the same companies again.

Mr. Auditor NORTHRUP, of Brooklyn, is after the deep divers into the Treasury with a sharp stick. He has recently been examining several bills of city officials, presented to him by virtue of his office, and finds that where one dollar is actually due five are charged, and still the bills are properly certified. This matter is to undergo an investigation before a Special Committee of the Common Council.

New-Granada Grants.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

Will you oblige many readers of the TIMES by inserting in the money article the [illegible] taken from the Treaty between the United States Government and the Government of New-Granada.

GENERAL [illegible]

EXTRACT FROM THE TREATY.

ARTICLE 35. The United States of America and the Republic of New-Granada, desiring to make as durable as possible the relations which are to be established between the two parties, by virtue of this treaty, have declared solemnly, and do agree to the following points:

1. For the better understanding of the preceding articles, it is and has been stipulated between the high contracting parties, that the citizens, vessels and merchandise of the United States shall enjoy in the ports of New-Granada, including those of the part of the Granadian territory generally denominated the Isthmus of Panama, from its southernmost extremity until the boundary of Costa Rica, all the exemptions, privileges and immunities concerning commerce and navigation, which are now, or may hereafter be enjoyed by Granadian citizens, their vessels and merchandise; and that this equality of favor shall be made to extend to the passengers, correspondence and merchandise of the United States in their transit across the said territory, from one sea to the other. The Government of New-Granada guarantees to the Government of the United States, that the right of way or transit across the Isthmus of Panama, upon any modes of communication that now exist, or that may be hereafter constructed, shall be open and free to the Government and citizens of the United States, and for the transportation of any articles of produce, manufactures or merchandise, of lawful commerce, belonging to the citizens of the United States; that no other tolls or charges shall be levied or collected upon the citizens of the United States, or their said merchandise thus passing over any road or canal that may be made by the Government of New-Granada, or by the authority of the same, than is, under like circumstances, levied upon and collected from the Granadian citizens; that any lawful produce, manufactures or merchandise, belonging to citizens of the United States, thus passing from one sea to the other, in either direction, for the purpose of exportation to any other foreign country, shall not be liable to any import duties whatever; or, having paid such duties, they shall be entitled to drawback upon their exportation; nor shall the citizens of the United States be liable to any duties, tolls or charges of any kind, to which native citizens are not subjected, for thus passing the said Isthmus. And, in order to secure to themselves the tranquil and constant enjoyment of these advantages, and as an especial compensation for the said advantages, and for the favors they have acquired by the 4th, 5th and 6th articles of this treaty, the United States guarantee, positively and efficaciously, to New-Granada, by the present stipulation, the perfect neutrality of the before-mentioned Isthmus, with the view that the free transit from the one to the other sea may not be interrupted or embarrassed in any future time, while this treaty exists; and, in consequence, the United States also guarantee, in the same manner, the rights of sovereignty and property which New-Granada has and possesses over the said territory.

COMMERCIAL.

New-York Daily Times Office, Wednesday, March 19, 1856.

Throughout the past week the weather has been [illegible] unfavorable for out-door business [illegible] this [illegible] very slightly affected trade, [illegible] a severe [illegible] brought Winter back again, to the [illegible] detriment of commercial interests, which are not likely to be soon released from the restrictive influences so long working against the natural progress of business, at this season of the year.

The details of the European news per Arabia, (referred to in our last Weekly Summary, as favoring Cotton and Provisions, while being decidedly adverse to Breadstuffs,) reached us on Friday last, and were considered even less encouragingly than the telegraphic summary that had been previously published. From the British and French markets the reports were of heavy supplies of Breadstuffs pressing for sale, while the prevailing demand was extremely limited, and prices were steadily declining. These accounts injuriously affected this branch of the Produce trade with us, inducing considerable eagerness among factors to sell, with a reluctance among buyers to purchase what they could avoid. The home demand diminished to correspond with only the immediate requirements of dealers, while shippers partially retired, as they could not afford to continue operations at current rates, and they did not feel disposed to speculate.

The receipts of Breadstuffs have not been very extensive, scarcely equalling the regular wants of the home trade; but the available supplies here have suffered no great diminution, and are fully adequate to meet a much livelier inquiry than that which has existed during the week. This circumstance has helped to lessen the confidence of factors, a confidence likewise disturbed by peace assurances from Europe, the prospect of a renewed intercourse with the leading grain depots on the Baltic and Black Seas, and the anticipation that our present supply of Breadstuffs, with what is to come forward coastwise and by railway, will prove sufficient to satisfy all the demands upon us for this species of produce, until internal navigation shall have been resumed, and the heavy surplus of Breadstuffs remaining in the country becomes available, when, it is now pretty generally calculated, we shall have more to sell than can be easily disposed of, unless at considerably lower prices than those now current.

The reported sales of Breadstuffs, for the last week, reach only about 25,600 barrels of Flour, 14,600 bushels of Wheat, 175,000 bushels of Corn, 1,600 bushels of Rye, and 5,900 bushels Barley; showing a decrease of about 15,950 barrels of Flour, 4,300 bushels of Wheat, 55,000 bushels of Corn, and 20,540 bushels of Rye, with an increase of only 1,000 bushels of Barley, as compared with the reported transactions of the preceding week, which amounted to about 41,450 barrels of Flour, 19,000 bushels of Wheat, 230,000 bushels of Corn, 22,000 bushels of Rye and 4,900 bushels of Barley. By reducing the Flour to Grain, at the usual rate of five bushels to the barrel, and adding the product to the amount of actual Grain, the reported sales of Breadstuffs during the week just closed are shown to be about [illegible] bushels less than those of the preceding week.

As compared with the prices of Breadstuffs a week ago, Flour closes 12½c.@37½c. ℔ barrel cheaper, with a strong desire to sell, especially very common qualities, at the reduced figures, while there prevails but a moderate home and an extremely limited export inquiry, chiefly for good ordinary and medium grades, though the better qualities attract some notice. Brands of an unknown or unreliable character are neglected, particularly by the shippers, whose latest English correspondence in referring to the supplies of American Flour offering in the leading British markets therefor, represent them as being composed in the main of inferior or unsound descriptions, while comprising very little of an ordinarily desirable quality, and still less suiting the requirements of British buyers.

We should think the exporting of inferior or unreliable grades of Flour, could not pay sufficiently well and regularly to encourage the continuance of this practice, and we sincerely hope that the new standard of inspection, which we are now definitely promised by the 1st of June, will give a safer and more creditable character to our export trade in flour than that which it has acquired within the past few years, or since the New-York system of inspection fell under the control of incompetent, or easily influenced parties; for it is a very singular and significant fact, that it is only since this event occurred that we have had to listen to anything like serious complaints from abroad respecting the flour which we export.

The Inspection Association, organized in this City on Saturday last, propose to remedy this, and we think it is fairly entitled to the countenance and support of the whole trade in its efforts to accomplish such an exceedingly desirable object. It is more advisable for the whole trade to support this association than for any portion of it to strive to get up a rival movement—such as some parties would have us believe is soon to be started—a movement which could not calculate upon success, in any other attempt than to defeat the reform endeavor altogether. We cannot be persuaded that any considerable number of those interested in the trade in Flour and Meal in New-York, wish to prevent the establishment of a reliable system of inspection, and we think that all those who desire to see this object attained should heartily sustain the new Inspection Association in its labors to secure such an end.

Wheat is down about 5c. ℔ bush., yet it is not freely offered or purchased at the reduced prices. There is very little Wheat arriving, and what is in store here is not all available, at present. Corn has not been very abundant during the week, and though prices have fluctuated considerably, they close pretty firmly and buoyantly for desirable parcels. Most of the current receipts of Corn are from the South. The stock here consists chiefly of old Western mixed, the bulk of which is in store, and held with confidence. Rye is about 3c. ℔ bush. lower, with rather more offering, while the inquiry is moderate. Oats are very plenty and are also quoted about 3c. ℔ bush. under last week's prices, yet the demand is not active. Barley, Beans and Peas are selling to a fair extent at about previous rates. The stock of Barley is limited. Beans and Peas are pretty freely tendered.

Cotton has been more sought after this week, and it has partially advanced ¼c. ℔ lb. Our available stock is now about 84,000 bales, against 97,000 bales a year ago. The receipts since 1st of September last to the latest dates, at all the Cotton ports, are 2,616,287 bales, against 1,764,701 to the same time last year, 2,[illegible],165 in 1854, and 2,605,085 in 1853. The total export from the United States is 1,692,701 bales, against 1,240,749 last year—and the stocks on hand consist of 656,258, against 406,290 same date last March.

Provisions have been moderately inquired for, at irregular prices; Pork closing rather higher, while Lard and Beef are cheaper, and other commodities rule about the same.

Groceries have partially recovered from the depression of preceding weeks, with slightly diminished supplies, and a good general demand at strengthening rates.

Hides and Leather are increasing in value; the supplies thereof being inadequate to the requirements of buyers.

[illegible] request and without any further [illegible].

Wool [illegible] in active demand at rising rates.

No important change has occurred in other commodities.

Our various Market reports, brought up to the latest moment, will furnish further information in the different departments of business.

New-York Corn Exchange.

The Annual election of Trustees and Officers of the New-York Corn Exchange, is to occur next Saturday the 22d instant.

Weekly Review of the Dry Goods Trade.

New-York, Wednesday, March 19, 1856.

With more favorable weather, increased activity and steadiness have characterized the trade in Dry Goods, since our last. Country merchants, especially from the South, have operated with renewed freedom, while local jobbers, expecting an improved demand from their customers, have been purchasing such articles as they needed to complete their assortments, to a comparatively liberal extent. This partial revival in business has served to strengthen the confidence of factors; and for desirable fabrics these now claim full prices, which are more readily secured, as the competition among buyers [illegible] appointed at the recurrence of such wintry weather so late in the season. [illegible]

Brown and Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings, of desirable styles, are not very freely offered, while being in fair demand at steady rates. Denims and Drills are in pretty good request at former prices. Duck is moderately inquired for and is firm. Ginghams and Lawns attract more attention, yet are unchanged in value. Nankins are selling very slowly and irregularly. Osnaburgs are rather plentier, but are saleable and steady. Printing Cloths are in fair demand, and are, if anything, on the advance. Prints are pretty freely offered and bought at former prices. Stripes and Ticks find a ready market at well sustained quotations.

Woolens remain about the same as previously reported. Blankets and Flannels are rather quiet, yet are held with confidence. Cassimeres, Cloths and Doeskins are in tolerably active demand at former prices. Jeans are generally saleable and firm. Linseys appear inactive at unaltered figures. Mouslin de laines seem in fair request at old quotations, though some broken lots are obtainable at a slight reduction. Satinets are taken in a small way at languid prices. Tweeds are moderately active, and being rather sparingly offered, they are quite firm.

Foreign productions are in good request at tolerably well supported prices,—though some owners,—who seem disappointed with the present course of business,—evince a growing eagerness to dispose of their stocks, and this circumstance works against steadiness and buoyancy in the market. Desirable Cotton and Linen goods are not very freely offered, and these are reported firm, though not as much sought after, as had been anticipated, by importers. Silk fabrics, of seasonable styles, are generally in very moderate supply, and fair demand,—bringing satisfactory prices. Cheap Woolen goods, adapted to the requirements of buyers, are more inquired for and are stiffly held,—the amount here being comparatively limited. The auction sales are still increasing in number and importance—as holders become anxious to get rid of their supplies, rather than depend on a future demand for such, in the regular way. In these sales, purchasers generally have the advantage, though some very choice articles go off satisfactorily to the sellers, owing to their scarcity and the active competition therefor. The importations are not considered very heavy, but they are still in excess of those of the same time a year ago, and are ample enough to prevent any serious diminution in the extent of the available stock—though they are not equally serviceable in maintaining a good assortment.

NEW-YORK LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Prepared every week expressly for the New-York Daily, Semi-Weekly, and Weekly Times, by a careful and experienced Reporter.

Wednesday Evening, March 19, 1856.

The principal Market Places are the WASHINGTON DROVE YARDS, 44TH-STREET, and at the New-York Yards, Forty-fourth-street; Browning's, on Sixth-street; Chamberlin's, on Robinson-street, and O'Brien's, on Sixth-street. Our reports refer to these regular markets. Irregular sales are sometimes made at Bergen Hill, N. J., from the Hudson River boats and elsewhere.

The great sales day at the Washington Yards is on WEDNESDAY of each week. The reports from all the yards are made up for the preceding week to the evening of that day.

RECEIPTS OF ANIMALS AT THE PRINCIPAL MARKETS, FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 19, 1856.

Yards.	Beeves: In market to-day.	Beeves: Receipts for the week.	Milch Cows.	Veal Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Swine.
Washington Drove-Yards, Forty-fourth-st.	2672	3570	48	326	680	336
Browning's, Sixth-street	.....	512	84	91	1789	....
Chamberlin's, Robinson-st.	.....	307	49	68	3173	....
O'Brien's, Sixth-street	.....	100	110	97	....	....
Sales reported at Bergen	.....	200	....	....	....	....
Total for week	.....	4689	291	582	5642	336
Last week	746	1388	263	442	2802	....

Average weekly receipts of Sheep and Lambs in 1855	10,949
Average weekly receipts of Beeves at Forty-fourth-street for the year 1855	1,981
Receipts for week ending to-day	3570
Receipts for corresponding week last year	1,799
Average weekly receipts of Beeves at the four City Markets for the year 1855	3,235
Total receipts for week ending to-day	4,689
Total receipts for corresponding week last year	2,631

A. M. Allerton, proprietor, reports the animals at the Washington Drove-Yards, received as follows:

Conveyance.	Beeves.	Milch Cows.	Veals.	Sheep and Lambs.	Swine.
Erie Railroad	1270				
Hudson River Railroad	1400				336
Camden & Amboy R. R.					
Harlem Railroad	300	48	326	680	
N. J. & Penn. Railroad	600				
On foot					

The Beeves at Allerton's were derived from the following States:

Ohio	2602	Pennsylvania	—
New-York	279	Texas	—
Illinois	119	Connecticut	—
Kentucky	355	Michigan	—
Indiana	—	New-Jersey	—
Virginia	125	Wisconsin	—
Iowa	—	Maryland	—

Beeves are sold by the estimated dead weight of the four quarters; the so-called "fifth quarter" (hide and tallow) is not reckoned in here, as it is in Boston and some other cities. When Cattle are weighed or estimated alive, the dead weight is reckoned at a certain number of pounds to the 100 lbs. of live weight, as may be agreed upon. The general rule in this market for medium cattle is 56 lbs. to the 100; 44 lbs. being allowed for the "fifth quarter" and offal.

The average prices to-day, as compared with last week, are about 2c. @2½c., perhaps 3c. lower.

The last market was so irregular as to furnish no criterion for comparison.

We quote:

PRICES OF BEEF AT FORTY-FOURTH-STREET TO-DAY.

Premium cattle, 11c.
First quality, 9½c.@10½c.
Medium quality, 8½c.@9½c.
Poor quality, 8c.
Poorest quality, 7c.@7½c.
General selling prices, 8¾c.@10½c.
Average of all sales about 9c.@9¼c.

At Browning's, Chamberlin's and O'Brien's, prices do not materially differ from those at Forty-fourth-street. Browning reports Beeves at 11c.@9c. Chamberlin reports Beeves at 9c.@11c. O'Brien reports Beeves at 7c.@9½c.

GENERAL REMARKS UPON THE BEEF MARKET.

The unusual supply of Cattle at Forty-fourth-street to-day took almost everyone by surprise. The general inquiry was, "Where did they all come from?" The answer is, that besides the regular or usual supply, a large number of droves which have been dallying along for two or three weeks past, all chanced to get here to-day. Every owner of Cattle hurried on after hearing how matters stood on last market day.

It will be observed that a very large proportion of all the Cattle offered are reported from Ohio. We give the derivation of 2,601, and of these 2,091, or nearly 80 ℔ cent., are Ohio animals. Kentucky contributed about 10 ℔ cent.

The general quality of the Cattle was full average. There were few of the very tip-top, but many droves that may be set down as superior. But for this, the general average prices would be below 9c.

This is the fourth or fifth stormy Wednesday we have had since the adoption of this day of the week as a General Market Day, some fifteen months since. We had a continued fall of damp snow, which, though not rendering out of door trading (under an umbrella) very unpleasant, yet materially affected the appearance of the animals. Wet, packed, or rough hair, gives a coarse look to the sleekest animal. The yards were pretty well cleaned out at sundown, the [illegible] of the current prices.

Mr. John Boggs [illegible] one of a committee appointed by a meeting of drovers, held at Circleville, Ohio, in January last, to ascertain [illegible] the feasibility and expenses of bringing Cattle from the West to New-York by the [illegible] route. He brought 195 animals over that route for to-day's market, and reports as follows:

His cattle were put on cars at Circleville Feb. [illegible], [illegible] Zanesville $18 20 ℔ car; reshipped at Zanesville to Bellaire [illegible]; driven from Bell Air to Wheeling Bridge, four miles; toll on bridge 3 cents ℔ head; detained at Wheeling by snow five days; from Wheeling to Baltimore by cars, eleven to the car, $90 ℔ car; Baltimore to Philadelphia, eleven to the car, [illegible] ℔ car. The Baltimore and Philadelphia Railroad not having cars sufficient, the owner of the cattle was obliged to hire cars from the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at an extra expense of [illegible] ℔ car to Philadelphia. The agent of the Philadelphia road paid back $5 ℔ car of this extra expense. Whole car expense from Circleville to Philadelphia, $9 44 ℔ head. From Philadelphia to New-York the cattle were driven on foot in five days. Total time from Circleville to New-York including detention at Wheeling, 18 days. Total expense including feed, drivers, $13 12 ℔ head.

For further remarks upon the localities from which the cattle are derived, their quality, &c., and for particular sales and other matters of interest, see the tables below, with the special notes following. These tables and notes are gathered from a personal inspection of the droves mentioned. Occasionally, droves are omitted for want of time or room, or because the owners or sellers do not chance to be in the yards at the time of our visit.

No.	State.	Owner.	Salesmen.
84	Ohio	Everett, Wright & Vance	Hoag Brothers.
[illegible]	Ohio	Jere McConnell	T. White.
[illegible]	Ohio	James Wilson	D. Allerton.
65	Ohio	Jno. Sawyer	T. A. Merritt.
[illegible]	N. Y.	Geo. Terry	Owner.
[illegible]	N. Y.	Stanton Parks	D. L. Belden.
[illegible]	Ohio	John Pancake	O. G. Teed.
[illegible]	Ohio	S. H. Ruggles	T. White.
119	Illinois	John T. Alexander	S. Ullery.
57	Ohio	Bragg & Co.	Carey & Budlong.
[illegible]	Ohio	Isaac Budlong	Owner.
[illegible]	N. Y.	Pruyn & Ferguson	Geo. Ayrault.
195	Ohio	John Boggs, Jr.	Bart'm & Merritt.
[illegible]	Ohio	James M. Flanders	O. G. Teed.
[illegible]	Ohio	Bills & Shelton	Geo. Ayrault.
[illegible]	Ohio	Alexander & Staley	D. Barnes.
[illegible]	Ohio	Wilson Johnson	W. H. Belden.
[illegible]	Ohio	B. F. Rennick	T. Wheeler.
[illegible]	Ohio	Miller, Haring & Garney	Owners.
[illegible]	Ohio	A. H. Morehouse	Mil'r, Har'g & Co.
[illegible]	Ohio	Beach & Smith	Owners.
[illegible]	Ohio	J. J. Petty	H. Hurd.
57	Ohio	Samuel Johnson	C. W. Conger.
[illegible]	Ohio	—— Pritchard	James Gilchrist.
[illegible]	Ohio	Felix Rennick	O. G. Teed.
[illegible]	Kent'ky	Henry Eckstein	Owner.
[illegible]	N. Y.	—— White	Jno. Purchase.
[illegible]	Ohio	Several owners	Phillips & Smith.
[illegible]	Ohio	J. S. Welton	Mead & Holc'mb.
[illegible]	Ohio	W. D. Bellows	E. Lockman.
[illegible]	Kent'ky	D. Bryan	Martin & Val't'e.
[illegible]	N. Y.	Davis & Slaughter	Owners.
[illegible]	N. Y.	A. M. Clarke	Owner.
[illegible]	Kent'ky	William Garner	Barney Bartram.
[illegible]	Ohio	Flanders & Shepard	Owners.
[illegible]	Kent'ky	Ware & Parker	T. Wheeler.
[illegible]	N. Y.	Minoris Henry	Owner.
[illegible]	Kent'ky	D. Bryant	Marvin & Val't'ne.
124	Ohio	Andrew Kilgore	J. H. Williams.
50	Virginia	V. Decker	J. H. Williams.
47	Ohio	Elijah Chenoweth	O. Hurd.
[illegible]	Ohio	—— Manahan	Culver, Hard & Co.
[illegible]	Ohio	A. R. Seymour	J. H. Williams.
45	Virginia	William Van Meter	J. H. Williams.

Besides the above there were thirty-one smaller lots, ranging from 25 downward, making 75 distinct droves at the Forty-fourth-street markets alone.

We have very few notes to record, for although we visited nearly every yard, the *damp* driving snow prevented writing in the open air, so that we were obliged to omit special notes, unless we wrote either from memory, or from second-hand, in-door information, neither of which we are willing to do as a general rule. We want to see, and examine the animals particularly described. The prices are, however, what our readers want, and we passed most of the day in endeavoring to get at these accurately.

John Boggs, Jr., of Circleville, Pickaway Co., Ohio, brought in, on Saturday, 195 very superior fat cattle, all half Durhams. The whole drove averaged at home 1,610 lbs. live weight. They were bought when young by Mr. Boggs, and fed during the past Winter on corn of "his own growing." Ninety-five were sold out on Saturday, Monday, and Tuesday, at 11c.@12c., or higher. The balance were selling to-day by Barney Bartram and J. A. Merritt, at 10c.@11c., few above 10½c. This lot came by the Pennsylvania route. (See above.)

Bills & Shelton sent in 50 animals from Huron Co., Ohio. These were partly carred and partly driven by S. Bounder. They left home March 4, were carred at Norwalk, and arrived at Dunkirk Thursday P. M. After waiting in vain until the next Tuesday for cars, they were driven to Buffalo, over and through snow banks sometimes 15 feet high. From Buffalo to Albany by cars. Albany to Chatham Four Corners, 23 miles, on foot, in one day, and thence here by Harlem Railroad. This is the history of one drove. Scores of other droves have had as hard fare, and dozens of them worse, during the past Winter. Ohio and Kentucky have thus far boasted, and with good reason, of sending to this market the largest droves of "big fat cattle." The "Sucker State" (Illinois) now promises to step in for a division of honors, not only with those States, but "with the world." Private letters inform us that Mr. B. F. Harris, of Champaign County, Ill., is feeding 100 head of cattle which he will place in competition with any single drove of the same number *come from where they will*. The whole drove is estimated to average 2,375 lbs., and a good fat steer is offered us if they fall 25 lbs. short of that. We are promised a sight of one-third of the drove in this market on the 2d of April, and the balance soon after. Please be on hand Ohio and Kentucky; we give you this timely notice. In the meantime we'll get a stall ready for "that steer."

John Sawyer's drove, J. A. Merritt salesman, were a nice lot of small cattle, pretty even, averaging about 640 lbs. net; selling at just about 10c.

Miller, Haring & Gurney were selling a mixed lot, 49 from Ohio, 15 from Kentucky, and the balance from New-York. The prices varied from 8c. to 10½c. ℔ lb. The Kentucky drove sent by John Mitchell included some fine animals, four of which were sold to Geo. Fink, at $420, or about 10¾c.@10½c. Last week the same animals would have gone quick at full $500.

Valentine & Martine sold 19 very fine steers to Geo. Haws, at $100 each. They were weighed to-day, and averaged 1,556 lbs. This, at 63 lbs. to the 100, is less than 10½c., or, at 60 lbs. to the 100, a trifle above 10¾c. There were few better animals offered to-day—and, taking into account this, with other sales, the highest price can scarcely be placed above 10½c., or, at most, 11c.

Wright & Vance, of Pickaway County, Ohio, sent in 84 cattle, mixed quality; 800 to 1,000 lbs.; average live weight at home, 1,460 lbs.; selling by Hoag Brothers, at 8½c.@10c.

Boggs and others had a lot of medium quality, from Knox County, Ohio; 550 to 600 lbs.; selling by Beach & Smith, at 8½c.@10½c. for a few of the best.

MILCH COWS AND CALVES.

These are sold at each of the above yards. The prices of Cows vary according to the fancy of the buyer, rather than with the real milking value. A nice animal, with a calf by her side, will bring from $65 to $80 or more. The prices the past week have been: Ordinary, $30@$35; Good, $35@$45; Extras, $55@$70.

Many of the milkmen sold out their good-conditioned Cows during the high price of beef a week or two past, and there is now a fair demand for new supplies.

Allerton reports Milch Cows in less demand. Prices range from $30 to $40.

Browning reports Milch Cows at $35@$65. All kinds of animals ruled high until Saturday, when on account of heavy arrivals prices declined, except for Cows.

Chamberlin reports Milch Cows at $30@$50, and extras as high as $65.

O'Brien reports Milch Cows at full former prices. Demand good.

VEAL CALVES.

Veal Calves are sold by live weight, each animal being weighed alive at the time of sale. The principal places of sale are at Allerton's, Browning's, Chamberlin's and O'Brien's.

There is a moderate supply of fair Veals, but not enough to prevent remunerative prices.

Allerton reports Veal Calves at 5c.@7c.; extras 8c. Quality improving.

Browning reports Veal Calves at 6½c.@7½c., and 8c. for extras.

Chamberlin reports Veal Calves at 6½c.@7c.

O'Brien reports Veal Calves at same as last week. Sales lively.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

These are chiefly sold at Allerton's, Browning's and Chamberlin's, at so much ℔ head for a particular lot of Sheep or Lambs, or of the two together. They are also frequently sold by live weight, as this is readily ascertained.

There is still a short supply of Mutton Sheep, though there are a few more offered than for some weeks past.

At Allerton's, Sheep and Lambs are reported at about same rates as last week. Supply limited.

Browning reports Sheep and Lambs at $3 50@$9. Of the 1,789 reported, over 1,000 came in on Tuesday, mostly from Ohio, and in good order, considering that they had been on the road two weeks. There are about 700 in the pens this morning. A few Lambs, the first of the season, came in from New-Jersey.

Chamberlin reports Sheep and Lambs selling at $3 50@$7 ℔ head.

SWINE.

These are sold alive at so much ℔ lb., gross or live weight. Considerable numbers are sold at Allerton's, Forty-fourth-street, and at James Dorman's Union Drove-Yards, foot of Forty-first-street, while large droves are sold direct from the cars or boats, and driven immediately to the various slaughter-houses. At this season a large business is done in slaughtered Hogs, which are brought in in the carcass and sold to the packers and retailers of fresh Pork.

Hogs dressed before coming here generally bring about ½c., and, in this weather, ¾c.@1c. less than City dressed, for two reasons—first, they get banged and show bad; and, second, they cannot be kept on hand for a good market.

Hogs have advanced [illegible] owing to the continued sparse arrivals. Larger receipts are looked for soon, with a decline in prices.

Messrs. Van Brunt & Waters, pork-packers, (No. 38 Chambers-st.,) [illegible] alive and dressed [illegible]. The [illegible] Hogs run from 140 lbs. net downwards. These are mostly for City retail. The larger Hogs, running from 200 to 400 lbs., are chiefly packed for shipment or curing.

Recent arrivals of live and dressed Hogs pretty fair; 1,800 live, and [illegible] dressed, were received on Tuesday. The advance in prices results from bare receipts. Until yesterday there have been few arrivals in three weeks. With the fuller receipts now expected prices must go down.

Wm. McNeil (No. 41 Jay-street) reports corn-fed Hogs, heavy, 8½c.; corn-fed Hogs, light, 8½c.@9c.; distillery-fed Hogs, 8c., net weight. Arrivals this week about 3,800, against 1,000 last, and 3,530 same week last year. With another snow-storm to impede the transportation by railroad and deter drovers from starting Stock, continuance of scarcity and high prices may be expected.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$25,000.—SPECIAL CAPITAL.—Two young men of experience in Banking are desirous of forming a partnership with some person who can furnish the above amount. They desire to open a banking office in some new and flourishing village of the West. Both of them are engaged in one of the most successful banks of this City, and can give undoubted references as to character and ability for such an undertaking. The present demand for capital at the West will undoubtedly (with proper management) secure to the parties making such an arrangement profitable returns. Address, stating where an interview may be had, B. and W., *Times* Office.

STORE FOR SALE.—The good-will, stock and fixtures of the well-known Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, No. 155 Chestnut-st., opposite the State House. This business has been established for upwards of thirty years. Also, for rent, the store in which the above business has been carried on. A lease of five years will be given of the said store. Apply to BULLITT & FAIRTHORNE, No. 28 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.

VALUABLE BAKER'S ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE.—On Lexington-av., corner 29th-st., now in successful operation. The poor health of the owner is the only reason for selling. House four stories, in perfect order, with large oven and vaults. The whole will be sold at a bargain. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 71 Wall-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

PARTNER WANTED IN THE BOOK-BUSINESS.—Wanted a partner with a capital of five thousand dollars, to buy an interest in an old and well established book-store in this City, and now doing a very good safe business. Full particulars given on personal application. Address EDWARD WILSON, Post-Office, New-York.

CLOTHING STORE FOR SALE.—The stock, fixtures and lease of store No. 10[illegible] Houston-st., near Avenue D, an old established stand and now doing a good business; satisfactory reasons given for selling out. For terms, which will be reasonable, apply on the premises.

PARTNER WANTED—In the book business—A good bookbinder, who can furnish a good bindery with tools and stock. A first-rate opportunity is afforded to such. References given and required. Address J. T. S., Cleveland, Ohio.

$5 TO $10 PER DAY PROFIT.—A new patent article for agents, very useful, and needed in every family; already selling rapidly. Agents with a small capital can make a good thing of it by calling at the Patent Agency, No. 79 Duane-st.

FIRST-CLASS BOARDING-HOUSE.—The lease and furniture of a strictly first-class boarding-house, now doing a successful business, yielding over $2,000 per year, for sale. Apply to CHAUNCEY BARNARD, No. 98 Broadway.

FURNITURE.

FOR DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—FOR SALE.—The rich and fancy store fixtures of the jewelry store No. 451 Broadway, (firm of MARCHAND, GUILEMOT & CO.) consisting of carved rosewood counters, casings, a fancy parquet, chandeliers and gas-fixtures, ornamenting the store above mentioned. These articles are all imported from Paris, and are made in the best and most artistic style. Also, a jewelry safe, all the tools and working utensils of the jewelry shop of the said firm—the furniture part to be delivered [illegible] a few days before the first of May.

WARREN WARD, ENAMELED FURNITURE MANUFACTURER—Has removed from No. 144 Grand-st., to the large building No. 38 Canal-st., four doors east of Broadway, where he continues to keep a large assortment of enameled chamber suites, of all colors and styles, and at prices varying from $22 per suite and upward, finished in all colors and styles of ornamenting, and warranted in every respect. The trade and others are invited to call and examine. WARREN WARD, No. 38 Canal-st.

ENAMELED FURNITURE.—H. F. FARRINGTON has now ready for sale an extensive assortment of rich enameled chamber furniture, in all patterns and colors, and elaborately decorated in landscape figures and flowers, at the manufactory and ware-rooms Nos. 45 and 48 Wooster-st., between Broome and Grand.

SHOW-CASES.—SCHMITT & BROTHER manufactory and warerooms, No. 5 North William-st., near Frankfort, New-York, and No. 77 West 3d-st., Cincinnati, Ohio. A large assortment constantly on hand. Old show-cases taken in exchange. Orders promptly executed.

TO BUILDERS AND SHIPPERS.—3,000 Doors and 3,000 Windows for sale cheap, for cash. Blinds of all kinds made to order in the neatest and best manner, at short notice, at the lowest prices. N. P. KIMBALL, No. 78 Beekman-st.

BILLIARD-TABLES.—We offer for sale a fine stock, with our newly invented cushions. Private houses furnished. Four splendid second-hand tables for sale cheap. GRIFFITH & DECKER, No. 90 Ann-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

$10 REWARD.—LOST, on Saturday evening, near French's Hotel, a porte-monnaie, containing a $5 bill, some change, and some papers, among which was a certificate of deposit on the Nassau Bank dated 12th inst., in favor of JAMES KENNEDY, payment of which has been stopped. Whoever will return it, or the certificate alone, shall receive the above reward.

LOST.—In one of the cars of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company, which left the Canal-st. Depot on Saturday last at 12 o'clock, a lady's Cashmere Shawl with light centre. Any person returning it to Mr. MORRISON, at the Canal-st. Depot, will be suitably rewarded.

$10.—STOLEN—From the basement of the house No. [illegible]-st., on the 19th inst., a Gold Watch (blue enameled back) chain, two seals, and pin. Pawnbrokers and others are requested to stop any one offering the same. Apply as above.

LAP DOG LOST.—On the 17th inst. a small Lap Dog. A liberal reward will be paid for its return at No. 166 East 18th-st.

ENVELOPES.

ENVELOPES.—CHAS. H. LYON & BROTHER, No. 25 Beekman-st. The newest styles of ENVELOPES and WRITING PAPERS, in every variety and in the largest quantities, manufactured by the subscribers, and furnished to dealers and jobbers at the lowest wholesale rates.

Especial attention is invited to our latest styles of extra heavy Envelopes and Congress Writing Papers. The capacity of our Factory is now so extended as to enable us to meet the largest possible demand for our goods.

CHAS. H. LYON & BROTHER, No. 25 Beekman-st.

ENVELOPE AND PAPER WAREHOUSE.—We are now prepared to furnish the trade with envelopes of all grades, styles, sizes, and qualities, at the lowest price, the cost of manufacturing will admit, together with a large variety of cap, letter, and note papers. BERLIN & JONES, Envelope manufacturers, 134 William-st., N. Y.

ZINC PAINTS.

ZINC PAINT.—The undersigned, Agents for the sale of White Oxide of Zinc, manufactured by the PENNSYLVANIA AND LEHIGH ZINC COMPANY, are prepared to receive orders for the same, and would invite the attention of the trade to its evident superiority over others of American manufacture, and the most successful competition with the best of foreign dealers, can with confidence depend upon always obtaining any desired supply of this Paint, which will be found to recommend itself for purity, great body and uniform whiteness. Prices and terms arranged on the most liberal footing. JAMES T. LEWIS & CO., No. 83 Water-st.

ZINC PAINTS.—The PASSAIC MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY offer for sale their superior white and colored Zinc Paints, both dry and ground in oil, at the lowest market prices. Their paints in oil, prepared by a new process, are warranted not to harden in the kegs, and will improve with age. MANNING & SQUIER, Agents, No. 54 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

PROPOSALS.

TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals will be received by the Committee on Streets and Assessments, until Wednesday, April 2, 1856, for regulating, setting curb, gutter-stones, and paving the carriage-way of HUDSON-STREET, WASHINGTON-STREET, SIXTH-STREET, SECOND-STREET, and flagging the sidewalks of the same. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the City Surveyor, Mr. Wm. Hexamer, No. 100 Washington-st. WM. WHITE, Chairman of Committee. Hoboken, March 19, 1856.

NORTHRUP IMPROVED CYLINDER PRESS.—TO NEWSPAPER PRINTERS.—We have two of the above Presses (new) for sale—size of bed, 33 by 46 inches. One of this style of press has been in use for several months, in the "Steam Printing-Office" of Mr. John Thomas, No. 50 Ann-st., in this City, to whom reference is made as to the character of work they will do. Will be sold on accommodating terms. WELLS & WEBB, No. 18 Dutch-st.

THE SUBSCRIBER—Having sold and transferred all his interest in the manufacture and sale of WILSON'S DANDELION COFFEE, together with all outstanding claims against agents or others, to JOHN F. CUNNINGHAM, of this City, would give notice to all persons concerned, that they are to account and settle with said Cunningham in relation to such claims and all matters appertaining to said business. New-York, Feb. 28, 1856. JOSEPH P. WILSON.

DRUGGISTS' FANCY GOODS EXCLUSIVELY.—[illegible] Paris perfumery and toilet articles and every article sold by druggists except drugs. Imported and sold wholesale by RUFUS K. McHARG & CO., No. [illegible]

MARBLE MANTELS—TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS.—The subscriber has [illegible] cash, or a good note taken for any amount over $100. Inquire at No. [illegible] Essex-st., in the marble shop.

INSTRUCTION.

DAILY NORMAL SCHOOLS.—The Daily Normal School [illegible] will be open for the reception of pupils, and will commence its regular daily sessions on MONDAY, the 17th instant.

The school will be open on the usual school days, commencing at 9 o'clock A. M.

The Saturday Normal School [illegible] at 9 o'clock A. M., at the same place.

All persons residing in the City, of [illegible] years of age and upward, if females, and sixteen and upward, if males, who desire to prepare themselves for the profession of teaching, may present themselves for examination.

WM. H. NEILSON, R. R. WINTHROP, WM. S. SEE, JEDEDIAH MILLER, J. DAVENPORT, DAVID WEBB, WM. ALLEN, Executive Committee on Normal Schools.

KINDERHOOK BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—The Trustees of Kinderhook Academy have the satisfaction to announce that the next term will open on Wed'y, under the direction of the late Principal, Mr. ALEXANDER WATSON, A. M., whose distinguished ability and success as a teacher, they regard as a guaranty for thorough education. Boarders in the Principal's family will enjoy peculiar advantages. Terms, &c., in Circulars at APPLETON'S, No. 346 Broadway; of the Principal; No. 15 Clinton-st., Brooklyn; or the undersigned. W. H. TOBEY, President. D. VAN SCHAACK, Secretary.

SEWARD INSTITUTE, FLORIDA, ORANGE COUNTY.—The Summer session will commence MONDAY, April 21, and continue 21 weeks. Terms, for Board and Tuition in English branches, $130 per annum. There are two departments, male and female, entirely separate and distinct in location and management. Circulars of each department may be had at IVISON & PHINNEY'S, No. 321 Broadway, or of the Principal at Florida. JOHN W. ROUND, A. M., Principal Male Department. Miss FANNIE JACKSON, Principal Female Department.

SELECT SCHOOL.—For boys, at No. 7 West 15th-st.; a thorough education (Classical and English) is imparted under a system of steady and exact discipline. The mode of teaching is mild but decided, appealing to the affections, while steadily training the intellect,—a system which not only insures knowledge, but greatly enhances its value.

A. DODWORTH'S PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMIES.—No. 806 Broadway, New-York, and No. 137 Montague-place, Brooklyn, will continue open until the 1st of June, enabling those who commence at the present time to complete a full quarter. The classes are so arranged that beginners can enter at any time with equal advantage.

BOOK-KEEPING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC, &c.—Mr. DOLBEAR, No. 699 Broadway, being assisted by an accomplished practical book-keeper, guarantees to qualify gentlemen for business in the shortest possible time. Applicants may rely on receiving the best instruction and being qualified to fill any situation as head book-keepers.

ALLAN IRVING, PROFESSOR OF SINGING—So celebrated for his method of strengthening and cultivating the voice, in the modern Italian style of singing, has a few hours in the week disengaged. For terms, apply at his residence, No. 5 University-place.

TRANSLATION AND INSTRUCTION IN FRENCH—By FABREGON. Apply in afternoon, No. 73 Franklin-st., office of *Courrier des Etats-Unis*.

THE SPRING TERM OF—Mrs. J. T. BENEDICT'S Boarding and Day School for young ladies commenced Feb. 4, at 4 West 37th-st., 3 doors from 5th-av.

AGRICULTURAL.

NEW CHINESE POTATO—(OR YAM) DIOSCOREA BATATAS.—By recent arrivals we have received further supplies, sound in the best possible condition, price $3 per dozen or $20 per 100, carefully and properly packed for transport to any part of the Union. They are sent to us direct by the parties mainly instrumental in introducing and disseminating them through France and Europe; and we can with the fullest confidence warrant them to be the true and genuine White variety (Imperial Rice) of this new and interesting esculent, and of a quality equal to any anywhere to be procured. Printed description, with directions for their culture, furnished to purchasers and applicants inclosing a stamp. Having arranged for a large and regular supply at intervals to the end of the planting season, we can meet all demands; and in a few days shall be able to fill the orders of dealers and others, in quantity and possibly at reduced rates. JAS. M. THORBURN & CO., Seedsmen, Nurserymen, &c., No. 15 John-st., New-York.

Every approved variety of Vegetable, Flower, Grass and Agricultural Seeds, of only the finest qualities, in large or small quantities. Priced Catalogues mailed to applicants, inclosing a three cent stamp.

CHINESE POTATO—Imperial Rice-White variety, genuine, sound, of American growth, in tin cans, at $3 and $5 and $10 each. Go safely by express. *Japan Potato*, (entirely distinct,) $15 per 100. Orders with cash inclosed executed immediately. A full treatise on culture therewith. Licorice plants in quantity, Sumach, New annual Chinese Sugar-Cane seeds, Japan and Oregon Peas, &c. Priced Catalogues of Trees, Plants and Seeds sent to applicants. WM. R. PRINCE & CO., Flushing, New-York.

ICHABOE GUANO.—Just received by the brig *West Spirit*, direct from the Ichaboe Islands, a cargo of this superior Guano, (which is the first cargo arrived since that brought by the ship *Shakespeare* in 1845.) This Guano is now landed in excellent order, and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Samples and analysis will be sent by addressing the Agent. As the quantity is small, early application will be necessary. Price $45 per ton of 2,000 pounds. A. LONGETT, No. 34 Cliff-st., corner of Fulton.

PERUVIAN GUANO—With Government brand and weight on each bag.
ICHABOE GUANO, (by brig *West Spirit*.)
SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.
BONE-DUST.
For sale by A. LONGETT, No. 34 Cliff-st., cor. Fulton. Packages of one or two pounds of above fertilizers for flower gardens, with directions for use, may be had gratis.

BANK NOTICES.

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK.—ALBANY, Oct. 24, 1854.—Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to J. L. LEONARD, an individual Banker, (the Bank of the People, Lowville, *Lewis County*,) must be presented at the Office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York, for payment, within two years from the date hereof, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the circulating notes issued to the said Banker, will be given up. D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent. o26-'54-law2yTh

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK—ALBANY, Aug. 7, 1854.—Notice is hereby given, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to MARTIN G. AUSTIN, an individual Banker, (Bank of the Empire State,) must be presented at the Office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York, within two years from the date of this notice, or the funds deposited for the redemption of such notes will be given up to said Banker. au10-'54-law2yTh D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

SAVINGS BANK.—MARINERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION, cor. of 3d-av. and 9th-st., for the benefit of all classes of persons. Interest allowed at the rate of 6 ℔ cent. on sums of $500 and under, and 5 ℔ cent. on sums above $500.

All sums deposited on or before the 1st of April will draw interest from that day.

Bank open DAILY, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS from 5 to 8 o'clock P. M. THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President. E. W. ENOS, First Vice-President. ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS BANK—No. 3 Chambers-st., two doors from Chatham.—Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum on sums of $5 and less than $500; and 5 per cent. on sums of $500 and upward. All sums deposited on or before the 1st day of April next will draw interest from that day. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Thursdays from 5 to 7 P. M. PETER H. TITUS, President. C. A. WHITNEY, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION—No. 96 Warren-st., one door from Greenwich. Open daily, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and from 4 to 7 P. M. on MONDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS. Interest at 6 per cent. per annum on sums from $1 to $500. All money deposited on or before the 1st of April will draw interest from the first. VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND MAHONING RAILROAD COMPANY—CLEVELAND, March 3, 1856.—Interest due 15th inst. on the Second Mortgage Bonds of this Company, will be paid by Messrs. WARD, CAMPBELL & CO., No. 42 William-st., New-York. CHARLES L. RHODES, Secretary.

OFFICE OF JEFFERSON INSURANCE COMPANY—No. 50 Wall-st., New-York, March 3, 1856.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of four and a half dollars per share, payable on demand. J. MILTON SMITH, Secretary.

WATCHES—FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.—The largest and most splendid assortment of watches in the City is to be found at the subscriber's. He has been in business in Wall-st. for the last eighteen years, and is selling all descriptions of gold and silver watches, jewelry and silver ware, at wholesale and retail, at much less than the usual prices.

Beautiful gold ladies' watches four holes jeweled	[illegible]
Fine gold detached levers, full jeweled	[illegible]
Fine gold hunting lepine, four holes jeweled	[illegible]
Gold hunting-case English patent levers	[illegible]
Fine gold hunting detached levers, full jeweled	[illegible] to $100 00
Gold and enameled watches for ladies	[illegible] to $100 00
Splendid gold pocket chronometers	$125 00 to [illegible]
Gold independent second watches, for timing horses	[illegible] to $250 00
Gold hunting watches, which run eight days	$125 00 to [illegible]
Gold magic watches, which change into three different watches	[illegible]
Gold English patent levers, full jeweled	[illegible]
Silver English patent levers	[illegible]
Silver detached levers, full jeweled	[illegible]
Fine gold hunting case railway time keepers	[illegible]
Silver lepines, four holes jeweled	[illegible]

M. J. Tobias, Harrison, E. & G. Beesley, T. F. Cooper, and all other celebrated makers, for sale very cheap.

All watches warranted to keep correct time. Watches and jewelry exchanged. Watches and jewelry repaired in the best manner, and at much less than the usual prices. Goods sent to all parts of the United States and Canada free of charge.

GEORGE C. ALLEN, Importer of watches and jewelry, wholesale and retail, No. 11 Wall-st., second floor, near Broadway.

VERGNES' ELECTRO-CHEMICAL BATHS.—Prof. VERGNES, [illegible] at No. 710 Broadway. [illegible] patients. Special department for ladies. Theory explained to students at No. 710 Broadway.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

[illegible] forty years in the musical profession, [illegible]

FIRST PREMIUM PIANO-FORTES—Manufactured by STEINWAY & SONS, No. 84 Walker-st., near Broadway. These pianos [illegible] in competition with [illegible] of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every Piano is warranted. Prices moderate.

A NEW TRIUMPH. We have just been awarded the First Premium (Gold Medal) by the Fair of the American Institute at the Crystal Palace, for the best Piano.

WILLIAM MILLER'S—Modern improved Premium PIANO-FORTES are taking the lead of all others made in this City. The superior tone [illegible] of all who hear them. His increasing [illegible] enables him to sell them at greatly reduced prices. He has also to hire out new Pianos by the month, with privilege of buying. A call at the well-stocked [illegible] to examine the instruments, is respectfully solicited.

HARMONIUMS OF ALEXANDRE, PARIS.—A few of these splendid instruments just received. They are the best substitute for the organ yet known, and are admirably adapted for the use of small churches. Prices from $60 to $400, according to the size and number of stops. Illustrated price lists, with full description of the instruments, forwarded free, on application to THOMAS BAKER, No. [illegible] Broadway, New-York. Pianos to rent, and rent allowed on purchase.

A VERY SUPERIOR 7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE FOR SALE—[illegible] made to order by best City makers, warranted in every respect, patent metallic frame, perfect in tone, touch and finish; not three months in use; owner is obliged to sell it. Can be seen at No. 58 Walker-st. [illegible] o'clock P. M. this week.

BARGAINS.—New round-corner 6⅔ octave pianos with iron frames, for $150; second-hand do. for $60, $150 and $175; melodeons for $30, $45 and $60. Pianos and melodeons to let at low rates, by S. T. GORDON, No. 297 Broadway, Agent for Hallet, Davis & Co. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin's melodeons and harmoniums.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS.—Six very fine second-hand pianos, bought for cash, and will be sold very low; prices from $50 to $150. Several new melodeons to let; a 6⅔ octave Hallet, Davis & Co. Boston piano for sale at $225, and an old piano will be taken in exchange. T. S. BERRY, No. 458 Broadway.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANO-FORTES.—Messrs. LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURYS, No. 421 Broome-st., respectfully invite attention to their Piano-fortes, constructed with the patented [illegible] plank, which is undoubtedly the most important improvement ever introduced into this instrument.

PIANOS TO LET.—An assortment of Pianos, both with and without the eolian attachment, to let or for sale, on monthly payment. The most liberal arrangements are offered. Call at the warerooms of T. GILBERT & CO., No. 419 Broadway, corner of Canal-st. H. B. MATHEWS.

J. & C. FISCHER'S PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTORY.—Nos. 341 to 351 West 28th-st., near 9th-av. Second-hand Pianos from $60 to $150. Pianos tuned, repaired, to let and exchanged. Warerooms No. 335 Broadway, opposite Broadway Theatre.

HAZELTON BROS.—PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS, 99 Centre-st., [illegible] a fine assortment of their celebrated Pianos, [illegible] purity of tone. Second-hand Pianos taken in exchange.

RAVEN, BACON & CO.—Successors to Bacon & Raven. PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS. Warerooms No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, [illegible] Warranted in every respect.

COPARTNERSHIP.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of YELVERTON & FELLOWS, expires this day by its own limitation. HENRY YELVERTON, ROBERT YELVERTON, GEORGE A. FELLOWS, CHARLES W. SNIFFEN. New-York, Feb. 1, 1856.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned will continue the Wholesale Grocery and Commission business in the store formerly occupied by Yelverton & Fellows, No. 8 and 10 Front-st., under the firm of YELVERTON, WALKER & SNIFFEN. ROBERT YELVERTON, [illegible] CHARLES W. SNIFFEN. New-York, Feb. 1, 1856.

DISSOLUTION.—The Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of MILLER & MORRISON is this day dissolved by mutual consent, J. MORRISON being alone authorized to sign the name of the firm in the settlement of the business. New-York, March 1, 1856. JONA. MORRISON.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of J. MORRISON & CO., and will continue the business of the late firm, at No. 216 Water-st. J. MORRISON, A. A. THOMSON. New-York, March 1, 1856.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of JEROME & ELLISON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. GEORGE F. JEROME, JACOB ELLISON. New-York, March 10, 1856.

The business will be carried on by GEORGE F. JEROME, at Nos. 295 and 297 Water-st., New-York. GEORGE F. JEROME.

OFFICE ALBANY FLOOR OIL-CLOTH WORKS, ALBANY, March [illegible], 1856.

NOTICE.—We have this day changed the name and style of our firm to that of CLAASSEN & BARCLAY, instead of as heretofore, CLAASSEN & CO. Floor Oil-Cloth Manufacturers, at Albany, N. Y. JOHN BROOKS, No. 42 John-st., New-York City, Sole Agent [illegible]. PETER I. CLAASSEN. G. CASEY BARCLAY.

THE SUBSCRIBERS—Have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of COLES, HODGES & WEEKS, for the transaction of a General Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Commission Business, at No. [illegible] Water-st. NATHANIEL COLES, JAMES B. HODGES, BENJAMIN S. WEEKS. New-York, March 1, 1856.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of L. & H. CRAMPTON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by either of the partners. L. H. CRAMPTON, [illegible] New-York, March 18, 1856.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between JEAN LAUKOTA & THEODORE F. MARSCHALL, under the firm of LAUKOTA & MARSCHALL, is hereby dissolved. Dated March 19, 1856. JEAN LAUKOTA.

IRON, HARDWARE, &c.

NAPANOCH SALISBURY [illegible] IRON—Made from Salisbury cold blast pig, and refined with charcoal. This iron is warranted of extraordinary strength and quality, and is unsurpassed by any other iron made. Orders received for [illegible] shapes for locomotives and other work [illegible] square, in store, for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A [illegible] mortgage on first-class property in this City of [illegible], for which will be given in exchange a good dwelling house and lot in 39th-st., and the residue in cash. None but principals need apply. SAMUEL HOFFMAN, No. [illegible] West [illegible]

HUDSON PIG IRON—Is one of the best brands in the country for foundry or forge purposes. The No. 1 Extra will mix more scrap, and for all purposes is superior to any Scotch Pig. For sale by the Agent of the Hudson Iron Co. JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.

STEAM ENGINE FOR SALE CHEAP—A double cylinder horizontal engine, of superior build and finish; will work to over 100 horse-power. Apply to S. H. MAYNARD, No. 5 Wall-st.

ADIRONDAC IRON CO. PIG IRON.—Cold blast, charcoal white iron, for forge purposes, for sale by Agent of Adirondac Iron Company. JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.

FOR WINE DEALERS, GROCERS AND CHEMISTS—Improved FAUCETS, for wines, acids, spirits, ale, water, &c. Manufactured by C. W. STEARNS, No. 560 Pearl-st., near Broadway.

SALISBURY COLD BLAST CHARCOAL PIG IRON—For car-wheels and work requiring very superior iron. JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.

THOMAS IRON CO. PIG IRON—Very soft, free, yet strong, warranted first rate, for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.

OILS AND PAINTS.

LIGHT.
KEROSENE, OR COAL OIL.
NOT EXPLOSIVE.
SECURED BY PATENTS.
Retail Price, One Dollar per Gallon.

THE VARIOUS PATENTED LAMPS TO BURN IT, at the store of the undersigned, are recommended as the best adapted to the peculiar qualities of the oil—each lamp giving a light equal to two six-foot gas burners. CAMPHENE LAMPS can be [illegible] by adapting the Kerosene Chimney. SYLVIC [illegible] LAMPS can be [illegible] the bottom of the tin wick holder, so as to bring the surface of the wick level with the [illegible]. The usual Discount to wholesale Dealers. [illegible] Agents of the Kerosene Oil Company, [illegible]

EXTRA QUALITY [illegible] OIL.—Warranted very pure and to burn as long as sperm [illegible] Only agent of this make. JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.

C[illegible] wanted of superior quality for burning, and to be more durable on machinery [illegible] Only agent, JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.

PORK AND BEEF [illegible] lately occupied by Messrs. ROBINSON & [illegible] SON, we are prepared to [illegible] friends and customers [illegible] on the Brooklyn side [illegible] J. B. THOMPSON & [illegible] store.

Mr. CLAYTON yesterday concluded his remarks in the United States Senate on Central American affairs, in the course of which he took occasion to deny, on the authority of the President of the Nicaragua Transit Company, that there was ever any act on the part of that Company which in any manner encouraged WALKER's movement in Nicaragua. In the House, the debate on the application of the Committee on Elections for power to send for persons and papers in the Kansas contested election case was concluded, and finally Mr. DUNN's proposition, in lieu of the original resolution, providing that the Speaker shall appoint a Committee of Three of the members of the House to proceed to Kansas and take testimony, was adopted by a vote of 101 against 92. This also provides for an appropriation of $10,000 to pay the expenses of the Committee, and requests the President to give them military protection, if necessary.

In the State Senate yesterday, a report was made and agreed to adverse to the bill to amend the Banking laws. A favorable report was made on the bill relative to the compensation of Collectors of Assessments in this City, limiting the whole compensation to $8,000. The bill providing for the better observance of the Sabbath in New-York and Brooklyn was passed. A resolution declaring that the Legislature will adjourn sine die on the 9th of April was adopted. In the Assembly, a report was presented from the Judiciary Committee, recommending a change in the Constitution, so as to give the appointment of the Judges of the Court of Appeals to the Governor and Senate, the Judges to hold office during life. Both branches of the Legislature adjourned to attend the funeral of Mayor PARKER.

Important News from Kansas.

The news from Kansas which we publish this morning possesses features of unusual interest. The inauguration of the new Free-State Government was quietly accomplished on the 4th inst. CHARLES ROBINSON was sworn in as Governor, and W. Y. ROBERTS took the oath as Lieutenant-Governor of the State. The Legislature was duly organized; Lieut. Gov. ROBERTS presiding in the Senate, and T. A. MINARD being elected Speaker of the House. Governor ROBINSON delivered a brief inaugural Address upon taking the oath of office, and afterwards sent in his first Message. A full abstract of this document is published elsewhere. It will be observed that the Governor takes strong ground in opposition to the President, whose special message and proclamation in relation to the affairs of Kansas are distinctly criticised and fearlessly. The Governor expresses the hollowness of the pretence that the acts of the bogus Territorial Legislature were binding upon the people of Kansas, and animadverts upon the President's declaration that a regularly organized resistance to the decrees of that body would be an act of treason. Facts and precedents are cited in the Message, to show that the people of Kansas are wholly justified in the course they have seen fit to pursue, and that the Free-State movement is not, as the President asserts, a mere party movement, but that all parties in the State united in the formation of the Constitution under which the new State organization has been effected. There are several sharp passages in this Message, but the document is generally courteous in tone and lucid in its argument. The protestations of the President and his advisers are met with a firmness which savors of a resolution to adhere unyieldingly to the principles avowed in the State Constitution, and the threatening language of the recent Proclamation calls out a rejoinder which resembles a defiance. The Governor distinctly says that orders have been received by the Federal officers in Kansas to arrest the State authorities and the members of the Legislature upon a charge of treason; but, in announcing this fact, he cautions the Legislature against instant resistance, recommending "that no finger be raised against the Federal authority until there shall be no hope of relief but in revolution."

The statement that orders had been received for the arrest of the new Government, seems to be confirmed by other testimony. The Destiny-Marshal is said to have received private orders to this effect; but up to the date of our latest advices no steps to that end had been taken. The Governor does not appear to be alarmed at the prospect.

The other recommendations of the Message relate to public education, the formation of a State militia, homesteads and finances. The propriety of enacting a prohibitory Liquor law is hardly hinted. The Legislature had done nothing beyond effecting its organization.

The event of the birth of a new Free State has thus been peacefully accomplished. The result of this act of the people of the Union remains to be developed. If the report of the formation of the Government to arrest the new officers proves to be authentic, the news of intelligence from Kansas will be highly important. Meanwhile, the Bill for admitting Kansas, as an independent State, is pending in the Senate. Intelligence from Kansas will be awaited with unusual anxiety.

The New-Hampshire Elections.

The returns from New-Hampshire are at last so nearly complete as to supply competent data for measuring the result. The total vote of the outstanding towns does not reach 800, a sum that can have no noticeable influence upon the aggregate figures. Mr. WELLS, the Administration candidate for the Governorship, has received 31,977 votes against 34,468 votes given for the Opposition; of which latter, Mr. MARCALEM, the present Governor, obtained 32,003. But, as no choice has been made by the people, the election goes into the Legislature. And there the defeat of the Administration is still more palpable. The Senate stands 8 Opposition to 4 Administration, while the House has 167 Opposition to 146 Administration; figures that necessarily involve the choice of Governor MERCALEM, the leading opposition candidate. The average popular majority against General PIERCE, as estimated from the respective votes for Governor, Senators, and Assemblymen, is about 2,000.

The full import and value of this result can only be gathered by reference to the extraordinary efforts made by the Administration to regain *its ascendancy in the Granite State. Down* to the year 1852, the Democratic majority there flattered about the neighborhood of 10,000. Gen. PIERCE obtained the *Presidential vote* over Gen. SCOTT by the handsome plurality of *thirteen thousand eight hundred and fifty*; and, over the votes of both SCOTT and HALE, of *seven thousand one hundred and fifty-five.* How this immense popularity was betrayed and squandered, how a State so prescriptively bound to the Democratic faith, as to stand for the *Gibraltar of partisan fidelity, could in so short* a time be lost to the party forever, is a problem, that the history of the Administration can alone explain. But the necessity of recovering its wasted credit, of bringing back to party lines and discipline the revolted *corps d'élite*, has not been lost sight of for a moment at Washington. All the pretensions of President PIERCE to renomination rested on his ability to effect this essential reconciliation. A year has been spent in effort and intrigue. All the resorts of Federal patronage have been in full blast; the press has been stimulated by copious largesses to redoubled energy; the State has been flooded with Buncombe pamphlets, speeches, arguments, documents, as abundantly and noisomely as was Egypt with the plague of reptiles. Speakers of the most attractive fame and *eloquence have been exported from the* South and from Washington to obfuscate the unterrified. And, most potent of all, money in the most prodigal sums, such as the control of the National Treasury could alone supply, has been notoriously poured into the State. To this unparalleled energy nothing beside the calm, quiet, unerring convictions of the people has been opposed. There has been no effort to contest the issue with the same weapons as those employed by the Administration. The mass conventions and gatherings of the allied Americans and Republicans have been few and unimportant. The election had no such importance in the popular mind as it had in the eye of the President, to stimulate a resistance proportioned to the attack. The contest has been furious, and reckless, and unsparing on the one side; unimpassioned, and even indolent on the other; and New-Hampshire has pronounced finally against the Democratic Party; or rather, true to its earlier Democratic faith, it has refused to follow the Party in its desertion of all principle and right and honesty.

The immediate effect of this result will be the repression of Mr. PIERCE's attempts at renomination. Presumption can hardly support him in an appeal to the National Convention, with such a record as this at his back. He needed the additional stature of a stand-point on the Granite Hills, to bring him up to the height of his competitors. He has failed to get it. The field is left for others to bustle in. Mr. BUCHANAN and Mr. DOUGLAS will go to Cincinnati with perhaps equal chances for nomination. The two-thirds rule will in all likelihood obliterate both. What illustrious obscure will be pitched upon to stop the gap, and maintain party unity for four years longer, is one of those inscrutable mysteries the future reveals not even to the most perspicacious of political wire pullers. Every member of the Democratic Party, from the largest to the least, holds, with a single exception, a ticket in the lottery, and *may* get the prize. The exception is President PIERCE. In this New-Hampshire business he has lost his policy.

Great Fall in the Price of Beef.

Our Cattle Market reports will be read with unusual interest, this morning, by all who depend upon Forty-fourth-street for their supply of beef. Against some 700 cattle offered a week ago, there were 2,672 on sale yesterday. The receipts at that Market sum up, for the week past, 3,570; for the previous, 908; weekly average for 1855, 1,981. The total receipts at the four principal City markets (including small retail sales at Bergen) were, for the past week, 4,689; for the previous week, 1,385; weekly average last year, 3,225.

Prices went down yesterday, as a matter of course. Fine bullocks, that were slow sale at $90 to $100, went quick a week previous at $120 to $130. The particulars as to the condition of the meat and produce markets may be learned by referring to our full reports in other columns.

Concerts.

A charming and excellent Concert will be given to-night at Plymouth Church, for benefit of the "Old Ladies' Home." A full orchestra and several artists of distinction will assist.

GOTTSCHALK.—Mr. GOTTSCHALK will give his classic music this evening in Dodworth's Saloon. programme elsewhere.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

Telegraph Telegraph by Orders of Associated Press, and its Subscribers, Morning Evening Editions this day, is published.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Triumph of the Anti-Administration Men—Consul at Stockholm.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 19.

The Anti-Administration men are in great spirits over to-day's triumph. WALKER and his friends are seriously alarmed.

The announcement of the Committee may be expected to-morrow. It will be composed of one decided Whitfield man and two reliable Anti-Administration men. Mr. DUNN will probably not be a member. Ordinary parliamentary courtesy does not require his appointment, as the proposition for investigation originated not with him, but with the Committee on Elections.

Among the gentlemen whose names are prominently mentioned for the Committee, are LESCOMBE of Virginia, GALLOWAY of Ohio, and WAKEMAN of New-York. These are doubtless shrewd selections, but would be strong and popular selections.

Among those who voted to stifle the investigation, are JOHN WEBSTER and THOMAS R. WHITNEY. Mark them.

Ex-Governor BIGLER, of California, is expected to be Consul at Stockholm, Sweden, but the nomination is not yet transmitted to the Senate. S.

The Passage of Mr. Dunn's Resolution.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 19.

The Republicans claim an important triumph in the passage of Mr. DUNN's resolution authorizing the Speaker to appoint a Committee of three members to proceed to Kansas and investigate affairs generally, in that Territory—present and past. Some of the Republicans say that the adoption of the proposition is a success equal to their election of Speaker. They are accordingly jubilant.

XXXIVth CONGRESS.—First Session.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 19.

MILITARY ACADEMY APPROPRIATION.

The Senate passed the Military Academy Appropriation bill.

MR. CLAYTON ON CENTRAL AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

Mr. CLAYTON concluded his remarks on Central American affairs. He stated, on the authority of Mr. VANDERBILT, the President of the Transit Company, that there never was any act on the part of that Company which in any manner encouraged WALKER's invasion in Nicaragua. He referred to W.'s seizure of the Company's property, amounting to nearly a million of dollars, and read letters from Mr. VANDERBILT to Secretary MARCY, in which the former asks for the interposition of the United States Government for redress. The seizure was made on the ground that the Company were indebted to Nicaragua. He (Mr. VANDERBILT) denied such alleged indebtedness, and refused to submit to the award of arbitrators, as the charges were utterly false.

With regard to the settlement of our differences with England three propositions had been made. Arbitration could not be countenanced, because the passage of the Isthmus was necessary for us, and not for Great Britain, and because, with an impartial umpire our case would be clear. Abrogation of the treaty would give a chance to Great Britain to get possessions where she could among us, and as to giving notice to Great Britain to vacate the premises, it was not proper to do so at present. He proposed to continue the negotiations with the hope of bringing Great Britain to reason by argument—meanwhile we should arm in our own defence, protect our coast, build fortifications, and increase our navy—not, however, to make our country rival Great Britain. We should take time to do this. It is our right to do so. War or no war. This is the worst time we could engage in a war with Great Britain. She is armed *cap-a-pie*, capable of throwing 40,000 troops from the Atlantic on our coast, and with the greatest naval armament ever known in the history of the world, while we are almost defenceless. If Great Britain should see we are resolved to enforce our rights by pursuing the doctrine laid down by WASHINGTON—"In time of peace prepare for war"—should see we are building up our fortifications and naval power, the people of England will compel their Government to yield its positions. Since the publication of the correspondence between Lord CLARENDON and Mr. BUCHANAN, public opinion in England has been rapidly tending towards an acknowledgment of the justice of our construction of the treaty. He (CLAYTON) had received, on this point, such information as left no doubt of the fact that our appeal must be from the British Ministry to the British people, who wish to engage in no unjust war with America, but who, at any rate, consequences what they may, if we are driven to the alternative—disgraceful submission or war—we must fight. He could not, however, believe there was any real danger of war. If Senators and Representatives stand firm, and present an undivided front—if we all agree on our rights, and manifest a determination to enforce them, they will be respected. The British people will turn any Ministry out, rather than fight with such a nation as ours.

THE DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION BILL.

The Deficiency Appropriation bill was then considered. Three hundred thousand dollars was appropriated to continue the Washington Aqueduct.

Mr. HAMLIN made an ineffectual effort for an appropriation to the various Custom Houses and Marine Hospitals.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 19.

THE KANSAS CASE.

Mr. BOWIE spoke against Mr. REEDER's position in the Kansas case, and against granting power to send for persons and papers.

Mr. HICKMAN proceeded to close the debate.

Mr. HICKMAN proceeded to close the debate. He said, it was admitted that there had been an invasion of Kansas by armed forces from Missouri, and the rights of the people virtually subverted. Had not the Committee the right to inquire into these facts? He attributed the present troubles to the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, but he would not vote for its restoration. It was basely and ignominiously destroyed—had gone into the arms of debauchees, been deflowered, dishonored, polluted, and cannot be restored to its original sanctity and purity.

He could not, therefore, again take it in his arms. He looked forward to the day when those instrumental in this act of wickedness and folly would repent in sackcloth and ashes.

The House then voted under the operation of the previous question.

Mr. BENNETT (Miss.) had moved to amend the Committee's resolution to send for persons and papers, by substituting JOSEPH H. BRADLEY and STEPHEN S. BARNES as Commissioners clothed with full power to take testimony.

The House adopted by a vote of 104 against 91, in lieu of Mr. BENNETT's proposition, Mr. DUNN's substitute, which provides that the Speaker appoint a Committee of three of the members of the House to proceed to Kansas and take testimony, appropriating $10,000 to pay their expenses, and requesting the President to give them military protection if necessary.

Mr. COBB, of Ga., said as there was now no remaining proposition which ought to be adopted, he moved to lay the subject on the table. Negatived by 98 against 100.

Mr. DUNN's proposition in lieu of the original resolution to send for persons and papers was then adopted by 101 against 92.

YEAS—Messrs. Allison, Ball, Barbour, Barclay, Henry Bennett, Benson, Billinghurst, Bishop, Bliss, Bradshaw, Brenton, Buffington, Burlingame, Campbell of Pa., Campbell of Ohio, Chaffee, Clark of N. Y., Clark of Conn., Clawson, Colfax, Comins, Covode, Cumback, Damrell, Davis of Mass., Day, Dean, Dicks, Dickson, Dodd, Dunn, Durfee, Fall, Edwards, Emrie, Fenton, Galloway, Giddings, Gilbert, Granger, Grow, Hall of Iowa, Hall of Mass., Harlan, Harrison, Haven, Hickman, Horton of N. Y., Horton of Ohio, Howard, Hughston, Kelsey, King, Knapp, Knight, Knowlton, Knox, Leiter, Mace, Matteson, Meacham, Miller of N. Y., Millward, Moore, Morgan, Morrill, Mott, Murray, Nichols, Norton, Andrew Oliver, Parker, Pettit, Pike, Pringle, Ritchie, Robbins, Roberts, Sage, Sapp, Scott, Sherman, Stanton, Stephens, Stratton, Thompson, Todd, Tracy, Trow, Wade, Wakeman, Walbridge, Waldron, Washburn of Wis., Washburn of Ill., Washburn of Me., Watson, Welch, Woodruff, Woodworth, Craig—101.

NAYS—Aiken, Allen, Bell, Bennett of Miss., Bocock, Bowie, Boyce, Branch, Brooks, Bryan, Burnett, Cadwalader, Campbell of Ky., Carlile, Carruthers, Caskie, Clingman, Cobb of Ga., Cobb of Ala., Cox, Craige, Crawford, Davidson, Davis of Md., Dowdell, Edmundson, Hillyer, English, Faulkner, Florence, Fuller of Pa., Gamble, Goode, Harris of Md., Harris of Ala., Harris of Ill., Herbert, Hoffman, Hopkins, Houston, Jones of Tenn., Jones of Penn., Kelly, Kennett, Kidwell, Lake, Letcher, Lindley, Lumpkin, Maclay, Samuel S. Marshall, Humphrey Marshall, Marshall of Ill., Maxwell, McMullen, McQueen, Miller of Iowa, Nelson, Oliver of Mo., Orr, Packer, Pack, Phelps, Porter, Quitman, Ready, Reed, Richardson, Ruffin, Sandidge, Savage, Seward, Shannon, Smith of Tenn., Smith of Va., Stallworth of Ala., Stallworth of S. C., Stephens, Talbott, Thurston, Underwood, Vail, Vail, Walker, Walton, Watkins, Wheeler, Whiting, Whitney, Wright of Ga., Wright of Tenn.—95.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Wednesday, March 19.

PETITIONS.

By Mr. KELLY, in favor of the Crystal Palace.

By Mr. TOWNSEND, from the citizens of Westchester, in favor of a double track and reduction of fares on the New-Haven Railroad.

REPORTS.

By Mr. EMERY, adverse to the bill to amend the Banking Laws. Agreed to.

By Mr. SPENCER, favorably, on the bill relative to the compensation of Collectors of Assessments in New-York—limiting the whole compensation to $8,000.

By Mr. C. P. SMITH, to enable the Justices of the Peace of Brooklyn to appoint their own clerks.

Mr. EMERY gave notice of a bill to permit the sale of land by order of the Supreme Court in case of the idiocy of the owners.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. NOXON, authorizing the Supreme Court to refer certain causes to the County Court to be tried relative to the issue of facts.

By Mr. C. P. SMITH, to authorize the sale of the *Wallabout Burying Ground—in order that the bodies* may be taken up and removed; and to appropriate the proceeds to the purchase of a new Burying Ground. Also, to amend the laws relative to civil and criminal jurisdiction in Brooklyn.

BILLS PASSED.

For the better observance of the Sabbath in New-York and Brooklyn.

A resolution for the appointment of a Committee with power to move forward bills was adopted. Also one declaring that the Legislature will adjourn *sine die* on the 9th of April.

In Committee of the Whole, the Albany Bridge Bill was taken up, and on motion of Mr. BARNES, the enacting clause stricken out by a vote of 16 to 9. Thirteen Senators absent. In the Senate a motion to agree with the report was laid on the table. Subsequently, the further consideration of the bill was made the special order for to-morrow evening, and every evening till disposed of.

The bill relating to interest on money, abolishing the penal features of the Usury laws, was debated by Messrs. WADSWORTH and BARNES, in favor of the measure, and by Messrs. ROSCOE, RICHARDSON and *MAREE, in opposition.*

The bill authorizing the appointment of three Commissioners to select two suitable sites on which to erect two State lunatic asylums—one west of Utica, and one south of Albany,—was referred to a *Select* Committee to report complete.

The bill making provision for insane convicts was passed.

Mr. KELLY's bill, in relation to banks and the banking fund, was recommitted to the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. RICHARDSON moved that the Select Committee to whom was referred the Report of the Vestry of Trinity Church have power to sit during recess, also to send for persons and papers, and administer oaths. Lost. Ayes, 4; Nays, 21.

An invitation to attend the funeral of Mayor PARKER was read by the President, and after appropriate remarks by Senator HARCOURT, the Senate adjourned.

ASSEMBLY....ALBANY, Wednesday, March 19.

Mr. QUIMBY presented a petition from all the owners of property on Broadway, against a railroad through that thoroughfare.

Mr. ARNOUX presented a report from the Judiciary Committee, recommending the change in the Constitution so as to give the appointment of the Judges of the Court of Appeals to the Governor and Senate, the Judges to hold office during life.

REPORTS.

By Mr. GUEST, favorably on the bill authorizing the Common Council of New-York to lease Reservoir-square, New-York.

To allow the Black River and Utica Railroad Company to increase rates of fare.

The bill to amend the Brooklyn Court acts was lost.

The St. Regis Indian Claim bill was passed.

The hour for the funeral of Mayor PARKER was announced, and after remarks by Mr. JENKINS, the House adjourned.

The New-York Tax Bill—The Broadway Railroad, &c.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 19.

The New-York Tax bill came up before the Senate in Committee to-day. Governors TOWNSEND and DRAPER, of the Board of Ten Governors, appeared and made statements that the whole amount that appeared on the Tax bill, which was $985,000, was required for the support of the institutions under the control and direction of the Board of Ten Governors, but of this sum only $652,000 was wanted for the expenses of 1855—the remainder, $165,000, is for repairs and buildings, and the balance for the deficiency of 1855.

To the Railroad Committee of the Assembly, Mr. BURNAP's plan for an elevated railroad in Broadway was submitted.

The Committee to-day came to no decision on the Broadway Railroad bill, in consequence of the absence of Mr. CLARK. There will be two reports.

Funeral of Mayor Parmelee at Albany.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 19.

Notwithstanding the unfavorable weather, there was a very large attendance at the funeral of Mayor PARMELEE. The stores were closed, and many buildings draped in mourning.

Railroad Accidents.

ACCIDENT ON THE BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, March 19.

A collision occurred between two freight trains on the Baltimore and Philadelphia railroad last night near Havre de Grace. GEORGE GOSWIN, the conductor, and WILLIAM TODD, brakeman, were killed. A drover named FLYNN was injured.

The collision occurred at Aberdeen, at about 10 P. M. One of the trains left Baltimore at 6 o'clock, and the other, an extra freight train, about an hour afterwards. The advance train was delayed, waiting for the mail train to pass, and the usual signals were displayed, but, in consequence of the thick snow storm, they could not be seen by the engineer of the rear train—hence the collision. GEORGE D. GOSWIN, the Conductor, was killed instantly. WM. TODD, brakeman, lingered till he was brought to Havre de Grace. The deceased have each left a family. Mr. FLYNN was but slightly injured.

ACCIDENT ON THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 19.

The train which left New-York at 12 o'clock today on the Hudson River Railroad, was thrown from the track when about three miles below this city, by the breaking of some of the running gear of the first passenger car. The first and second passenger cars were pitched down an embankment into a field, landing bottom up.

GEORGE B. WOODWORTH, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Legislature, had both legs broken. JOSEPH RAMSEY, of Greenbush, one leg broken. REUBEN ELLIS, of New-York, injured internally. A Mr. ELLIS, from Fair Haven, N. Y., ankle broken. A lady, name unknown, was severely burned by the stove. Many others were slightly injured. Among the passengers in the first car who escaped injury were Rev. Dr. OSBORN, Rev. C. PHILLIPS and Rev. S. VAN DEUSEN.

Marine Disasters.

DISASTER TO THE BRIG PEERLESS.

HALIFAX, Wednesday, March 19.

The brig *Peerless*, HILTON, seventy days from Cardiff, bound to New-York, put in here yesterday short of provisions. Spoke brig *Eris* on the 17th 20 miles south of Sambro, 40 days from St. Domingo, bound to Boston, short of provisions. She had lost all of her crew with the exception of three men, and intended putting into Liverpool, N. S.

LOSS OF THE WHALING SCHOONER MOUNTAIN SPRING.

BOSTON, Wednesday, March 19.

A letter dated Coast of Africa, Feb. 5, reports the loss of the whaling schooner *Mountain Spring*, of Provincetown, which was capsized in Cintra Bay Jan. 8. Her master, Capt. YOUNG, a boat-steerer named CRESSE, and a cabin-boy named MILLER, were saved; all the rest on board perished.

Steamboat Destroyed—Probable Loss of Life.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, March 12.

It is reported here that the steamboat *Alabama*, plying on the Red River, has been totally destroyed; that the boiler burst, the boat took fire, and was burned to the water. A number of persons were injured, according to the account, and several are missing.

Fire at Holyoke, Mass.

HOLYOKE, MASS., Wednesday, March 19.

The dry house of the Hadley Falls Company was destroyed by fire this afternoon. Loss slight.

The Virginia Legislature Adjourned.

RICHMOND, Wednesday, March 19.

The Virginia Legislature adjourned to-day.

[illegible]

Arrival of the Florida at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Tuesday, March 18.

The steamship *Florida* has arrived here after a passage of sixty hours, from New-York.

NEWS FROM HAVANA.

Movements of the Captain General—Allied Ships in Harbor—Asiatic Emigration—Business, &c.

Correspondence of The New-York Daily Times.

HAVANA, Wednesday, March 12, 1856.

The *Cahawba* is due this morning, but with the several steamers hence for your City, in the few days past, we are left with no interval for the accumulation of interesting news. The most important item in our social and political circles, is the continued absence of the light from the capital, by which we "live and move and have our being"—always excepted the ever present garoté upon the "punta"—when *action* leads that way. Gen. CONCHA, Governor-Captain-General of Cuba, is still on his journey of review, inspection and survey of our "coasts and adjacent waters" that survived even the effects of his blockade edict.

The British ship *Powerful*, MARCY Commander, and brig *Arab*, OGLE, with the cruising French brig *La Pygmée*, make all of the allied maritime forces that we count this morning in our bay.

The new Company of Asiatic shippers begin to receive their "voluntary emigrants" under eight-year contracts, two cargoes having arrived and been disposed of, 554 in number, and two ships on the way with cargoes that will make near 1,600 more, if there are not many suicides, or deaths from more natural causes.

Business languishes. Receipts of sugars and molasses continue light, and with both articles there is decline in price; but the last is the most serious for the holders under contracts made early in the season, who, although having had much good luck, will be out of pocket by heavy losses.

The health everywhere is good, the weather of Eden-born, and labor rejoices under the auspicious influences.

Large Fire in Twenty-second-street and Fourth-avenue—Loss $150,000.

The large six-story brick building, fronting on Twenty-second-street and Fourth-avenue, was, with its contents, almost entirely destroyed by fire last night.

The fire originated about 6 o'clock in one of the upper stories from some cause not yet clearly ascertained, and spread throughout the mammoth edifice with surprising rapidity.

The building was owned and partly occupied by JACOB HOFFCOK, worker in metals, whose loss is estimated at $100,000.

The rest of the building was let out to various parties. STORRS & CUMMING, machinists, lose about $3,000, no insurance; BARNS & BURDSEY, machinists, $6,000; LEVI CHAPMAN, pocket-book manufacturer, sustains also a heavy loss.

The lower portion of the building was occupied as a corn-grinding mill. A considerable portion of the stock was saved.

An adjoining building, occupied by JAMES COOKE & Co., wire-workers, was badly damaged by a falling wall, which caused the extension of the fire. COOKE & Co.'s loss is estimated at $12,000. They are fully insured.

Firemen were present from all parts of the City. The fire continued to burn all night.

The destruction of the building throws 500 hands out of employment.

The Broadway Railroad.

The Councilmen Committee on the Broadway Railroad met yesterday. Mr. A. T. STEWART made the first speech in opposition to a railroad in Broadway. He objected to Mr. SHARP's responsibility, reminding the meeting that he (Mr. SHARP) had the Wall-street Ferry contract, and backed out from it. ALLENSON A. NASH, Esq., stated that Judge STRONG had decided that the Common Council's grant to SHARP was null—they having no business to give it to him when there was a higher bid from a responsible man in their hands.

CHESTER DEWOLF followed on the same side. Dr. FRANCIS made a jolly, fervent and humorous protest against all Broadway railroads. JAMES BONGLEY, Mr. DAVIS and MARCELLUS ELLS took the same ground. On the opposition D. DUDLEY FIELD, Esq., submitted a series of points aiming to establish the validity of the grant. Adjourned to Tuesday next.

Trade Sales.

The great Trade Sale of the "Publishers' Association" opens to-day, at the salesrooms of Messrs. LEAVITT, DERIMER & Co., Nos. 377 and 379 Broadway. Their catalogue is said to be the largest ever printed before in this country. One hundred and sixty-one houses have contributed to this sale. The first names on the catalogue are those of Messrs. D. APPLETON & Co., EDWARD DERIMGAN & BROTHER, JOHN W. LEONARD & Co., of this City, and L. P. CROWN & Co. and BURNHAM BROTHERS, of Boston.

The sale at BANGS & BROTHERS' continues. Yesterday, HARPER's contribution was disposed of.

☞ To-night the *Tenebræ* will be celebrated in the Catholic Churches—to-morrow being "Good Friday." The "three dark days" observed in commemoration of the darkness that overspread the earth at the time of our Saviour's crucifixion commenced yesterday.

☞ The Firemen's Election of Engineers comes off this evening, at their several engine-houses. To-morrow evening the ballots will be canvassed. Over the Fire Department, lately, there has come a great change. Formerly "brutal street fights" between the firemen were as common here as in Philadelphia. Now they are seldom recorded. Under good officers they seldom will.

☞ We had a fine snow storm yesterday. There was probably six inches of it in depth at one time on the ground. But though the snow continued all day, after noon it melted as it fell and much of it ran away.

☞ The funeral of Dr. THOMAS BOYD will be attended to-day, at 4 o'clock, in the Lafayette-place Church. Dr. BOYD died on Tuesday. He was 64 years old, and had practiced 50 years in this City, although for the last few years he had almost entirely withdrawn from practice.

☞ Fifty-one children, from the Children's Aid Society, were dispatched to Western homes yesterday. The parting was a touching time. Good luck to them.

The Disaster at Philadelphia.

From the Bulletin, of yesterday.

The ice was so bad yesterday, that but little was accomplished in the search for the bodies of the missing. But a single body was recovered during the day, and this was the corpse of LUTHER OLNEY, a colored man employed in Brannan's drug store, and leaving a family living in Camden. This swells the list of the dead, whose bodies have been recovered, to twenty.

The work of raising the wreck of the boat was proceeded with last night, and it is expected that the remaining corpse of the station will be found [illegible]

A meeting of the citizens of Camden was held last night, at the Court-house, for the purpose of [illegible]

[illegible]

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A HUMAN LIFE SAVED.

DOWNSVILLE, MARYLAND, [illegible]

J. A. BRAGG, Esq.: Dear Sir: As I think [illegible] to call on complainants, "as every so may," [illegible] in stating its effects as reported to you [illegible] who live in this place, and their testimony is a fair sample of all I have received:

W. S. COWLES told me—"I had taken [illegible] Christian Advocate Journal, and [illegible] using it until my lungs were [illegible] deems that blood discharged from my [illegible] so that all thought it impossible for me to live [illegible] another chill. The doctors, too, did all they could for me, but thought I must die. Nothing did me any good. I got RHODES FEVER AND AGUE CURE, which [illegible] once relieved me of the distress and nausea of my stomach and pain in my head and bowels, and produced a permanent cure in a short time."

H. M. COWLES says: "I had been taking medicine of as good a Doctor as we have in our County, and taken any quantity of quinine and wormwell without any result, from 20th August to 27th December, when [illegible] how already to expectant one case another. I got a bottle of Rhodes' FEVER AND AGUE CURE, which effected a permanent cure by using two-thirds of a bottle."

S. M. COWLES was not here, but both the other testimonies say his case was the same as H. M.'s. I sent the remedy to Both the same day, and the cure was as speedy from the same small quantity, and I might as speedily [illegible]

Yours with respect, A. HUNTINGTON.

The above speaks for itself. Good proof as it is, it is no better than those the vast number of like certificates I have already published, and the most positive [illegible] that is continually pouring in to me.

ONE THING MORE. Last year I had occasion to [illegible] THE PUBLIC in these words:

"I notice one from who have taken one of my [illegible] opinion, substituted the name of their medicine for mine, and then with brazen impudence and their [illegible] with the inscription, 'Let the proprietors of some other medicine say as much if they dare.'" &c.

Now I take pleasure in saying that the CERTIFICATE to the name "Dr. Christie's Ague Balsam" that is [illegible] in the above extract.

There are several other [illegible] imposing to their patronage [illegible] all that I publish relative to Rhodes' Fever and Ague Cure, or Antidote to Malaria, without [illegible] Certificates of Cures, and the Certificate of the [illegible] chemist, Dr. JAMES R. CHILTON, of New-York, to [illegible] its perfectly HARMLESS CHARACTER, which is attached to every bottle. These will always serve to distinguish my medicine from imitations.

JAS. A. RHODES, Proprietor, Providence, R. I.

For sale by BARNES & PAINE, F. C. WHITE, C. H. RING, C. V. CLICKENER & CO., W. S. BURNHAM, A. P. CLARK, [illegible] and all the druggists in New-York and [illegible]

LYON'S NATHAIRON.

The immense popularity of this compound [illegible] is entirely without precedent. [illegible] bottles per year, and the demand is constantly increasing. It restores the hair when it has fallen out; [illegible] beautifies it, imparting to it a beautiful gloss; [illegible] dandruff, and keeps the hair perfectly clean; [illegible] delightful perfume makes it the [illegible] prepared. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. HEATH, WYNKOOP & CO., Proprietors, No. 32 Liberty-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT!

The most important discovery ever made [illegible] to ask himself, is—am I satisfied with my [illegible]

WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES.

For the safest [illegible] of books and valuables. [illegible] procured at once by the dealer

NO. 128 WATER-ST., NEAR WALL, NEW-YORK.

(Or No. 22 Walker-st., Philadelphia.)

and obtain one (before it is too late) secured [illegible] of

WILDER'S POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.

Patentees and Manufacturers.

WINDOW SHADES.

IMPROVEMENTS AND ENTERPRISE.

KELLY & FERGUSSON, No. 293 Broadway, near Walker-st., have, at great expense, [illegible] their business to manufacture for exportation [illegible] SHADES, and are now prepared to supply the trade with an unrivaled assortment, fully THIRTY PER CENT LESS than any other house. [illegible] to manufacture under our patent, none can compete with us either in style or price. Also, GILT CORNICES, BROCATELLE, LAMBRE, DAMASKS, LACE and LINEN CURTAINS, &c.

REAL ESTATE SALES.—OUR READERS in reference to the auction sales of real estate [illegible] part, will learn that ANTHONY BLEECKER & CO. will sell at public auction, TO-DAY, the 20th, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the southwest corner of 4th-av. and 54th-st., 25 feet on way near 42d-st., 6 lots on 52d-st., 6 lots on [illegible] 6 lots on 54th-st., between 4th and 5th-avs., 5 lots on [illegible] 6 lots on 55th-st., 12 lots on [illegible] 6 lots on [illegible] and 1 lot on Park-av., Brooklyn; 1 lot and 2 [illegible] Amity-place, between 2d and 3d-avs.; 1 lot on [illegible] 2 lots on 4th-av., 3 lots on 52d-st., corner of [illegible] and lot on 5th-av.; 1 lot on 55th-st.; 1 lot on [illegible] Maps and particulars can be had at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 7 Broad-st.

THE CRYSTAL PALACE JURORS OF THE American Institute have just confirmed what the jurors of the State Fair at Detroit decided. The Gold Medal duplicated, and the public informed, that JILLINGS' SAFES AND BANK LOCKS are the best in the world, by awarding them, after long and careful examination, and a rigorous test, the highest premium, in competition with all other manufacturers, in exactly the same [illegible] ENT CHILLED AND WROUGHT IRON FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES AND BANK LOCKS, [illegible] comparing them with the best [illegible] making or nature. A full description of the [illegible] World's Fair Commission, No. 115 Broadway.

J. G. MORRIS, Agent, New-York.

ELEGANT CARPETINGS.

SMITH & LOUNSBERRY, NO. 87 BROADWAY, are now prepared to exhibit their new Spring stock of Brussels tapestry, Brussels, 3-ply and ingrain carpetings, [illegible] the assortment will be found [illegible] offered; also, a large stock of oil-cloths of every width, and all other goods connected with the trade.

TIME'S NOBLEST OFFSPRING IS THE LAST; and the last, and best, and most perfect specimen of the Genuin factory in the noblest manufacture of a [illegible] brought out in the United States. It belongs to the [illegible] secrecy of hair, and is the most agreeable article of the [illegible] age; yet the price is so much only four dollars. GENIN, No. 214 Broadway, opposite St. Paul's.

BREED & CO., FASHIONABLE HATTERS, 362 BROADWAY.—Have ready and now offer a full [illegible] Spring and Summer fashion for gentlemen's wear, [illegible] with their improved ventilator, which [illegible] other improvements, render their hats [illegible] comfortable to the head than any ever offered to the public.

STEARNS & MARVIN'S WILDER'S PATENT salamander Safes of every desirable size, of superior and improved finish, secured by Bronson's Patent Burglar Proof La Salle Lock, may be found at the store of the [illegible] at the Sixth No. 146 Water-st., [illegible] After Hours at No. 49 Murray-st. STEARNS & MARVIN.

ONE PRICE CARPET WAREHOUSE.

YOUNG & JAYNE

No. 262 Broadway, cor. Franklin-st.

Importers and dealers in Carpetings of every description. The latest patterns and best styles at the lowest prices.

I COME TO SAVE, NOT TO DESTROY.—DELIGHT'S SPANISH LUSTRAL will surely make the hair grow on bald heads, restore gray hair, prevent its falling, and remove dandruff. For a toilet article it is [illegible] it takes the lead of all other preparations, where it is known. Prepared by J. C. WADLEIGH, Lowell, Mass. Sold in New-York by BARNES & PAINE.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE—THE ORIGINAL, Best, Reliable, the Detectable—the substitute of worthless imitations. True to Nature without the least [illegible] injury to hair or skin, and to counteract the evil effects of bad Dyes. Made and sold, or applied, for 0 cents, at BATC

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Insurance Against Burglary! EXTRAVAGANT [illegible] FOR STORE DOORS, DETECTOR TILL LOCKS, EXTRA SAFE NIGHT LATCHES AND ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF BUILDING HARDWARE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. MANY, BALDWIN & MANY, No. 40 John-st., corner Dutch.

To Daguerreotypists and Photographers.—All Chemicals warranted pure and on the most moderate terms. German Bromine, English Glycerine, Soda, Resublimed Iodine, Salts Gold, Filtering Paper, Nitrate, Acetate and Cyanid Silver, Black and White Varnish, Sulphate Iron, Cyanid Potassium, for sale, in all quantities, by Dr. L. FEUCHTWANGER, No. 62 Maiden-lane. N. B.—Rare metals, such as Platina, Nickel, Bismuth, Manganese, Cadmium and Antimony; also, all Essential Oils, such as Lemon, Bergamotte, Orange, Peppermint, Sassafras, Wintergreen, &c.

Hegeman, Clark & Co.'s (late Rushton, Clark & Co.) GENUINE COD LIVER OIL has stood the test of eight years' experience, and is acknowledged the best and purest article made. See that the Eagle and Mortar are on the label, and our signature over the cork, without which it is not genuine. HEGEMAN, CLARK & CO., Nos. 165, 273, 511, and 756 Broadway. Wholesale Dépôt, No. 165 Broadway.

Boots.—Why pay $6 or $6 for a pair of Boots, when you can get a pair of fine French Calf Boots, with steel shanks, made to order, for $3 75, by A. BAKER, No. 18 Ann-st. Stout Boots, $4; Double Water-proof, $4 50; best French Patent Leather, $5 to $7. You will find a great saving in your boot bills. Try them.

Rushton's Cod Liver Oil—Is doing more for Consumption than anything ever used. Try it and be convinced of its efficacy. All genuine has RUSHTON'S name on it. Only at No. 10 Astor-House, corner of Barclay-st., and No. 417 Broadway, corner of Canal-st.

BEADS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR SALE BY M. P. BROWN, NO. 186 PEARL-ST., NEW-YORK.

Dr. Doremus' Lectures in Brooklyn.—The third and fourth lectures on *The Chemical History of Creation*, at the Packer Institute, are postponed, by request of the audience, until the EVENINGS of MONDAY, 24th, and THURSDAY, 27th of March, in consequence of the Concert in behalf of the "Home for Respectable Aged Indigent Females."

Lectures of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association.—Rev. JOHN LORD will deliver the fourth lecture in the course THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at Clinton Hall, commencing at 8 o'clock. Subject—*St. Augustine*. Tickets to be obtained at the Broadway Bookstores, at Library of the Association, and at the door. CHAS. SELDEN, Ch'n, of the Com.

Singing Classes, Clinton Hall, Astor-place.—By Prof. EDMUND ANDRADE, after the simplified, wonder-working French method. Mondays and Thursdays. The afternoon class will open on Thursday, March 20, at 4 o'clock P. M. Evening class as usual, 7½. New scholars should come at 7.

Spring Millinery.—At No. 124 Bowery, third door above Broome-st. Opening day Thursday, 20th inst. Mrs. TIBBALS, formerly of Broadway, solicits a call.

Post-office Notice.—The Mails for California, &c., per United States steamer *George Law*, will close at this office on THURSDAY, the 20th day of March, at 1 o'clock, P. M. ISAAC V. FOWLER, Postmaster.

Bank Gold Pen Manufactory, No. 187 Broadway, GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. JOHN FOLEY, Manufacturer.

PERSONAL.

ADA.—Do not go away; I will forgive, and, if possible, forget. I love you still. Write to me. I entreat of you. I am your best, and, in truth, your only friend. Come to me. J. L.

F. E.—Your note is received. Call at No. 8 to-day or to-morrow at 3 o'clock P. M. D.

WANTED.

SITUATIONS WANTED—By two respectable efficient young women, in City or country; one is a competent cook, will assist in washing and ironing, could take a place as laundress; the other is a first-rate chambermaid and waitress, can make up fine clothes in the neatest manner; both can be highly recommended from their last places in this City, and also Brooklyn. Apply at No. 271 Bowery, this day or to-morrow.

SITUATION WANTED—As teacher or governess, by a young lady, a graduate of one of the largest and best Female Seminaries in this country, [illegible] in another large Seminary; is perfectly capable of teaching English, Latin and Greek, and partially French and Music. The best of references given. New-York or vicinity preferred. Address G. T. N., *Times* office.

SITUATION WANTED—By an Englishman and his wife, without family, to take charge of a farm; have had several years' experience in this country, and are perfectly acquainted with farming, in all its various branches, and have good recommendations. A line addressed to G. WEBB, 572 Water-st., will be attended to.

SITUATION WANTED—An American lady, of some experience, wishes to obtain a situation as housekeeper in a private family, in this City. Address S. H., No. 119 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

SITUATION WANTED—By an American, to drive a horse and cart or an express wagon. He is well acquainted with the City. Address J. S., 64 White-st.

MERCANTILE AND TRADE AGENCY.—Orders are respectfully solicited from merchants, manufacturers, trustees of schools, railroad and steamboat companies, &c., for book-keepers, salesmen, school-teachers, mechanics, agents, artists and others, which will be promptly and faithfully executed free of all expense to the employers. ANDERSON & PHELPS, Office No. 306 Broadway, room No. 4.

TO PRINCIPALS OF SCHOOLS.—Wanted by a lady who is fully competent, an engagement to teach the piano-forte, and assist in the common English branches if required; or would give music lessons in a private family in exchange for board. Good references given. Address M. H., No. 562 8th-av., between 38th and 39th sts., three days.

INSTRUCTION.—A lady, fully qualified to teach Music, French and English branches, is desirous of procuring a home in some private family (in New-York or Brooklyn) where her services as instructress (for a few hours each day) would be a compensation for her board. The highest testimonials as to character and abilities will be given. Address Box No. 2,334.

INSTRUCTION.—A young lady, experienced in teaching, would like a situation in a private family in this City or in Brooklyn, where two hours' daily instruction in the common English branches and music will be considered a compensation for her board. Address S. M., No. 120 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

PRINCIPAL WANTED—For a boys' boarding and day-school, situated within fifteen miles of New-York City, in a pleasant and healthy locality. Net profits of the school over $1,200. Satisfactory reasons will be given for the present principal's selling. To a man who has a capital of $1,000 or $1,500, a fine opportunity is offered. Address P. R., Times office.

HAVE YOU A GOOD DOMESTIC?—If not call at the Employment Office, No. 470 6th-av., bet. 28th-st. and 29th-st., and get one immediately who is both willing and competent. There is a separate room for employers who desire it. N. B. Protestant girls wanted to fill various situations in respectable families. J. H. FONDA, Manager.

A SOPRANO AND ALTO—Desire engagement, either together or separately, in a quartette choir of some Protestant church. Address ALTO, Union-square Post-Office.

ENTRY CLERK WANTED—A young man, who writes a good hand and has had some experience—salary moderate. Apply for two days from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., to FENTON, LEE & CO., No. 23 Cortlandt-st.

A RESPECTABLE WIDOW WOMAN—Having a fine healthy female child, would like to find some respectable person to adopt it. She can be seen for a week at No. 36 Pearl-st., attic room.

PROTESTANT EMPLOYMENT SOCIETY—And Society for the encouragement of Faithful Domestics, established A. D. 1835, in Chambers-st., now at No. 7 Carmine near Bleecker-st. The best of servants always in this office. JOHN YOUNG, Manager.

PROTESTANT WOMAN WANTED—In a small private family, a short distance from the City, to cook and assist in the washing and ironing. None but a competent cook need apply at No. 109 East 14th-st., between 10 and 2 o'clock.

PROTESTANT GIRL WANTED—As seamstress, and to assist in light chamberwork. One who is kind to children, and understands cutting and fitting [illegible] can obtain a first rate situation by applying to No. [illegible]

PROTESTANT NURSE WANTED—English [illegible] preferred, that is a good seamstress, and will take the care of two small children. Good City references required. Apply to No. 136 Congress-st., South Brooklyn.

PROTESTANT WOMAN WANTED—To [illegible] wash and iron. Good recommendations required. Apply at No. 80 Lexington-av., after 9 A. M.

ASSISTANT TEACHER WANTED—In a boarding and day-school for boys. He must be a graduate, and a thorough scholar in Languages and Mathematics. Address PRINCIPAL, Orange, Essex Co., N. J.

COACHMAN WANTED—A tip-top coachman, with the highest testimonials; must be of good appearance, height about five feet ten, and in every particular a first-class servant. The advertiser to be seen at No. 140 Grand-st.

BOY WANTED—In a law office, between 15 and 18 years of age, and of neat personal appearance. Address in handwriting of applicant, Box No. 1,891, Post-Office, New-York.

SMART ACTIVE BOY WANTED—In an importing house. One that resides with his parents preferred. Address Box No. 2,[illegible] Post-Office.

TWO OR THREE ACTIVE BOYS [illegible] of good character and ability, not over [illegible] years of age. [illegible] BOWEN, [illegible] & CO., No. 112 Broadway.

WANTED.

GIRLS WANTED.—Girls well recommended can now be supplied with first-rate situations of various kinds in the City and Country. We want about 100 good servants. Apply at No. 11 Sixth-avenue, or No. 163 Bowery. C. MASON.

TO PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS.—A smart active boy, from the country, 16 years of age, wishes a situation to learn the above trade. Any person wishing a faithful and industrious apprentice, address EDGAR, Broadway Post-Office.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

WILL BE READY AT 10 O'CLOCK:

HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE FOR APRIL.

CONTENTS:

ISRAEL PUTNAM. Illustrated by Thirteen Engravings.
MADEIRA, PORT AND SHERRY. Illustrated by Twelve Engravings.
A HOME IN THE CINNAMON ISLE. Illustrated by Six Engravings.
THE RESURRECTION FLOWER. Illustrated by Four Engravings.
PAUPERTOWN.
STORY OF EMILE ROQUE.
THE SENSES.—HEARING.
PAUL ALLEN'S WIFE, AND HOW HE FOUND HER.
SNAKE CHARMING. By A. M. HENDERSON, M. D.
A NIGHTLY SCENE IN LONDON. By CHARLES DICKENS.
HOW I WAS DISCARDED. By a Married Man.
THE DOPPELGANGER.
HOW THE DESTRUCTION OF TREES AFFECTS THE RAIN.
LITTLE DORRITT. By CHARLES DICKENS. *Illustrations*—Mr. F.'s Aunt is conducted into Retirement—Little Dorrit's Party.
CHAPTER XII.—Bleeding Heart Yard.
CHAPTER XIII.—Patriarchal.
CHAPTER XIV.—Little Dorrit's Party.
MONTHLY RECORD OF CURRENT EVENTS.
LITERARY NOTICES.
BOOKS OF THE MONTH.
EDITOR'S TABLE.
EDITOR'S EASY CHAIR.
EDITOR'S DRAWER.
FOOLISH FOLK'S.—ALL FOOL'S DAY SKETCHES. —*Illustrations*—The Musical Fool—The Literary Fool—The Stage-Struck Fool—The Fast Fool—The Aristocratic Fool—The Political Fool—The Military Fool—The Inquisitive Fool—The Pedestrian Fool—The Visionary Fool—The Moneyed Fool—A Bashful Fool—An April Fool—The Verdant Fool—The Matrimonial Fool—Not a Bit of a Fool.
FASHIONS FOR APRIL. *Illustrations*—Promenade and Dinner Toilets—Mantilla—Infant's Robe.

The publishers of HARPER'S MAGAZINE take pleasure in announcing that they have purchased the advance sheets of *Little Dorrit*, the New Serial Tale by CHARLES DICKENS. This Story is to be issued in England in Monthly Parts, at *Twenty-five Cents* each. These Parts will appear Complete, with all the original Illustrations, in successive Numbers of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, at a cost to subscribers of about TWO CENTS each! The fourth Part appears in this Magazine for this month.

This work of Mr. DICKENS will occupy only about one-tenth of each Number of the Magazine, and will in no wise interfere with the usual variety of its contents, which will comprise, as heretofore, a larger amount of Original Matter than is furnished by any other Magazine in the country.

From the N. Y. Christian Advocate and Journal.

It sustains its well-earned reputation, both for the variety and quality of its contents. There is much to instruct, as well as to amuse all classes of readers; and we deem it fortunate for the country that the most popular Magazine of the United States is avowedly an ally in the cause of virtue and morality. We have seen no article in this (March) or any past number which a Christian man would not desire his family to read.

From the Methodist Protestant (Baltimore).

It is the foremost Magazine of the day. The fireside never had a more delightful companion, nor the million a more entertaining friend than HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

From the New-York Observer.

The most popular monthly in the world. It has become one of the literary wonders of this country. Almost exclusively composed of the works of American authors and artists, it pays its contributors some twenty-five hundred dollars monthly. It is a happy circumstance that it aims at the highest standard of literature and the purest of morals in all its pages.

TERMS—The Magazine may be obtained of Booksellers, Periodical Agents, or from the Publishers, at THREE DOLLARS a year, or TWENTY-FIVE CENTS a Number. The Semi-annual Volumes, as completed, neatly bound in Cloth, are sold at TWO DOLLARS each, and Muslin Covers are furnished to those who wish to have their back Numbers uniformly bound, at TWENTY-FIVE CENTS each. Eleven Volumes are now ready, bound.

The Publishers will supply Specimen Numbers gratuitously to Agents and Postmasters, and will make liberal arrangements with them for circulating the Magazine. They will also supply Clubs of two persons at Five Dollars a year, or five persons at Ten Dollars. Clergymen and Teachers supplied at Two Dollars a year.

HARPER & BROTHERS, Publishers.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,

THE COURTESIES OF WEDDED LIFE.

BY MRS. MADELINE LESLIE.

First edition of 3,000 copies ordered in advance of publication.

Second edition of 2,000 in Press.

This is a work of rare merit, designed for all who have been, are, or would be married. It is an able vindication of the Divine institution of marriage, not didactic but descriptive, and most admirably adapted to control the judgment and heart, to multiply and perpetuate the [illegible] and joys of wedded life.

It delights those who have read it, either in manuscript or in sheets. Read what they say:

From Our Critic.

A series of life-like pictures, woven into a story of no ordinary interest, simple and beautiful in style, true to nature in its scenes and characters, which are drawn with the skill of an artist, most pure and elevated in its moral tone, and bidding fair to be a great favorite with the public.

From the Boston Daily Atlas.

It will delight our readers, and shed new light on the time-honored institution of marriage.

From the Evening Transcript.

Its style is beautiful for simplicity, naturalness, and control over the sentiments and emotions of the reader, its characters well sustained, and its moral tone worthy of the highest praise.

From the Boston Daily Journal.

A narrative of facts most skillfully embellished, containing scenes of thrilling interest, conformed in style to the best standards, and most pure and salutary in its social and moral influence.

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It should be read by every husband and wife, and by all who expect to sustain such relation, to make them therein wiser, better and happier.

A copy of this work will be mailed to any part of the United States and British Provinces, free of postage, on the receipt of $1, by the publishers.

SHEPARD, CLARK & CO., No. 110 Washington-st., Boston.

For sale by all booksellers and news agents.

30,000 IN ONE MONTH!

ERNEST LINWOOD.

By MRS. CAROLINE LEE HENTZ.

Although but a single month has passed since the first copy of this brilliant book was issued, yet so great has been the demand for the last and most beautiful work from the pen of the lamented authoress, that we are now printing the

TWENTIETH THOUSAND,

With unabated demand still pressing us. Since the days of the Lamplighter, no book has sold so rapidly, or become so universally popular.

Col. FULLER, of the New-York *Mirror*, in one of the most elegant articles ever penned, in regard to authors, or their productions, uses the following strong and beautiful language:

ERNEST LINWOOD.

"Death darkens his eye, and unplumes his wings,
But the sweetest song is the last he sings."

In the volume entitled "Ernest Linwood," just issued by Jewett & Co., of Boston, we have the dying song of the elegant and gifted Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz. Mournfully sweet, like the sigh of an Æolian lyre, yet deep and oracular as the voice of many waters, it seems to have been poured forth while her soul floated down to the ocean of Rest. On almost every page, we can trace the shadow of the death-angel, who bore her away when her song was ended. Mysterious gleams from beneath the uplifting veil of Spirit-land startle us as we read. The book is a broadcast farewell—a lingering hand-grasp from one we loved. If we mistake not, its most impressive passages are revelations of the inner life of the writer—wonderfully vivid and absorbing, because wonderfully real.

We will not attempt to follow out, in this notice, the thread of an inimitable tale; in so doing, we should only anticipate scenes and events, which come, with beautiful linkings and fine effect, before the eye of the reader. We would not rob the book of half its charm.

Sweet Gabriella Lynn will tell her own story.

Published by JOHN P. JEWETT & CO., No. 117 Washington-st., Boston.

For sale by all Booksellers.

AGENTS WANTED TO CIRCULATE

A POPULAR CYCLOPÆDIA OF MODERN DOMESTIC MEDICINE.

Comprising every recent improvement in medical knowledge; with a plain account of THE MEDICINES IN COMMON USE. By KEITH IMRAY, M. D.

To which are prefixed by the American editor, popular treatises upon Anatomy, Physiology, Surgery, Dietetics, and the management of the sick.

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14. It will lead to a just and high appreciation of medical science and skill, and a due respect for the physician.

It can confidently be recommended to Physicians and Apothecaries, as well as to the public, as a book that will be found singularly convenient for ready reference.

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And for sale only by the Publishers and their Agents. Price $4, and sent by mail free of postage.

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A PRICED LIST OF FLOWERING TREES AND SHRUBS, ROSES, HEDGE-PLANTS, &c.—Suitable for all soils and exposures, [illegible] from $1 per 100, upwards, will be forwarded gratis to any address. Also, a catalogue of CHOICEST FRUITS, with prices. Carriage of packages paid to New-York. B. M. WATSON, Old Colony Nurseries, Plymouth, Mass.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

MISS CURTIS'S NEW WORK.

CELESTINE; or, WOMEN'S TRIALS AND TRIUMPHS.

Advertised as ready in the Times of yesterday by mistake, will not be ready for publication till about the 1st of April. DEWITT & DAVENPORT, No. 160 and 162 Nassau-st.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY,

HENRI DE LA TOUR; OR, THE COMRADES IN ARMS.

BY J. F. SMITH,

Author of "Minnie Gray," etc. Large octavo. Paper. Price 50 cents.

This well-written work has been pronounced by good judges to be the best of all Mr. SMITH's productions. This is saying a great deal, considering that gentleman is the author of "Minnie Gray," and "Woman and Her Master,"—works which have become famous with novel readers. The scene of the present work is laid in England and the Crimea, and the time is at present. In fact, it is a tale of the pending war, waged by the Allies against the Empire of Russia. With such dramatic material, the author could not write a poor book.

The following novels, by the same popular author, are issued by GARRETT & CO., and are for sale by all Booksellers in the United States:

J. F. SMITH'S CELEBRATED NOVELS.

Charles Vavasseur	50	Gus Howard, illustrated	50
Henri D'La Tour	50	Rochester, illustrated	50
The Virgin Queen	50	The Unknown Heiress	50
Woman and her Master	50	Amy Lawrence, illust'd	50
Fred. Vernon	75	Stanfield Hall, 16 eng	1 00
Harry Ashton, illustrated	50	Romance of the Queens of England 12mo, cloth, gilt	1 00
Ellen DeVere, 200 pages	25		
Fred. Arden	50		
Minnie Gray, illustrated	50		

GARRETT & CO., Publishers, No. 18 Ann-st.

HARPER'S STORY BOOKS FOR APRIL.

HARPER'S STORY BOOKS, A MONTHLY SERIES OF NARRATIVES, BIOGRAPHIES AND TALES, for the Instruction and Entertainment of the Young. By JACOB ABBOTT. Embellished with numerous and beautiful Engravings.

TERMS.—Each number of "HARPER'S STORY BOOKS" will contain 160 pages, in small quarto form, very beautifully illustrated, and printed on superfine calendered paper.

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The Publishers will supply Specimen Numbers gratuitously to Agents and Postmasters, and will make liberal arrangements with them for circulating the work. They will also supply Clubs of two persons at Five Dollars a year, or five persons at Ten Dollars. Clergymen and Teachers supplied at Two Dollars a year. Numbers from the commencement can be supplied. Also, the bound Volumes.

Five Volumes are now ready, elegantly bound in Muslin, gilt, (each Volume containing three Numbers.) Price $1 each.

Seventeen Numbers are now ready, viz.:

ELFRED; or, the Blind Boy and his Pictures.
JOHN TRUE; or, the Christian Experience of an Honest Boy.
THE STORY OF AMERICAN HISTORY, from the earliest Settlement of the Country to the Establishment of the Federal Constitution.
THE STORY OF ENGLISH HISTORY, from the earliest Periods to the American Revolution.
THE STORY OF ANCIENT HISTORY, from the earliest Periods to the Fall of the Roman Empire.
THE STUDIO; or, Illustrations of the Theory and Practice of Drawing, for Young Artists at Home.
FRANKLIN, the Apprentice Boy.
THE HARPER ESTABLISHMENT; or, how the Story Books are made.
TIMBOO AND FANNY; or, the Art of Self Instruction.
TIMBOO AND JOLIBA; or, the Art of being Useful.
VIRGINIA; or, a Little Light on a very Dark Saying.
EMMA; or, the Three Misfortunes of a Belle.
FRANK; or, the Philosophy of Tricks and Mischief.
THE LITTLE LOUVRE; or, the Boys' and Girls' Picture Gallery.
THE STRAIT GATE; or, the Rule of Exclusion from Heaven.
WILLIE AND THE MORTGAGE: Showing how much may be accomplished by a Boy.
BRUNO; or, Lessons of Fidelity, Patience and Self-denial, taught by a Dog.

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HUMBOLDT'S IMPORTANT WORK ON CUBA. NOW READY:

THE ISLAND OF CUBA.

BY ALEXANDER HUMBOLDT. TRANSLATED FROM THE SPANISH, WITH NOTES AND A PRELIMINARY ESSAY. BY J. S. THRASHER. BRINGING DOWN THE HISTORY TO THE PRESENT TIME. With a Map. 12mo; price $1 25.

It is believed this work, by the eminent Humboldt, now first presented to the public, under the auspices of a gentleman whose facilities have rendered his position invaluable for such a purpose, will be read with interest by the Public. An accurate and minute Map, from the latest Spanish authorities, accompanies the book.

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Physical Aspect.	Internal Communications.
Climate.	Revenue.
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From the New-Orleans Courier.

This excellent work has never been presented in English, and will be welcomed with pleasure by many thousands who will lose no time in availing themselves of it as a source of information on a subject of growing interest and importance. It will be enriched by considerable additions, written by the translator, which will put the reader in possession of a knowledge of the present social, financial and political condition of the Cubans. The knowledge which Mr. Thrasher has of Cuba from a long residence there, and from his having devoted many years to a study of its condition and its relation to the mother country and the United States, eminently qualifies him for the preparation of such a work. Of the merits of the original no doubt can be entertained. Wherever science is cultivated the name of Humboldt is justly honored. We shall await the appearance of this work to make more extended comments.

DERBY & JACKSON, Publishers, New-York.

Can be ordered through any bookseller.

REMOVAL.

CHARLES SCRIBNER has removed to Nos. 377 and 379 Broadway.

NEW WORKS IN PRESS, AND NEARLY READY FOR PUBLICATION, BY CHARLES SCRIBNER.

I.—THE THREE GARDENS—Eden, Gethsemane and Paradise; or, Man's Ruin, Redemption and Restoration. By Rev. WM. ADAMS, D. D. 1 vol. 12mo, $1 25.
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III.—THE SECOND MARRIAGE. By CHARLES BURDETT. 1 vol. 12mo.
IV.—LIFE OF PRINCE TALLEYRAND. 1 vol. 12mo, with portrait.
V.—REALITY; Or, THE MILLIONAIRE'S DAUGHTER. By Mrs. L. C. TUTHILL. 1 vol. 12mo, $1.
VI.—A KEY TO THE BIBLE; or, The Principles of Common Sense, by which the Scriptures should be interpreted. By Rev. DAVID DOBIE. 1 vol., 12mo.
VII.—THREE PER CENT. A MONTH. By CHARLES BURDETT. 1 vol., 12mo.

AWFUL CATASTROPHE ON THE DELAWARE.

BURNING OF A PHILADELPHIA AND CAMDEN FERRY-BOAT.

Terrible scenes during the excitement! will all be illustrated in No. 16 of FRANK LESLIE'S ILLUSTRATED NEWSPAPER. PUBLISHED SATURDAY NEXT, MARCH 22.

IRVING'S

LIFE OF WASHINGTON.

G. P. PUTNAM & CO., No. 321 Broadway.

STATIONERY.—CHARLES H. LYON & BROTHERS, No. 35 Beekman-st.—ENVELOPES AND WRITING PAPERS.—We are now furnishing to the Trade the most extensive and varied assortment of the above goods to be found in this country. Our stock, which is larger than ever before, comprises every grade of quality and price, including the latest and most approved styles, which we are offering at prices unusually low.

With increased facilities for manufacturing, and recent improvements in the process, we are now able to keep pace with the increasing demand for our Envelopes, and at the same time to furnish an article of superior workmanship.

To large buyers we are prepared to offer extraordinary inducements by reason of our large contracts with some of the best paper mills in the United States.

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The above gilt or plain, ruled or unruled, wove, laid and fancy laid, White, Buff, Canary, Lilac, (colors separate or assorted,) &c., embracing various shades of quality and price.

Orders from any part of the United States promptly attended to. CHAS. H. LYON & BROTHER, No. 35 Beekman-st., New-York.

PUBLICATION OF THE LONDON JOURNAL IN NEW-YORK.—On SATURDAY, March 22, the LONDON JOURNAL will be published at No. 60 Nassau-st., New-York; price: Two cents weekly. J. SMITH begs to inform booksellers and publishers, that he has made arrangements with the proprietor of the LONDON JOURNAL, to publish that work simultaneously with the time of publishing in London: No. 573, to be published on March 22d, will be the commencement of a new volume, and also that of a new romance, of great interest, by the author of "Whitefriars." All communications to be addressed to J. SMITH, No. 60 Nassau-st., New-York.

NEW MUSIC.—Just published, the following songs, which, for the beauty of their melodies, artistic arrangement, or sentiment of their words, will not fail meeting a cordial welcome from the musical public: "They Are Gone, They Are Gone," T. WOOD, 25 cents; "The Blind Orphan Boy," same author, 25 cents; "We'll Not Forget Thee, Mother," same author, 25 cents. Also, the popular operatic songs, by ELIZA VALENTINE: "The Glance of Love," and "I Never Can Be Thine," 25 cents each. HORACE WATERS, agent for the most celebrated pianos and melodeons, No. 333 Broadway. Music cheaper than elsewhere in the City. These six songs for $1, postage paid.

NEW MUSIC.—"Be Kind to Each Other," by [illegible] 25 cents. [illegible] COOK & BRO., 345 Broadway.

IVISON & PHINNEY—Have removed from No. 178 Fulton-st. to No. 321 Broadway.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

BURNING OF THE PHILADELPHIA FERRY-BOAT! THRILLING ILLUSTRATIONS. IN THE NEW-YORK LEDGER, Which will be issued on next SATURDAY MORNING, will be given FOUR SPLENDID ILLUSTRATIONS, One of them four columns in width, of the BURNING of the PHILADELPHIA FERRY-BOAT and THRILLING SCENES connected therewith. Also, the great story of NORMA DANTON, FANNY FERN'S SKETCHES, and its usual variety of BEAUTIFUL ILLUSTRATIONS. Price only four cents. For sale by all News-dealers.

A TALE OF THRILLING INTEREST. PUBLISHED THIS DAY.

THE OCEAN QUEEN; OR, THE SEAMAN'S BRIDE.

By the author of "The Pale Lily," etc. Price, 25 cents. Published and for sale, by GARRETT & CO., No. 18 Ann-st. Also for sale by all Booksellers.

PATENT SYSTEM OF WRITING. EVERY ONE HIS OWN TEACHER.

MACLAURIN'S PATENT SYSTEM OF WRITING.

PATENTED BY U. S. GOVERNMENT, FEB. 14, 1855. IN A SET OF 8 BOOKS. PRICE $2 PER SET. ONE SET CAN BE USED BY A DOZEN LEARNERS. Sent by mail, prepaid, to any part of the Union, on receipt of the price. Schools and Dealers supplied on liberal terms. Published by W. S. MACLAURIN & CO., No. 345 Broadway, New-York.

TO TEACHERS.—The author will attend personally to the introduction of the system into schools wishing to adopt it.

THE NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE of this week is now ready. It contains the best report published of the COX DIVORCE CASE, and some outside matters connected with the case not elsewhere published. Its CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE is more than usually interesting—both Domestic and Foreign. Its Correspondence is ample and spicy; and, take it all in all, it is one of the most readable papers published in this country. ROSS, JONES & TOUSEY, Agents, No. 103 Nassau-st., New-York.

CAMILLE, DUMAS' GREAT WORK, Now performing at LAURA KEENE'S VARIETIES, Can be procured (being the original story) at DE WITT & DAVENPORT'S, Nos. 160 and 162 Nassau-st.

CLEAR THE TRACK FOR THE PICAYUNE.—The Broadway Railroad will be showed up in the PICAYUNE, of to-morrow morning, in large and telling cuts.

No. 1 shows the railway on the elevated plan, as proposed by the capitalists at the head of the movement.

No. 2 shows the absurdity of the railway laid down in the ordinary manner. Both these will show that the relief given to Broadway in the proposed measure will consist in relieving it of its business, its pleasures, its passengers, and its beauty.

Also, characteristic sketches of pictures now on exhibition at the National Academy of Design. They are rich, and will amuse both those who are hit and those who are not.

David Dufficks is continued, and the editorial columns of the "PIC" are filled with all sorts of comic, serio-comic, and decidedly serious things on a variety of subjects, persons and things, to suit all tastes but a depraved one. Price 3 cents. Sold at all the news dépôts. WM. H. LEVISON, Editor and Proprietor, Office, No. 114 Nassau-st.

THE IRISH NEWS—A weekly journal edited by the proprietor, THOMAS FRANCIS MEAGHER, dedicated to the service of the Irish people, at home and abroad, will be published every SATURDAY, on and after the 12th of April, at No. 29 Ann-st., cor. of Nassau-st.

KIGGINS & KELLOGG—Offer special inducements to BOOK AND BLANK BOOK buyers, at their new store, Nos. 123 and 125 William-st., between John and Fulton sts.

CARD.—My friends and the public are respectfully informed that the edition of the "Horse Story" has all been distributed. ARTHUR T. JONES, No. 115 Broadway.

SLOTE & JANES—Stationers, Printers and Blank Book Manufacturers, have removed to No. 93 Fulton-st., (near William,) opposite their late store.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A few single gentlemen may obtain good rooms, with partial board, by applying at No. 6 Bond-st.

BOARD WANTED.—A gentleman requires, immediately, partial board for himself, and full board for an elderly lady, in a private family, or where there are few boarders. The advertiser requires two bed-rooms, and a room suitable for a parlor, (all unfurnished.) Location not above 5th-st., and not far from Broadway. Terms must be moderate, and no moving in May. Address RANDALL, Office of *Daily Times*, for two days, stating particulars.

BOARD WANTED—Rooms suitable for a Physician's office, in the vicinity of 4th-av. and 24th-st. Private families having such accommodation, or those contemplating a change this coming May, can meet with a permanent and desirable occupant by addressing SCALPEL, Union-square Post-Office, for one week. Unexceptionable references given.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A small family, having a whole house and more room than they require, would accommodate two or three gentlemen and their wives, or a few single gentlemen, with rooms and partial board. The house and location are very desirable. Fourth house from Hanson-place, in Canton-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING HOUSES—Registered and supplied with occupants on the most liberal terms. Board seekers directed gratis, at the BOARDING HOUSE REGISTRY, No. 293 Broadway, room No. 4. Also all kinds of business bought and sold. Partners procured on commission.

PRIVATE BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with good board and pleasant rooms by applying at No. 338 Henry-st., five minutes' walk from the South and Wall-st. Ferries. References required.

No. 219 EIGHTH-AVENUE—BOARDING.—A gentleman and his wife, or a few single gentlemen, can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and board. Terms moderate. Also, day boarders accommodated. Dinner at 6 o'clock P. M.

PAPER HANGINGS.

REMOVAL.

FRANCIS PARES & CO., Have removed from No. 59 Chambers-st. to No. 336 BROADWAY, CORNER OF WORTH-ST., where may be found the largest and the best assortment of DECORATIVE PAPER HANGINGS. Suitable for every style of house architecture. Also every article in the same line for CITY AND COUNTRY DEALERS.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

POSTAL REFORM MEETING.—The Committee appointed at the POSTAL REFORM MEETING, held at the Merchants' Exchange, on the 28th of January, with instructions to call "a larger and more general Public Meeting," have decided on holding the same at the large Chapel of the University, Washington-square, on MONDAY EVENING next, March 24, at 7½ o'clock; Hon. LUTHER BRADISH in the Chair. An address will be read, and several distinguished speakers will address the meeting. Every indication seems to point to the present as the time for a broad and effective POSTAL REFORM, and nothing is required but the voice of public opinion to accomplish it. Several distinguished statesmen in the present Congress have expressed themselves in favor of a thorough change in our Postal Establishment, and if the people vigorously express their opinion on the subject, their voice will command attention.

THOMAS TILESTON,	PETER COOPER,
JAMES HARPER,	SAMUEL D. BABCOCK,
ROBERT L. STUART,	THEODORE SEDGWICK,
GEORGE H. MOORE,	PLINY MILES,
JAMES M. BROWN,	ISAAC V. FOWLER,
JAMES LEE,	WM. H. APPLETON,
WM. B. DUNCAN,	JOHN E. WILLIAMS,
THOMAS B. STILLMAN.	

AMERICAN GEOGRAPHICAL AND STATISTICAL SOCIETY.—A paper on *Meteorology* will be read on THURSDAY EVENING, March 20, by B. DE WITT BLOODGOOD, Esq. Admission free.

TO WIDOW PENSIONERS.—Widows of *officers or soldiers of the Revolution*, (married after 1800,) now receiving or entitled to a pension under the act of 3d February, 1853, upon sending name and address to Box No. 3,395, New-York City Post-Office, or Box No. 142, Washington City Post-Office, D. C., will at once receive information how, without trouble or delay, they can obtain the arrears of four years and eleven months due them respectively.

WHISKERS OR MOUSTACHES—Produced in six weeks by my ONGUENT, which will not stain or injure the skin. $1 a bottle. Sent to any part of the country. R. G. GRAHAM, No. 365 Broadway; SPALDING, No. 27 Tremont-row, Boston; BRIGGS, No. 57 State-st., Albany; HAYES, No. 175 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; MESER, No. 44 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.

THOMAS E. SUTTON, THE PRINTER—No. 143 Fulton-st., will furnish you with handsomely-printed cards, circulars, bill-heads, notices, receipts, checks, blanks, labels, merchants' store-bills, or any other kind of plain or fancy job printing, at short notice and low prices. Printing in gold, silver, and ruby bronzes. Designs for bills, cards, &c.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN—J. W. SMITH, M.D., Dentist, No. 96 Clark-st., Brooklyn, takes pleasure in informing his patrons and the public that he is prepared to extract and operate upon the teeth (after Dr. Branche's new method) without giving pain, avoiding all the dangers incident to chloroform and ether, it being perfectly harmless in all cases.

KANSAS HO!—The New-York Kansas League will send first and second-class trains to Kansas, April 1. Parties less than twenty sent daily. Apply to GEO. WALTER, General Superintendent, No. 361 Broadway, second floor, New-York.

OFFICE BOYD'S CITY EXPRESS POST, March 20, 1856.
THIS OFFICE WILL BE CLOSED—This day after the 12 o'clock delivery, in consequence of the decease of the proprietor's father. THOMAS BOYD, M.D. JOHN HOWLETT, Head Clerk.

THE MANHATTAN GAS LIGHT COMPANY—Hereby give notice, that, from and after the 1st day of October next, the price of their gas will be reduced from Three Dollars to Two and a half dollars per 1,000 cubic feet. S. E. HOWARD, Secretary.

DRY GOODS.

CURTAIN MATERIALS. SATIN DAMASKS, LAMPASETTS, BROCATELS, SATIN LAINES, TAPESTRIES, LACE CURTAINS, CORNICES, TASSELS, GIMPS, &c., &c., &c. New Goods this season. A. T. STEWART & CO. Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

TO THE FIRE DEPARTMENT. SMITH BROTHERS, Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st., New-York, Manufacturers of Fire Clothes. Call the attention of firemen to their large stock of drab and blue beaver, pilot and felt cloths which they have now on hand. Samples of their fire coats can be seen at their stores. SMITH BROTHERS, Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st.

JAMES A. HEARN HAS NOW OPENED HIS NEW STORE OF FANCY AND STAPLE **DRY GOODS,** NO. 775 BROADWAY, ABOVE NINTH-STREET.

500 FLOUNCED SILK ROBES. FROM AUCTION, At 15 Dollars Each. A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

ALL THE NEW PATTERNS, In real Axminster, Wilton, Velvet, Tapestry, Brussels, three-ply, and Superfine Ingrain CARPETS. Manufactured by CROSBY & SONS, TEMPLETON & CO., and others, imported this Spring, for sale, wholesale and retail, by A. T. STEWART & CO. Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

OPENING DAY AT GENIN'S BAZAAR—THURSDAY, March 20.—Rare advantages in Boy's Clothing. In design, fit, and finish, the Boys' Clothing made to order at Genin's Bazaar, St. Nicholas Hotel, Broadway, surpasses any manufactured in the United States. ISELTON, who superintends the cutting, stands alone in that department.

TO ALL WHO USE SEWING MACHINES.—The best six-cord white thread, from JOHN CLARK, Jr. & Co., of Mile End, Glasgow, on spools, containing 1,400 yards, warranted, for sale in quantities to suit, by WILLIAM WHITEWRIGHT, Sole Agent, No. 36 Maiden-lane.

OPENING DAY AT GENIN'S LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S OUT-FITTING BAZAAR—No. 513 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.—JOHN N. GENIN will open on THURSDAY, 20th inst., a magnificent assortment of Ladies' and Children's Spring Bonnets and Head Dresses. Also, 100 cartons of French Flowers, Ribbons, &c., &c.

CORSETS! CORSETS!—Mrs. GAYNOR has now ready for the Spring Trade, a splendid assortment of all kinds of corsets, to which she invites the attention of the ladies, (wholesale and retail.) No. 45 3d-av., near Tenth-st., and No. 263 6th-av., near 17th-st.

GENIN'S BAZAAR—No. 513 BROADWAY.—Grand Spring Opening on THURSDAY, March 20, 1856. The Public are most respectfully informed that on the day above named a choice assortment of the latest novelties in Ladies' and Children's apparel will be on exhibition, all of the very best make, and such as cannot be surpassed, if paralleled, in this City. GENIN'S BAZAAR, No. 513 Broadway, under St. Nicholas Hotel.

PARASOLS.—Messrs. CLYDE & BLACK, No. 401 Broadway, corner of Walker-st., will open on the 24th inst. with their new style of French parasols. N. B.—Just received per *Ericsson*, a large invoice of the latest patterns of Paris made parasols, which they offer for the inspection of the public.

SEWING MACHINE SILK AND TWIST.—The Piedmont loose twist, in black and colors, the best in use, for sale. THOMAS THORP, Sole Agent, No. 67 Liberty-st.

MILLINERY.

MOURNING MILLINERY AND MANTILLAS. GRAND EXPOSITION OF PARIS FASHIONS AT WEED'S MOURNING STORE, No. 499 Broadway. This establishment will exhibit their unrivaled styles of mourning bonnets and mantillas on THURSDAY, March 20. Wholesale buyers supplied with pattern hats at low prices. WEED'S MOURNING STORE, No. 499 Broadway, four doors below St. Nicholas Hotel.

TO MILLINERS AND DEALERS IN **STRAW GOODS, FRENCH FLOWERS, &c.** HOMER & KETCHUM have just received new and elegant styles of Straw Goods, Ribbons, French Flowers, Buds, Piquets, Straw Cords and Tassels, Trimmings, Straw Sheets and Twist, &c., which is offered to the trade only, at low cash prices. Nos. 64 and 66 John-st., corner of William.

PARIS MILLINERY. WILLIAM JACKSON, No. 551 Broadway, will open on THURSDAY, the 20th inst., a large stock of Mourning Bonnets, imported expressly for this house. WM. JACKSON, successor to C. F. Bartholomew, No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince-sts.

SPRING RIBBONS AND MILLINERY GOODS, AT WHOLESALE. The subscriber has just opened 5,000 boxes of elegant Spring ribbons, and an extensive variety of all kinds of millinery goods, which he will offer much below the regular prices. Also an extensive stock of ladies' dress trimmings. M. H. LICHTENSTEIN, No. 90 Bowery, corner of Hester-st.

[illegible] FLOWERS AND FEATHERS. [illegible] IMPORTER OF FRENCH ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, [illegible] WREATHS, ORNAMENTS, OSTRICH AND MARABOUT FEATHERS, PARIS PATTERN BONNETS, No. 408 Broadway.

MILLINERY OPENING. Mrs. CARTER will open, on THURSDAY, March 20, her Spring importations of PARIS MILLINERY. Also, a large and rich assortment of her own manufacture. Country Milliners solicited to inspect. Mrs. CARTER, Milliner, No. 593 Broadway.

MILLINERY GOODS. MARTIN & LAWSON, IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS, Have opened, in their new store, No. 364 Broadway, corner of Franklin-st., the largest and most attractive assortment to be found in the City, to which they invite the attention of Milliners and dealers. French straw and pattern bonnets, artificial flowers, ribbons, silks, &c.

PARIS MILLINERY. MADAME FERRERO, No. 5 Great Jones-st., will open SPRING MILLINERY on THURSDAY, the 20th of March.

MRS. SIMMONS, No. 564 BROADWAY—Has just returned from Europe with a large invoice of PARIS BONNETS, FLOWERS, RIBBONS, &c. &c., and will open them on THURSDAY NEXT, March 20, and respectfully solicits a call. Mrs. WM. SIMMONS, No. 564 Broadway.

MILLINERY BAZAAR—No. 63 Canal-st.—Mrs. CRIPPS will exhibit on THURSDAY, the 20th inst., a choice selection of Spring Millinery, (solely her own designs,) which, on inspection, will be found worthy the attention of ladies possessing a refined taste. Also, a few cases French Bonnets on exhibition.

SPRING FASHIONS.—Mme. DEMOREST'S Second Spring opening Patterns of all the latest and most desirable Spring styles for ladies' and children's apparel, on Thursday, March 20. Emporium of Fashions, No. 375 Broadway, and also Nos. 260 and 262 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

MILLINERY.—Mrs. BALLINGS, having opened the large and handsome store No. 386 Broadway with rich trimmed straw bonnets—also, a good selection of straw goods, with fine French flowers, &c.—will make a further opening of Spring millinery on Thursday next.

FRENCH PATTERN AND STRAW BONNETS, CAPS, RICH FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.—Now receiving from steamers just arrived, to which special attention is invited by GEO. N. CUTTER, No. 370 Broadway; removed from No. 18 John-st.

AMERICAN AND PARIS FIRST PREMIUM MILLINERY—Opening on Thursday, the 20th of March; also, a large variety of straw goods, and every style of straw bonnets, children's hats and flats. Milliners and the public will please call at L. BINNS', No. 401 Hudson-st., and No. 186 6th-av.

BONNET FRAMES.—The Union Bonnet Frame Manufacturing Co., will open their new styles of bonnet frames on THURSDAY, 20th of March, at their salesroom, No. 335 Broadway, Moffat Building. 30 girls wanted immediately.

MADAME MALHERBE—Begs to call the attention of the ladies to her opening of Paris Millinery on THURSDAY, the 20th of March, at No. 523 Broadway, opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel.

MADAME BARNETT—Will open PARIS MILLINERY on THURSDAY, 20th of March, at No. 587 Broadway. Mme. B. respectfully informs the public she has no connection with any other establishment in the City.

MISS ALICE MORGAN—Respectfully informs the ladies that she will open SPRING MILLINERY on Thursday, March 20, at her new rooms, No. 504 Broadway, opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel.

MRS. HART—No. 301 Broadway, will open Paris Spring Millinery, on Thursday, 20th inst. Also latest styles of dress and mantilla patterns.

MLLE. BARNET—Will open her new show room, No. [illegible] Broadway, on THURSDAY, March 20, with a large and varied selection of Paris Millinery.

MRS. W. BALLINGS—No. 6 Canal-st., and at her new store, No. 386 Broadway, will open her Parisian Spring Millinery on Thursday, the 20th inst.

PARIS MILLINERY.—Mrs. M. C. DOUGAL, No. [illegible] Broadway, will open her new styles of Paris millinery on THURSDAY, 20th inst.

MADAME DEVOE—No. [illegible] Broadway, will open [illegible] Millinery, on THURSDAY, March 20.

REMOVAL—GEO. S. [illegible] & SON have removed from No. [illegible] to No. [illegible] William-st., corner of Pine.

AMUSEMENTS.

[illegible]

PART I.

1. Galop di Bravura, (Grande Quadrille,) composed for two pianos by ......Gottschalk. Messrs. GOTTSCHALK and [illegible]
2. Song, from the Opera of [illegible] ......Donizetti. FEDER.
3. (a) Prière, (by request,) (b) La Savane, (ballade,) (c) Chant du Soldat ......Gottschalk.
4. Air, "In Happy Moments" from Maritana ......Wallace. FEDER.
5. (By request,) Scherzo ......Chopin. GOTTSCHALK.

PART II.

6. (a) Water Sprite; Polka. (b) A Fragment of Fantaisie [illegible] sur God Save the Queen ......Gottschalk.
7. Song, "Hark, Hark, the Lark" ......Schubert. FEDER.
8. (a) Impromptu. (b) Valse ......Chopin. (c) Any piece of Gottschalk's that the audience may call for.

Tickets $1; Ladies' Tickets 50 cents. For sale at the Music Stores and at the door. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. The grand piano-fortes used on this occasion are from the Warerooms of CHICKERING, Broadway, opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel, New-York.

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY. Returning from the Northwest—the Land of Free Prairies and Free Men—are happy to announce to their friends that they will tarry a single night, and sing at Broadway Tabernacle, On THURSDAY EVENING, March 20, their NEW SONGS (and Old) Of the "WEST," of FREEDOM, of TEMPERANCE, of GOOD TIME COMING, &c. Tickets 25 cents; to be had at HALL & SONS', and JOLLIE'S music stores, and at the door. Children accompanied by parents half price. Doors open at 6¾ o'clock. Concert to begin at 7¾ o'clock.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA—FIFTH NIGHT.—The Academy will be closed until MONDAY EVENING, March 24, 1856, for the requisite rehearsal of a new American Opera, LA SPIA, BY SIGNOR LUIGI ARDITI. Composed expressly for this establishment. MAX MARETZEK... Musical Director and Conductor. Seats can now be secured for the first three representations, at HALL & SONS, No. 239 Broadway, and at the box office at the Academy. Secured seats $1 50.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—Doors open at 6¾. Tickets 50 cents. THURSDAY EVENING, March 20. THE WONDERFUL RAVEL FAMILY. Mlle. ROBERT and THE BALLET TROUPE. BALLET, PANTOMIME AND SPECTACLE. Last night of LEHMAN'S ELF KING, OR WEALTH AND POVERTY. BRILLIANT'S Beautiful Ballet Divertissement, TERPSICHORE, OR THE FETE OF THE MUSES. The very Comic Interlude of THE MILLINERS.

BURTON'S, CHAMBERS-STREET.—THURSDAY—A capital night for fun. Three excellent pieces—All favorites. The new Comedy of TAKING THE CHANCES. With Mr. J. H. McVICKER, Mr. H. A. PERRY, Mrs. C. HOWARD, Mrs. A. PARKER, &c. &c. THAT BLESSED BABY—A SCREAMER. The most laughable farce, with Mr. and Mrs. Burton. FORTUNIO AND HIS SEVEN GIFTED SERVANTS. The best production of the season—Fortunio, Mrs. C. Howard.

BUCKLEY'S SERENADERS—No. 539 BROADWAY. LAST WEEK OF THE SEASON. (This Hall will be let, as the Buckleys intend traveling during the building of their new hall, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.) THE COURT OF ICE KING. This comical piece will be played five nights of the week, (there will be no performance Saturday evening, March 22,) together with ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY. Concert commences at 7½ o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—E. A. MARSHALL, sole Lessee; W. R. Blake, Stage Manager. Doors open at 6½ o'clock; performance to commence at 7¼ precisely. THIS EVENING, March 20, and every evening during the week will be presented the Grand Romantic Equestrian Drama entitled TIMOUR, THE TARTAR. To be followed by the Grand Romantic Equestrian Drama THE CATARACT OF THE GANGES; Or, THE RAJAH'S DAUGHTER.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—Doors open at 6½ o'clock; performance to commence at 7½ o'clock. THIS EVENING, March 20, 1856, will be presented the Comedy, in five acts, of JOHN BULL. Job Thornberry, H. Placide; Tom Shuffleton, Mr. Lester; Dennis Brulgruddery, Mr. Brougham; Lady Brayment, Mrs. Brougham; Mary Thornberry, Miss Raymond. To conclude with the Comedy of HIGH LIFE BELOW STAIRS.

LAURA KEENE'S VARIETIES—LATE THE METROPOLITAN THEATRE, BROADWAY. Doors open at 6½ o'clock; performance to commence at 7½ o'clock precisely. THIS EVENING, March 20, the performance will commence with the Drama of CAMILLE; OR, A MORAL OF LIFE. Armand Duval ......Mr. G. Jordan. Camille Gautier ......Miss Laura Keene. To conclude with NOVELTY.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—THIS EVENING, March 20, at 6½ o'clock the Melo-Drama of THE SPIRIT OF THE WRECK. Carimilhan.....J. H. Allen | Uda.......Miss Hathaway. To be followed by the FOUR LOVERS. Bibi.........G. L. Fox | Blaise.......Miss Hathaway. To conclude with the Drama of EL HYDER. Mat Mizzen.....J. H. Allen | [illegible], Miss Hathaway.

SOMETHING EXTRA TO-NIGHT AT BURTON'S.—The three great pieces, the new Comedy, the new Farce, and the grand piece of FORTUNIO. THAT BLESSED BABY appears.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.—Great success of the GORGEOUS ORIENTAL SPECTACLE, produced with entirely new scenery, new costumes, new properties, new and brilliant effects, entitled ALADDIN; OR, THE WONDERFUL LAMP, with over one hundred performers in the different parts, with real Chinese Dresses, real Chinese [illegible], real Chinese Lanterns, &c., imported expressly for this establishment. THIS (Thursday, March 20) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. THIS AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock two pretty pieces. Admittance 25 cents. Children under ten, 12½ cents.

T. FRANKLIN BASSFORD—Respectfully announces a series of FOUR PIANO-FORTE SOIREES, the first of which will take place on FRIDAY, April 4, at Dodworth's. Subscriptions for lady and gentleman, $5. Registry at HALL & SONS and SCHUBERTH & CO. See circulars. N. B.—Miss Fanny Dean has kindly waived her claim to the rooms for the above night.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—The Thirty-first Annual Exhibition of the National Academy, is now open daily, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M., at No. 548 Broadway, between Prince and Spring sts. The collection is formed exclusively of original works of living artists, which have never before been exhibited in this City. Admission, 25 cents. Season Ticket, 50 cents. T. ADDISON RICHARDS, Cor. Sec'y, N. A.

J. H. BROWN—Will be assisted by Miss ADA CLIFTON, who was formerly so well received, in his Dramatic and Poetic Readings, at Clinton Hall, Astor-place, FRIDAY EVENING, March 21. Selections from Ingomar, Macbeth, Three Weeks after Marriage, &c. To commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

MILLER'S GRAND CONCERT ROOM, No. 446 BROADWAY.—The undersigned respectfully invites the attention of the musical public in general to his splendid and unequaled Concert Room. Its superior acoustic qualities are acknowledged by the best musical talent; its elegant proportions and style of finish far surpass anything of the kind ever offered in Europe or America, and are arranged to accommodate a large or small audience. Parties who wish to hire will address or call upon the proprietor, &c., GEORGE W. MILLER, on the premises.

PSYCHOLOGY.—Dr. BENTON continues his lectures and amusing experiments at Stuyvesant Institute, No. 659 Broadway, THIS EVENING, March 20, at 7½ o'clock. Rare sport the last evening. Admittance one shilling. Lecture to ladies at 3 P. M. Office for treatment for disease, No. 477 Broadway.

THIRTY-SECOND CONCERT—THEO. EISFELD'S CLASSICAL SOIREE, the last but one of the sixth season, on SATURDAY, 22d, at Dodworth's, No. 806 Broadway. Miss MARIA S. BRAINERD, Mr. L. PYCHOWSKI, and Mr. C. W. BEAMES, will assist Mr. EISFELD'S Quartette Party.

A CARD.—Unavoidable circumstances prevent Miss MARY AGNES, (Cameron,) from having the honor of appearing before her friends and the public at the Athenæum, Brooklyn, this evening. Her Readings are postponed until THURSDAY EVENING, 27th inst., when due notice will be given.

THE CELEBRATED EGYPTIAN MUSEUM—Numbering upwards of eleven hundred objects, with several recent additions, is the most popular exhibition in the City. Open day and evening, at the Stuyvesant Institute, No. 659 Broadway. Admission 25 cents.

THE CRYSTAL PALACE.—This beautiful building contains various objects of interest:—Ancient gobelin tapestry, a gallery of paintings, rare and valuable statuary, besides agricultural implements and machinery. It will remain open until further notice.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY, No. 497 BROADWAY.—The best collection of Paintings in this country. It contains 120 Paintings. Open DAY and EVENING. Admittance 25 cents.

FINE ARTS.

NEW DRAWING BOOK.—Containing thirty elementary and progressive studies of heads, landscapes, animals, flowers, &c. Price, neatly bound, $1 25. For sale by W. SCHAUS, No. 321 Broadway.

GOURAUD'S ITALIAN MEDICATED SOAP.—It is well known, cures PIMPLES, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SALTRHEUM, BARBER'S ITCH, CHAPS, CHAFES, TENDER FLESH, &c. [illegible] GOURAUD'S POUDRE SUBTILE [illegible] LIQUID ROUGE [illegible] LILY WHITE [illegible] HAIR DYE [illegible] at No. 67 WALKER-ST., first store from Broadway. Mrs. HAYES, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE FOR SALE ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—House and lot on Remsen-st., between [illegible] feet 9 inches in front, a [illegible] complete and perfect house. Also one [illegible] lot 27x100 with 25 feet car-[illegible] Willow-st., near [illegible] and cellar, brick. Also [illegible] between Henry and Clinton-sts., south side. Also 2 lots in Remsen-st. near [illegible] in Columbia near Cranberry-st. All the [illegible] be sold very low. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st., New-York.

HOUSES FOR SALE.—Four first-class three-story brown-stone front houses, on Oxford-street, near Washington Park, Brooklyn, one block north from Fulton-av. Lot [illegible]. Furnaces, wash trays, hot and cold water baths, plate glass, 7 marble mantels, marble vestibules; built in best manner. $8,000 to $9,000 [illegible]. Inquire of T. W. ROLLINS, near the premises.

HOUSE ON MURRAY HILL FOR SALE.—The three-story brick house, No. 8 West 36th-st. [illegible] feet front by 80 feet deep, in complete order. Also, brown-stone house No. 27 same street, 20 feet front, [illegible] feet deep. Also, five brown-stone houses on north side [illegible] feet east of Broadway; houses 20x47, three stories high, with good under-cellar. For permission to examine the premises, apply to S. S. HINMAN, No. 8 [illegible], 12 to 2.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—A new first-class house and lot, No. 88 West 28th-st., between Broadway and [illegible], four-story basement and sub-cellar, brown-stone front, with all the modern improvements, interior decorations, &c.; house 21 ft. 9 in. front by 57 ft. deep; lot 100 [illegible] deep. Terms easy. Apply to J. W. CLARK, No. 104 West 28th-st., or on the premises, from 1 to 3 P. M.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—No. 171 19th-st. [illegible] brown-stone and brick-front dwelling house and lot. Lot 18.9x98 feet; house [illegible] bath, gas, range, speaking tubes, furnace, pipes, &c., all in perfect order. Price [illegible] on mortgage. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 71 Wall-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—A modern built four-story [illegible] house, No. [illegible] West 22d-st., between [illegible] and 8th avs., hallways from the basement to [illegible] story, with gas and croton throughout the house; built in the best manner, and a first-rate neighborhood. Apply on the premises; price $9,500; half may remain on bond and mortgage.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—A first-class English basement house, No. 197 West [illegible], between 8th and 9th avs., and in a most respectable neighborhood, worth $9,000 and upward. It is for sale, or would be exchanged for a good house in the city of Brooklyn, price not to exceed $8,500. Address "B," at Box No. 4,300 New-York City Post-Office.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—NO. 37 SEVENTH-ST.—West of 2d-av., a substantial three-story brick dwelling, 25 feet wide, one block from 2d, 3d, and 4th av. railroads and Astor-place stages, and a few minutes' walk from Broadway. Gas and Croton water. Two-thirds purchase money may remain on mortgage.
THOS. B. DIBBLEE, No. 51 Wall-st., cor. William.

HOUSE AND EIGHT LOTS OF GROUND FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A convenient and desirably located house on 70th-st., in the centre of eight lots of ground, handsomely laid out with walks and shrubbery, and within 3 minutes' walk of two City Railroads. Will be sold or let on reasonable terms. Apply to
HARRIOTT & MILLER, No. 486 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR SALE—at a bargain, two new, well-built three-story basement and counter cellar houses, Nos. 246 and 248 West 25th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., with all the modern improvements; size of lots [illegible]; houses 20x50. Price $8,500. A portion of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. For information, apply on the premises.

HOUSE FOR SALE—The first-class four-story English basement house, brown-stone front, known as No. [illegible] West 22d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., containing all the modern improvements; built entirely by days' work; possession can be had immediately; will be sold cheap and on very easy terms. Apply to B. SMITH, No. [illegible], second door adjoining above, on same block.

HOUSE FOR SALE CHEAP AND ON EASY TERMS.—A well-built and beautifully located English basement brown-stone front house and lot, containing all the modern improvements. Will be sold low, if purchased soon. Apply on the premises, 52d-st., 5th house east of 8th-av.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—The first-class, highly finished dwelling house, with all the modern improvements, situated No. 144 East 21st-st., with privilege to Gramercy Park. Terms of payment can be made easy. Inquire of R. WILLIAM STUYVESANT, Jr., No. 56 William-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE CHEAP.—A new 4-story brick house with basement and under cellar, and with all modern improvements, well built; situated on 44th-st., near 8th-av. Possession immediately. Price $8,000, [illegible]. Apply to PUGSLEY & RAYNOR, corner of Broadway and 44th-st.

HOUSES FOR SALE.—Three new first-class four-story brown stone front houses, with high stoops [illegible], with all the modern improvements, [illegible] location, in 39th-st., between 4th and Madison avs., built in the best manner. Inquire of WM. EYER and JOHN W. FIELDER, on the premises.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The handsome 4-story brick dwelling house (with brown-stone basements and sub cellars) situated No. 3 5th-st., in a pleasant and growing neighborhood, between 2d and 3d avs. Apply to W. PINKNEY, No. 159 Broadway, Gilsey Building, room No. 17.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—The elegant three-story English basement house, No. 222 West 30th-st., finished in the best manner for the owner's use; has one of Culver's furnaces, gas fixtures, and all modern improvements. Apply on the premises, or at 354 Washington-st.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The substantial three-story house and lot of ground, No. 490 [illegible], near Wooster. House 25 by 45; lot 25 by 75. [illegible] water closets, bath, &c. The hall is [illegible] and the house elegantly painted and papered throughout. F. D'HERVILLY, No. 19 Exchange-place.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The new and elegant three-story brick house, No. 130 East 18th-st., built by the owner in the most substantial manner, and having all the modern improvements. Terms easy. For further particulars apply to J. FOSTER, No. 198 East 18th-st., between 8 and 9 A. M.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A first-class four-story and basement brown-stone house, with all the modern improvements, situated on 37th-st., near 5th-av. Also, several good houses to let, with all the modern improvements. Inquire of
A. P. STURTEVANT & CO., No. 15 East 27th-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE, OR TO LET.—The commodious built three-story and attic house, No. [illegible] Avenue, one door from 4th-st.; has all the modern improvements, is in first-rate order; a very desirable residence. It will be sold low on accommodating terms. Apply on the premises, or to R. MALTBY, No. 14 Barclay-st.

HOUSES FOR SALE.—A nice three-story brick house on East 19th-st., $5,500; also one on West 23d-st., also one on East 23d-st., also two on 26th-st.; and two [illegible] $7,000 to $12,000; also two on 33d-st., $5,000.
E. B. KINSHIMER, No. 319 4th-av., 3 to 7 P. M.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR LEASE CHEAP.—A three-story and basement brick house, No. 110 Lewis-st., well calculated for a mechanic to manage so as to live rent free. Apply to WM. H. BROWN, Custom House, or J. W. OGDEN, 11th-av., corner of 29th-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—The 3-story Philadelphia-brick dwelling, with brown-stone basement, on the [illegible] corner of Pacific and Nevins sts., Brooklyn. [illegible] may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply at the office of Lenox Insurance Company, 54 Wall-st., N. Y.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—A three-story and basement dwelling, with brown stone front, with all the modern improvements. Size of building 20 feet front by 45 feet deep; No. 180 East 16th-st. Inquire at the stone yard, corner of Avenue A and 16th-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE LOW.—One new 4-story brown stone English-basement house and lot, No. 120 Lexington-av. Can't be surpassed for style and durability with all the modern improvements. Inquire on the premises for particulars.

HOUSE FOR SALE LOW—If with furniture, the dwelling house No. 26 Clinton-place, subject to ground rent. If unsold 1st of May, will be for rent for eighteen months.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET, IN BROOKLYN—2-story & attic houses on Bedford-av., bet. Lafayette-av. & VanBuren-st. Inquire 209 Washington-st., New-York.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—Nos. 41 and 43 Beekman-st., near William, New-York. Inquire of J. J. BEAURON & SON, in watchmaker's store, No. 166 William-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE—Or exchange for dry goods. A 3-story English basement house, in 30th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., with all the modern improvements. Inquire to C. MOWBRAY'S, No. 269 Grand-st.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE—On the north side of 78th-st., between 4th and 5th avs., and in the vicinity of the Great Central Park, consisting of three lots of ground, being 75 feet front and rear, by 102 feet 6 inches in depth, together with the double two-story and attic house, with a large basement and stable in the rear. The whole will be sold on reasonable terms and at a moderate price. For further particulars, apply to ROBERT STUYVESANT, No. 9½ Merchants' Exchange, Wall-st.

FOR SALE AT RYE NECK.—A country residence with from three to four acres of ground. The house is beautifully shaded with forest trees, and the place is well stocked with all kinds of fruit, and ornamental shrubbery. It is half a mile from the New-York and New-Haven Railroad, near Long Island Sound, and 23 miles from New-York. Also, a new Gothic Cottage, adjoining the above, for sale or to let. Apply at the office of R. HOE & CO., Nos. 29 and 31 Gold-st.

FOR SALE.—That splendid brown-stone front house and stable, with 4 or 5 lots of ground, on First-place, between Court and Clinton sts., Brooklyn, formerly the residence of John B. Kitching, Esq., will be sold at a great sacrifice; a large portion of the purchase money can remain on mortgage. For full particulars, apply to A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Several new houses, [illegible] with baths, water closets, and wash trays, with four lots of ground to each, on 40th-st., near Second-avenue Railroad. Rent very low. Apply to S. RICHARDSON, No. [illegible], or CHAUNCEY BARNARD, No. 66 Broadway.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY.—Farms, Country Seats, Water-power, Factories, Villages, and village building lots to lease, exchange or for sale, in the vicinity of New-York. [illegible] Westchester County, No. [illegible] Broadway, New-York. Brown's [illegible] Westchester County, [illegible].
M. E. COUCHES & CO.

SPLENDID ITALIAN VILLA AT YONKERS [illegible]
A. J. BLEECKER & CO., [illegible] Broad-st.

FOR SALE.

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE.—THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY IS NOW PREPARED TO SELL OVER TWO MILLION OF ACRES OF FARMING LANDS, in tracts of 40 acres and upwards, on long credit and at low rates of interest.

These lands were granted by the Government to aid in the construction of this Railroad, and include some of the richest and most fertile prairies in the State, interspersed here and there with magnificent groves of oak and other timber. The road extends from Chicago, on the northeast, to Cairo at the South, and from thence to Galena and Dunleith, in the northwest extreme of the State, and as all the lands lie within fifteen miles on each side of this road, ready and cheap means are afforded by it for transporting the products of the lands to any of those points and from thence to eastern and southern markets. Moreover, the rapid growth of flourishing towns and villages along the line, and the great increase in population by immigration, etc., afford a substantial and growing home-demand for farm produce.

The soil is a dark, rich mould, from one to five feet in depth, is gently rolling and peculiarly fitted for grazing cattle and sheep, or the cultivation of wheat, Indian corn, &c.

Economy in cultivating and great productiveness are the well-known characteristics of Illinois lands. Trees are not required to be cut down, stumps grubbed, or stone picked off, as is generally the case in cultivating new land in the older States. The first crop of Indian corn, planted on the newly broken sod, usually repays the cost of plowing and fencing.

Wheat sown on the newly-turned sod is sure to yield very large profits. A man with a plow and two yoke of oxen will break one and a half to two acres per day. Contracts can be made for breaking, ready for corn or wheat, at from $2 to $2 50 per acre. By judicious management, the land may be plowed and fenced the first, and under a high state of cultivation the second year.

Corn, grain, cattle, etc., will be forwarded at reasonable rates to Chicago, for the Eastern market, and to Cairo for the Southern. The larger yield on the cheap lands of Illinois over the high-priced lands in the Eastern and Middle States, is known to be much more than sufficient to pay the difference of transportation to the Eastern market.

Bituminous coal is mined at several points along the Road, and is a cheap and desirable fuel. It can be delivered at several points along the Road at $1 50 to $4 per ton; wood can be had at the same rates per cord.

Those who think of settling in Iowa or Minnesota should bear in mind that lands there, of any value, along the water courses and for many miles inland, have been disposed of,—that for those located in the interior, there are no conveniences for transporting the produce to market, Railroads not having been introduced there. That to send the produce of these lands one or two hundred miles by wagon to market, would cost much more than the expense of cultivating them; and hence, Government lands thus situated, at $1 25 per acre, are not so good investments as the land of this Company at the prices fixed.

The same remarks hold good in relation to the lands in Kansas and Nebraska; for although vacant lands may be found nearer the water courses, the distance to market is far greater, and every hundred miles the produce of those lands is carried either in wagons, or interrupted water communications, increases the expenses of transportation, which must be borne by the settlers, in the reduced price of their products; and to that extent precisely are the incomes from their farms, and of course on their investments, annually and every year reduced.

The great fertility of the lands now offered for sale by this Company, and their consequent yield over those of the Eastern and Middle States, is much more than sufficient to pay the difference in the cost of transportation, especially in view of the facilities furnished by this road, and others with which it connects, the operations of which are not interrupted by the low water of Summer, or the frost of Winter.

PRICE AND TERMS OF PAYMENT.

The price will vary from $5 to $25, according to location, quality, etc. Contracts for deeds may be made during the year 1856, stipulating the purchase money to be paid in five annual installments. The first to become due in two years from the date of contract, and the others annually thereafter. The last payment will become due at the end of the sixth year from the date of the contract.

INTEREST WILL BE CHARGED AT ONLY THREE PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

As a security to the performance of the contract, the first two years' interest must be paid in advance, and it must be understood that at least one-tenth of the land purchased shall yearly be brought under cultivation. Longer credits, at 6 per cent. per annum, may be negotiated by special application. Twenty per cent. from the credit price will be deducted for cash. The Company's construction bonds will be received as cash.

READY FRAMED FARM BUILDINGS, WHICH CAN BE SET UP IN A FEW DAYS, CAN BE OBTAINED FROM RESPONSIBLE PERSONS.

They will be 12 feet by 20 feet, divided into one living and three bedrooms, and will cost, complete, set up on ground chosen anywhere along the Road, $150 in cash, exclusive of transportation. Larger buildings may be contracted for at proportionate rates. The Company will forward all the materials for such buildings over their road promptly.

Special arrangements with dealers can be made to supply those purchasing the Company's lands with fencing materials, agricultural tools, and an outfit of provisions in any quantity, at the lowest wholesale prices.

It is believed that the price, long credit, and low rate of interest, charged for these lands, will enable a man with a few hundred dollars in cash, and ordinary industry, to make himself independent before all the purchase money becomes due. In the mean time, the rapid settlement of the country will, probably, have increased their value four or five fold. When required, an experienced person will accompany applicants, to give information and aid in selecting lands.

Circulars, containing numerous instances of successful farming, signed by respectable and well-known farmers living in the neighborhood of the Railroad lands, throughout the State—also, the cost of fencing, price of cattle, expense of harvesting, threshing, etc., by contract—or any other information—will be cheerfully given, on application, either personally or by letter, in English, French or German, addressed to JOHN WILSON,
Land Commissioner of the Illinois Central R. R. Co.,
No. 52 Michigan-av., Chicago, Ill.

COUNTRY HOUSE FOR SALE.—In the village of Flushing, a dwelling house in the Italian style, built very thoroughly, in 1854, for the owner's use, and furnished with every modern convenience of furnace, bath room, water closet, laundry, &c. It contains a drawing room, library, dining room, seven sleeping rooms and a kitchen above ground. Each sleeping room is furnished with two ventilating registers, opening into a shaft connecting with the kitchen chimney.

The grounds are ornamented with deciduous and evergreen trees and shrubs, and the garden with fruit trees.

The vicinity of Flushing to New-York City is accessible by Railroad in less than an hour. Its celebrated schools and gardens, its healthiness and the beauty of its surroundings render this house very desirable for any one who wishes a pleasant country residence. Apply to
GREEN & SEWELL, No. 29 Wall-st., basement.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET—Beautifully situated on the banks of the Passaic River, 10 miles from the City, near Belleville, N. J. Communicating with Wall-st. within an hour by railroad. There is a cottage containing 12 rooms; also, all necessary out buildings on a lawn of 10 acres, with every variety of shrubbery, fruit and fine shade trees. A private water front along the whole lawn, with good bathing, fishing and boating. Situation exceedingly beautiful and picturesque. Rent (furnished) $600; unfurnished, $500. Forty acres more may be had if desired. Apply at No. 205 5th-av.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The spacious mansion and grounds known as Woodland, on Washington Heights; entrance 10th-av. and 149th-st., 8¼ miles from the City Hall, and within five minutes' walk of the 152d-st. Harlem Railroad Station; will be let or sold to a responsible party on favorable terms. The house is equally adapted for a private residence or first class hotel, both in Summer and Winter. For particulars, address H. F., Hotel St. Germain, corner of 5th-av. and 22d-st.

COUNTRY STORE FOR SALE—About 1½ miles from Tarrytown, on one of the best thoroughfares in the country. It is well adapted for a store and dwelling or for a genteel private residence. This property consists of about half an acre of superior land, with a never-failing stream of water running through it; house, barn, &c., new, and built in the best manner. For further particulars apply to J. W. ROBINSON, at S. R. SMITH'S, corner of Morris and Greenwich sts., where maps can be seen, or of WM. J. TOMPKINS, on the premises.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—At Greenwich, Conn., about 30 miles from New-York. The ground (about one acre) is well filled with young fruit trees; the house is new and well built; not more than five minutes' walk from the Depôt of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad, and about one mile from the Steamboat Landing on Long Island Sound; a desirable location for one doing business in the City. Inquire of EDWIN P. WEED, No. 65 Liberty-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—In the village of Portchester, about 26 miles from New-York by N. Y. and New-Haven Railroad. The house is large and well arranged, and commands a fine view. It is within five minutes' walk of the depôt, churches and stores. Apply to JOHN T. DUNKIN, on the premises, or at No. [illegible] West 27th-st., New-York, or to ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, No. 7 Broad-st.

COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE.—Beautifully situated among the hills, about twenty miles from town by Railroad, and five minutes' walk from the depôt; a healthful and convenient residence for a gentleman doing business in the City. Land from 2 to 120 acres; good house, abundant out-buildings, shade and fruit trees, pure air, and fine mountain scenery. Apply to R. MARTINDALE, No. 157 Broadway, third story.

COTTAGE FOR SALE.—An elegant Gothic Cottage, in one of the most elevated parts of the village of Flushing, L. I., with a large garden attached, covering the space of eight or nine lots of ground. The house is most substantially built and filled in with brick, has fine cellars, kitchen, range, &c. &c., and excellent water; is furnished in a superior manner. The garden is finely laid out, with Summer-house in centre, and contains many valuable shrubs and trees, amongst them many rare evergreens and some very choice specimens of the magnolia. Immediate possession can be had. It is handsomely furnished, and may be purchased with or without the furniture. Apply to
A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—At Orange, New-Jersey, within three minutes' walk of the Morris and Essex Railroad Depôt, an elegant house, 26 by 28 feet deep, 2½-story high, with 2-story kitchen attached. Lot 75 by 100 feet deep, containing a choice lot of apple and cherry trees, with good well of water and cistern on the place. Terms easy. For particulars, &c., inquire of L. S. HASKELL, of Haskell, Merrick & Bull, New-York; or E. GARDNER, Journal Office, Orange, New-Jersey.

ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—With furniture, carriage, &c., and twenty acres of land, on the banks of the Raritan, New-Brunswick, New-Jersey, commanding a magnificent view. A photograph of the place, which will be sold low, can be seen at the office of F. D'HERVILLY, No. 19 Exchange-place.

BRICK GOTHIC COTTAGE FOR SALE—No. 26 20th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.; lot 25 feet by half the block, house 21 feet wide; the house stands a little back from the street, with arbor and grape vines, &c., and a wide piazza in front; gas and Croton water introduced, but not carried through the house. Terms, $6,500. Half cash and half bond and mortgage. Apply on the premises, or to
JAMES MORROGH, No. 3 Wall-st.

WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSES FOR SALE—By S. COCKROFT, No. 12 Merchants' Exchange, Wall-st., and No. 73 South 7th-st., Williamsburgh. [illegible]

FOR SALE.

CHARLES M. DUPUY & CO.
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
Corner of [illegible] and South Water-sts.,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

Will [illegible] a general Real Estate business in ILLINOIS, IOWA, and adjoining States.

Particular attention given to the purchase and sale of FARMS, UNIMPROVED LANDS AND TOWN LOTS.

Extensive local information and other facilities are formed, equalling those of any Western house for locating warrants, examining lands, furnishing maps and descriptions, payment of taxes.

Owners of Western Lands residing at the east, will find this agency a good channel to bring their lands into market.

Property offered for sale will, for a small sum, be entered in our catalogue and circulated gratis throughout the country.

Capitalists will find favorable opportunities for investing in rapidly improving western property.

The best of reference given.

CHARLES M. DUPUY,
Late Land Agent of the Illinois Central R. R. Co.
DAVID S. OGDEN,
Late of New-York.

Mr. Ogden of the above firm, can be found at No. 104 Wall-st., New-York, until March 15, 1856.

RAVENSWOOD, L. I., VILLA AND COTTAGE HOUSES FOR SALE.—The whole of the well-known and beautifully improved property, excepting the house occupied by the subscriber, situated on the banks of the East River at Ravenswood, within half an hour's pleasant sail from the City, consisting of two nearly new first-class Italian style tower houses, replete with every modern convenience, grounds tastefully laid out, with extensive lawn in front and promenade, with sea wall on the water's edge. Also, four Italian cottages, well built and very conveniently arranged; plots 200 by 80 feet; division lines formed by evergreen hedges, and houses retired 70 feet from the road, with pleasant door-yards. There are probably no situations in the vicinity of New-York combining in the same degree salubrity of location, facility of access by steamboat, and all the advantages of retired suburban residence which these places afford. Terms reasonable, ranging from $12,000 to $5,000. Apply on the premises, or at No. 353 Broadway, (Williams, Stevens, Williams & Co.) to JOHN E. WILLIAMS.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—Containing about 4 acres of choice land, situated in the village of Tappantown, N. Y., 22 miles from this City, and about 15 minutes' walk from a depôt on the New-York and Erie Railroad. Upon the premises there is a two-story, attic and stone basement house, 36 by 30 feet, with a wing attached, 14 by 33 feet, kitchen, barn, carriage-house, and other out-buildings; also grape vines and a variety of plum, cherry and apple trees, all beautifully located, and well adapted for a private residence. A never failing stream of water runs through the premises about 80 yards from the house. Apply to D. J. BLAUVELT, City Fire Insurance Company, No. 61 Wall-st.

MAGNIFICENT COUNTRY SEAT ON THE PASSAIC RIVER—Containing 15 acres, with river front of 700 feet. The house is two-story, 40x40, with an addition 25x40 feet; has Moorish columns and battlements and about 200 feet of piazza; contains 18 rooms, 6 of them with Egyptian and statuary marble mantels, has bells, speaking tubes, Emy's ventilators in the roof, furnace, range, &c.; hall has double flight of stairs and gallery around the second story; splendid lawn of about five acres, with shade, fruit and evergreen trees, 3,000 feet flagging round the house, garden with about one mile of box edging; has boat, bathing, ice, carriage and poultry houses, barn, &c. Is only seven miles from Jersey City.
A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—Within five minutes' walk of the North Branch Depôt, on the New-Jersey Central Railroad, 31 miles from Elizabethport, (several trains of cars passing daily,) with a new cottage house, barn and other outbuildings, on a lot of five acres, situate on a height overlooking the north branch of Raritan River, in an excellent neighborhood and healthy locality; mills, churches and schools close at hand. It will be sold at a bargain, if applied for soon, as the owner is about going to the West. For particulars apply to P. Q. BROKAW, near the premises, or WM. H. BARNUM, No. 12 6th-av., New-York City. If not sold by April 1, it will be to rent.
JOHN S. NEVIUS.

WEST THIRTY-EIGHTH-STREET.—FOR SALE—Four three-story attic and basement stone-front houses, 20 feet wide and 55 feet deep, lots 98 feet 9 inches, situate on the north side of 38th-st., between the 6th-av. and Broadway, just finished and now ready for occupancy.

ALSO—A FARM of 41 acres in the township of Westfield, Staten Island, two miles from Rossville, the Railroad to pass in front of and near the house. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, Pine-street,
No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building.

BROOKLYN HOUSE FOR SALE—First-class, on the West side of Canton-st., 5th house south of Fulton-av., being one of the healthiest and most select locations in Brooklyn. Price $6,000; terms easy. Possession immediately. Apply to the owner.
E. H. NICHOLS, No. 7 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—At Port Richmond, Staten Island, a lot 75 feet by 150 feet, on which is a good house and barn, within two minutes' walk of the Ferry. Inquire of J. H. COOLY, Elizabethport, N. J., or JACOB DE GROOT, Port Richmond, S. I.

EXECUTOR'S SALE—THE PAPER MILL situated at Middlebury, Vt., the main building measuring 34x48, with wings 16x20 and 16x48. The mill is calculated for making fine paper, has 2 engines and 3 cold bleachers; the machine has a 36-inch cylinder, and is in good order. The water privilege is capable of running 18 or 20 engines. Will be sold with a large dry house, 3 dwelling houses, and six acres of good land. For terms apply to J. CHRISTIE, Executor, at Middlebury, Vt.

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY ATTIC HOUSE AND TWO FULL LOTS, WITH TWO-STORY BRICK STABLE, in the rear, 16x28, No. 278 Dean-st., near Powers, Brooklyn. Two grape arbors, the whole depth of the lot, with full bearing vines on each, and garden in high state of cultivation. This beautiful residence will be sold very low, as the owner is going West. Apply on the premises, or of A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st., New-York.

FIRST SALE—FIRST-CLASS HOUSES—In 14th, 24th, 26th, 32d, 33d and 34th sts. and 5th-av., from $15,000 to $50,000. Also, houses in Beach, Perry, Charles, 12th and 2[illegible]th sts., and a great variety of locations, from $6,000 to $12,000. Apply to JOHN S. KELSO, No. 62 William-st.

NEW HOUSE FOR SALE—BERGEN HEIGHTS.—Has modern improvements and a fine view of New-York Bay and surrounding scenery, lot 50x270 feet. Omnibuses from Jersey City Ferry pass near. Would be sold for $5,700—$3,700 may remain on mortgage. Apply to Rev. JOHN GARRETSON, No. 337 Broadway.

TWO HOUSES FOR SALE—At FORT WASHINGTON, on the Hudson River, about five minutes' walk from the depôt, with fine river view.

One House is completely furnished, and the furniture will be sold with the house. It contains nine rooms, beside kitchen, basement, bath room, &c.; is supplied with water throughout and has a good carriage house and stable, with about three-fourths of an acre of land. Price of the entire, including furniture, $11,500.

The second house has seven rooms beside kitchen and basement, and will be sold with four-fifths of an acre for $6,000.

A portion of the price may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to WILLIAM E. LALOR,
No. 24 William-st., third floor, room No. 13.

NORTH RIVER PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A country residence, situated at Rhinebeck, County of Dutchess, one-half mile north from Rhinebeck Village, known as the estate of the late Jeoffry Champlain, and containing 110 acres of land. Upon the premises are a mansion house, cottage, carriage house, and buildings, useful and ornamental, all in perfect order and mostly new. The apple orchard has great celebrity. The farm is well watered, the soil is of the very best quality, and the scenery unsurpassed. Unless disposed of previously at private sale, this property will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock M. Terms of sale easy. Price, $25,000. Apply to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, Attorney, &c., No. 74 Wall-st., or to N. W. H. JUDSON, Rhinebeck.

A FARM FOR SALE—Consisting of 375 acres of land, situated in Dutchess County, two miles from Wing's Station, on the Harlem Railroad, and 72 miles from New-York. Farm-house, barns, &c., in good order. For terms apply to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, Attorney, &c., No. 74 Wall-st.

FARM FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For City property, at Croton, Westchester Co., within half a mile of the Hudson River Railroad Station, contains 63 acres, and has an extensive river view. Will be sold at auction, on the premises, at 12 o'clock, on the 22d inst., if not previously disposed of. For particulars, inquire of J. M. MILLER, No. 61 Maiden-lane. Cars leave Chambers-st. at 9 A. M.

FARM FOR SALE—70 acres, in Orange County, 9 miles west of Newburg, in high cultivation and good order, having 650 or more fruit trees of choicest varieties, close to schools and churches, in a healthy and good neighborhood. Apply to JAMES DARRACH, at New-York Hospital, No. 319 Broadway, or to E. A. BREWSTER, at Newburg, Orange County, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A one-story brick shed, with a slate roof and a cellar underneath, suitable for a carpenter shop, or any other manufacturing purposes, having in connection a small three-story brick dwelling, with a carriage-way underneath. Situated in 20th-st., near 1st av. Inquire on the premises, or at the stone yard corner of Avenue A and 16th-st.

BAKERY FOR SALE—With valuable house and lot, vaults, &c., all now in successful operation—owner's poor health is the only reason for selling and leaving the business—on northwest corner of Lexington-av. and 29th-st. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 71 Wall-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

STORE FOR SALE.—The tea, coffee and spice store, No. 65 Vesey-st., two doors from the corner of Greenwich-st.; and also three years' lease of the store, from the 1st of May next; this is one of the best locations on the North River side for the above business; in a great thoroughfare. WM. SMITH, Jr.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—A valuable mill, with a good supply of water, and an excellent farm of 90 acres adjoining it. The mill is doing now, and has been doing for a number of years, a large business in merchant work for New-York market. It is advantageously situated within 30 miles of the City. The dwelling is a large double 2-story house, in good order, with convenient barns and other outbuildings. There is a good apple orchard, and all kinds of fruit, with a superior garden. For particulars, apply to JOSEPH W. ALLEN, No. 10 Merchants' Exchange, Wall-st. The mill, if desired, will be sold without the farm.

LOTS FOR SALE—Together, the lots No. 187 Chatham, and Nos. 1 and 3 [illegible], leased for the next year at $3,000 over all expenses. This property, fronting on the square, offers a rare opportunity for investment [illegible].
H. A. SPAULDING, [illegible] No. [illegible] Wall-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE IN BROOKLYN—[illegible] building lots, lying in a body, and centrally located; price low to exchange for a house or lots in the upper part of the City.
E. B. KINSHIMER, No. 319 4th-av., 3 to 7 P. M.

FORSYTH-STREET PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Two lots between Grand and Hester sts., about 21 by 100, at a bargain. Apply to BENEDICT & COTT, corner of Pine and Nassau sts.

COAL YARD FOR SALE—The lease, fixtures and good will of coal yard Nos. [illegible] and [illegible] 11th-av. [illegible] rent low.

FOR SALE.

FARM AND COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—That elegant valuable farm and country residence, well known for its beauty, health and scenery, situate at Compo Point on Long Island Sound, near the village of Westport, Connecticut, and a few minutes' walk from the depôt; consisting of about 60 acres of choice and desirable land, fronting for near a mile on the Sound, Westport Harbor, and Saugatuck River, with rich woods, fine buildings sites, commanding views for upwards of 40 miles. The house has been built within the last few years, is newly oaked, papered and painted, has all the modern improvements, superior furnace, bathing-room, shower bath, with hot and cold water, reservoir, sewer, &c., and commands beautiful views from its various fronts on the above named waters. Attached to it is a conservatory, and adjoining a large grapery containing the choicest fruits and foreign vines. The out-buildings are a carriage-house, good stable, large barn, chicken yard, also a large ice-house well filled. The place affords fine fishing, and has a private dock on the river; abounds in every description of game, such as partridge, quail, wild ducks, &c. For terms and further particulars, a note addressed to A. & H., Box No. 268 Union-square Post-Office, No. 861 Broadway, N. Y., will meet with prompt attention.

FARM FOR SALE—Of 100 acres, situated in Tompkins County, on the west side of Cayuga Lake, [illegible] miles from Ithaca, and one mile from Jacksonville. On the place is a large and convenient house, in good repair, and all necessary outbuildings. The land is of superior quality, well watered and fenced. About 80 acres are in a good state of cultivation; the balance woodland. For particulars, inquire of R. J. WESTERVELT, on the premises, or CORWIN & CO., No. 208 Front-st., New-York.

SUPERIOR FARM AT HUNTINGTON, L. I.—210 acres, and a good 1½ story house, with 12 rooms, 3 barns, carriage-house, shed, granary and crib; 180 acres excellent tillable land, and 30 acres of wood. An excellent orchard of selected fruits, just in bearing, and garden with all the small fruits. Good well and cistern. Fine prospect and healthy location, good gunning and fishing. Stock can also be had. It is expected that the railroad will soon be carried to this place.
A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

SPLENDID FARM FOR SALE—of 200 acres of choice land, with fine improvements, 8 miles from New-York per railroad; 10 trains per day. Dwelling-house large and substantial, with 4 farm-houses and outbuildings. Fruit in variety, and everything desirable. Price $50,000. W. J. BRUNDRED & CO., No. 15 Nassau-st., corner Pine.

FARM FOR SALE—Near the Hudson, at Croton Point, Westchester County. Contains 32 acres, within half a mile of the Railroad Station; has a view of the River from Stoney Point to Fort Washington; will be sold cheap or exchanged for City property, previous to 22d inst., when, if not disposed of, it will be sold at auction. For particulars, inquire of J. M. MILLER, No. 61 Maiden-lane.

TO LET.

HOUSE TO LET, IN NEWARK, N. J.—A large genteel four-story brick-house, elegantly finished, with plate glass windows, marble mantels, and containing every convenience for a genteel family, within a few steps of the Park, Market and Broad sts. and but three or four minutes' walk from the railroad depôt—rent, $450. Newark is thirty minutes' from New-York by railroad, and trains run nearly every half hour throughout the day. Commutation only $50 per annum, including ferry; possession 1st April. Apply to A. L. DENNIS, No. 25 Park-row, opposite the Astor House, from 9 o'clock until 2 P. M.

HOUSE TO LET AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.—A three-story house, in first rate order, 25x50 feet, in a good location; the rent, to a private family, will be $900 and water rate; the furniture is all new, and will be sold low for cash. Also, to let, furnished, a neat three-story and basement house, built two years; the house is in good repair, and the furniture was made to order and of the best quality; will be rented on easy terms to a private family; no agents need apply. Apply to JOHN CULYER, No. 261 Thompson-st.

HOUSE TO LET, AT ELLIOTVILLE, STATEN ISLAND—Within five minutes' walk of the Snug Harbor Landing, with eight acres of land attached, well stocked with fruit, and a vegetable garden under a high state of cultivation. The house stands on rising ground, and commands one of the finest views on the north shore of the Island. Apply to JAMES W. BLATCHFORD, No. 58 Wall-st., or W. K. LOTHROP, No. 35 Wall-st., New-York.

HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE—The four-story, brown-stone front house and lot, No. 124 Madison-av., near 31st-st., house 25 by 68 feet, and full lot; the house has all the modern improvements; two sets of bathing apparatus, &c., and is one of the best locations in the City. Also, to let for two years with furniture, which is nearly new, the four-story modern built brick house, No. 9 East 33d-st., near 5th-av. Inquire of the owner, N. T. PIKE, No. 9 East 33d-st.

HOUSES TO LET AT NEW-ROCHELLE VILLAGE, N. Y.—Three beautiful houses, nearly new, of various sizes, pleasantly situated on Centre-av., a few minutes' walk from the railroad depôt and steamboat landing, in the vicinity of the new Public School and churches. Carriage houses, stables and one or two acres of land can be had with two of the above dwellings. Rent moderate. For full particulars, apply to J. H. WEAVER, No. 85 Pearl-st., New-York, or to J. G. HORTON, on the premises.

HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN.—A three story and basement house, with gas and furnace, a few minutes' walk from the Fulton ferry. Rent $475 per annum, or will be leased advantageously to a first-class tenant. Has always been lived in by the owner. Apply to HENRY W. LAW, No. 66 Fulton-st., or on the premises, No. 91 Washington-st., Brooklyn.

HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN—Replete with every convenience and in perfect order. Bath, cold and hot water. Suited for a genteel family. With four lots of ground inclosed, situated on the north side of Myrtle-av., the second house above the depot of Myrtle-av. Railroad cars; rent $400; will be leased. Apply on the premises.

HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN.—The 3-story brick dwelling, 25x60, on the Northwest corner of Clinton and Baltic sts. House is 3 rooms deep, has gas, furnace, bath, &c.; gas fixtures belong to the house, which is suitable for a large family. Can be seen after 10 o'clock A. M. R. UPJOHN & CO.,
No. 77 Trinity Building.

HOUSES TO LET—Three houses, at Ravenswood, L. I., on the River, and within three minutes' walk of the steamboat landing or stage route to New-York. For particulars inquire of GILBERT HOPKINS, at Ravenswood, or at his office, No. 40 Peck-slip, New-York, up stairs, from 11 to 12 o'clock.

HOUSE TO LET.—No. 163 Lexington-av.; English basement, and three-story, mastic front, with all the modern conveniences of water, range and heater, the use of the gas chandeliers included in the rent. For terms, &c., call at No. 278 Pearl-st., or address Box No. 1,423 New-York Post-Office.

HOUSES TO LET.—Three or four very nice three-story and attic basement houses, on a good street, near Lexington-av., now in fine order; gas and water on every floor, baths, &c.; rent moderate. Also, several on 4th-av.; $650. E. B. KINSHIMER, No. 319 4th-av., 3 to 7 P. M.

HOUSE TO LET VERY CHEAP.—The house, No. 256 West 32d-st., three doors west of 9th-av., 15 rooms for $468; or the lower part of the house, consisting of 10 rooms, for $270. The house is 25 feet front, 50 feet deep; has bath room, sliding doors, good yard, &c. Apply on the premises.

HOUSES TO LET CHEAP.—Two convenient two-story and attic frame houses in 45th-st., (near 3d-av. railroad;) will be put in good order and let, one for $300, the other for $250. Apply to HARRIOTT & MILLER, No. 486 Broadway.

HOUSES TO LET IN BROOKLYN AT A MODERATE RENT.—Two two-story attic and basement brick houses in Clinton-st., between Harrison and Degraw sts. The houses are in good order. Apply to Mrs. HANNAH HURD, No. 185 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

HOUSE AND STORE TO LET—No. 739 Broadway, fronting the head of Waverley-place; the store, 2d floor, or any part of the house, will be let separately. Apply to L. C. JONES, No. 1½ Warren-st., third story, front room.

HOUSE TO LET IN SOUTH BROOKLYN.—The two and a half story and basement frame house, No. 25 East Warren-st., between Court and Smith sts.; pleasantly situated, eight minutes walk from South or Hamilton Ferries. Rent $450. Apply as above.

HOUSE TO LET.—The comfortable 2-story dwelling, No. 19 Hubert-st., corner Greenwich-st., within one block of St. John's-park. Has painted walls, vaults, &c. Apply to HARDMAN & OSBORN, No. 137 Walker-st.

HOUSE TO LET OR LEASE.—The five-story white marble-front store, No. 814 Broadway; building 25x110. Apply to HARDMAN & OSBORN, No. 137 Walker-st.

HOUSE TO LET—The four-story English basement brown-stone house No. 246 West 23d-st., Boorman-terrace; will be let on moderate terms to a good tenant. Apply at No. 2 Broadway.

HOUSE TO LET—No. 20 University-place, west side, between 8th and 9th sts.; a choice location. It can be seen from 11 to 2 and 5 to 7 P. M. Inquire of A. BAKER & CO., No. 102 William-st.

TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT HOUSE TO LET—No. 103 49th-st., between Broadway and 8th-av., containing nine rooms; rent $250. Also, store No. 585 8th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., West side, 20 feet front by 50 feet deep. Inquire of J. G. HANSON, No. 59 West Broadway.

OFFICES TO LET.—A very handsome suite of offices in the Corn Exchange, Bank Building, consisting of three spacious rooms on the second flight, all well lighted, and now occupied by the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company. Also, one suite in basement, consisting of two rooms. Apply at the Corn Exchange Bank, No. 13 William-st.

OFFICES TO LET.—A few desirable offices in the Bank of the Commonwealth, corner of Pine and Nassau sts. Inquire at the Bank, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock. GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier.

FIVE-STORY BRICK BUILDING TO RENT—No. 23 Gold-st., corner of Eldar's-alley, now occupied by Frazier & Everett's manufactory. The premises are large and well lighted on three sides; rent low. A lease will be given. Apply at No. 21 Cliff-st., to T. ALLEN, or ANSON G. PHELPS.

TO LEASE—A fine double house, and six acres of lawn and garden, on Maspeth-av. Shell Road, 2½ miles from Grand-st. Ferry. Its convenience to the City and excellent water privileges render it an excellent location for a first-class public house, with ample boarding accommodation. Apply to N. L. McCREADY, Esq., No. 36 South-st., or on the premises to WM. H. FURMAN. Stages leaving the Ferry pass throughout the day.

SMALL COTTAGE TO LET—With about 18 acres, near Riverdale depôt, adapted only for a small family. Apply to S. CAMBRELENG, No. 12 Wall-st., or at No. [illegible] West [illegible]-st., after 4 o'clock P. M.

PART OF A HOUSE TO LET—With all the modern improvements, in West 32d-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; the house is nearly new, and the apartments are well suited for a family of not more than three persons, and unexceptionable; rent $225; one under-cellar if desired. Apply at No. [illegible] 9th-av.

PART OF A HOUSE TO LET—No. 28 Clinton-st., to a small family. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET.

DRY GOODS STORE TO LET—No. 137 Spring-st., near Wooster. Fixtures complete, with immediate possession. A first-rate stand.
Apply at No. 137 Spring-st.

THREE LOFTS TO LET—In the new building Nos. 1 and 3 North William-st., suitable for almost any business. Apply, between 10 and 12 o'clock, to S. B. HUTCHINGS, No. 36 John-st.

COAL YARD TO LET.—The old established stand corner of 41st-st. and 7th-av. Apply to
GEORGE CLARK, No. 156 8th-av.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS TO LEASE—The premises on which he now resides, at Maspeth, L. I. From its nearness to the City it presents great advantages to milkmen or gardeners. It contains 36 acres of good land, most of which is in grass, with 16 acres of salt meadow. The buildings are large and commodious, with every convenience, including the ice-house, now filled, with milk-room adjoining. Pleasantly situated on the Plank Road, with plenty of fruit and shade trees, rendering it a desirable residence for persons doing business in the City. Apply to JOS. H. VAN MATER, Jr., Maspeth, Queens Co., L. I.; or to JNO. LLYOD & SONS, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—Furnished House to let or for sale, No. 275 Pacific-st., Brooklyn, near Bond; house brick, three-story, basement and sub-cellar. Furniture very good and all in most excellent order. Rent $700.

Also, No. 273 Pacific-st., next door to the above, without the furniture. Rent $450.

Also, No. 271 Pacific-st., on northeasterly corner of Bond and Pacific sts. Lot 21 feet 2 inches by 90 feet. House brick, three-story, basement and sub-cellar. Will be sold very low.

For permits to see the premises and full particulars, apply to A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

STABLE TO LET.—The brick stable on the rear of houses Nos. 275 and 277 East 9th-st., near Tompkins-square, being 50 feet by 25, and finished in the best manner. Possession May 1. Apply, between 10 and 12 o'clock, to S. B. HUTCHINGS, No. 36 John-st.

RESIDENCES TO LET ON BERGEN HEIGHTS—1½ miles from Jersey City Ferry, several residences, some of which are first-class. The view surpasses anything around New-York. Place healthy, good water, omnibuses every four minutes. Apply at daily Telegraph office, No. 21 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOM TO LET.—Two large and admirably-located rooms, Nos. 124 and 126 Grand-st., (next the Broadway House,) suitable for a manufactory and showrooms. Apply to HARRIOTT & MILLER, No. 486 Broadway.

TWO LIGHT ROOMS TO LET—With steam power, each 44x60 feet, corner Howard and Centre sts. Apply on the premises, to S. R. PARKHURST, Nos. 203 and 205 Centre-st.

SEVENTY-TWO LOTS TO LET—Situated near the Arsenal, making the entire plot of ground lying between the 4th and 5th avs. and 62d and 63d sts. Also, the premises No. 20 Pearl-st., now used as a stable, but suitable for a carpenter's or box maker's shop. Apply to GEORGE JONES, north corner Broadway and Warren-st.

COUNTRY PLACE TO LET—AT EASTCHESTER LANDING.—Two-story farm house and out-buildings, about 20 acres, excellent garden, besides orchard and fruits generally; a superior well, never dry; good sailing and fishing; property of the late Richard Hobbs; possession 1st April, if required; rent $200. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 71 Wall-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET—At Petrona, Rye, Westchester County.—The large dwelling house at the steamboat landing, good garden and large water front; handsome beach, with bathing house, &c. Inquire on the premises of JOHN H. MINUSE.

THE PARK BANK.—NOTICE.—Subscribers to the capital stock of this Bank are respectfully requested to pay the final installment of 90 per cent. upon their subscriptions, on MONDAY, March 31, 1856, at their banking house, at the head of Beekman-st., near the Park, at which time the Bank will be opened for business.
By order of the Board of Directors,
C. A. MACY, Cashier.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—In Hoboken, two of those first-class three-story basement and under-cellar, brown-stone houses, situated in Hudson, between 5th and 6th sts. Said houses are nearly new, and only 6 minutes' walk from the Ferry. Their situation is most healthy and delightful, commanding a view of New-York harbor, the bay, &c.; gas, water, etc. Also some good stores and dwellings, well situated, to let. Apply to JOHN WHITE, No. 91 Washington-st., Hoboken.

TO LET OR LEASE—The factory and water-power situated in the village of Hastings, Westchester County, 20 miles from this City. Said factory is 31x49 feet, has a water-wheel 26 feet in diameter, of about 8-horse power, and is within five minutes' walk of the Hudson River Railroad. Inquire of Mr. FULLER, No. 15 Beach-st., or Mr. KINDER, Hastings.

TO LET, AT STAPLETON, STATEN ISLAND—A good three-story brick house, every way calculated for a gentleman's family, with large grounds and good water. Also, three cottages, at $120, $200 and $250, pleasantly located and near the ferry. Also, parts of houses and stores. Apply to
C. BARTLETT, No. 166 Broadway.

TO LET OR LEASE—The large 5-story brown-stone store, with lofts, &c., No. 257 Bowery—one of the best opportunities for a furniture-dealer, or others, in the City. Rent only $2,000. Apply at No. 126 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 98 East 27th-st., of
PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LEASE—On favorable terms, thirty-four lots on the northerly side of 56th-st., between 10th-av. and the Hudson River, suitable for lumber, coal or lime yards. Apply to FRANKLIN F. RANDOLPH, No. 74 Wall-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—Near Gramercy Park, for two years from May 1, next, the owner now residing in Europe; the house is elegantly furnished throughout, and is supplied with all the modern improvements. Rent $2,000 per annum. Can be seen from 1 to 3 P. M. Apply to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, Counselor at Law, No. 74 Wall-st., or to HOMER MORGAN, Metropolitan Building.

FURNISHED COUNTRY HOUSE TO RENT—Upon the bank of the Hudson, within an hour's ride from 31st-st., having five good chambers, a suit of parlors, &c., pleasant, nearly new, and in good condition. Address Box No. 4,346.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—OR FURNITURE FOR SALE—No. 71 East 15th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Apply, T. J. HALL, No. 154 3d-av., in the shoe store.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—A first class English-basement house, handsomely furnished. Rent $1,800. Apply at No. 25 East 33d-st., between Madison and 4th avs., from 12 to 3 P. M.

A SUITE OF OFFICES TO LET—In the Bible House, Astor-place, now occupied by the New-York Society Library, to let from 1st May next. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, Bible House, entrance 4th-av.

FIRST FLOOR AND BASEMENT TO LET—Of the Gutta Percha Factory, Water-st., near Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn, 100 feet front, 45 feet deep. Also the rear building. Rent cheap. Apply to HANFORD & BRO., No. 29 Park-row, New-York.

HIPPODROME STORES TO LET.—Five stores to let on the Hippodrome front, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., to be constructed according to plans to be seen at the office of Messrs. Thomas & Sons, Architects, northwest corner of Broadway and Grand-st. This central and commanding location is desirable for any kind of retail trade, or offices for professional gentlemen, artists, artisans, or agents. The building will have an attractive front, two stories in heighth, and will be ready for occupation on the 1st day of May next. Apply to A. R. ENO, No. 107 Liberty-st.

STORES OR WAREROOMS TO LET—In the second story of Appleton's Building, corner of Leonard-st., most spacious stores on Broadway, suited to every description of retail or wholesale business. No more desirable location to be found on Broadway. Apply to D. APPLETON & CO., Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

STORE AND BASEMENT TO LET.—No. 90 William-st., near Maiden-lane, being furnished with fire-proof vault, gas fixtures, &c. Rent low. Apply, between 10 and 12 o'clock, to S. B. HUTCHINGS, No. 36 John-st.

STORE AND FIXTURES TO LET.—The fine commodious store and fixtures, recently newly fitted up, in complete order, No. 80 John-st., near Gold. Apply to B. & P. LAURENCE, on the premises.

STORE TO LET.—A store under the St. Germain Hotel, junction of Broadway and 5th-av., to let to a responsible party. Apply at the office of the Hotel.

STORES AND OFFICES TO LET—In the Bible House, Astor-place. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, Bible House, entrance 4th-av.

STEAM POWER TO LET.—Several well-lighted rooms with steady power, in the building corner of Hester and Elizabeth streets; also, in building on 1st-av., near 24th-st. Rents very moderate to permanent tenants. Apply at No. 212 Pearl-st., up stairs.
THOMAS MORTON.

STEAM POWER AND ROOMS TO LET—Situated at the junction of 9th-av. and corners of Hudson, 13th and 14th sts.; lately occupied by the Salamander Marbleized Iron Company. Inquire on the premises.

STEAM POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS TO LET—In the new buildings Nos. 37, 39, 41 and 43 Greene-st. Shafting now and rents low. Apply to
A. & G. W. BRADY, at No. 37 Greene-st.

STEADY STEAM POWER TO LET.—Large and small rooms, well lighted, at No. 449 Water-st., between Pike and Rutger slips.

STEAM POWER TO LET—In light and airy rooms, in a new building in Cliff-st. Apply to
J. C. HULL & SON, No. [illegible] Cliff-st.

ROOMS TO LET—With power in the New-Haven and Harlem Freight depôt. Apply to THOS. BENNETT, corner of Elm and Franklin sts.

ROOMS TO LET—With Power, by
[illegible] GAUDU, No. [illegible] Walker-st.

LINEN PLAYING CARDS.

LINEN PLAYING CARDS.—Southern and Western dealers and club-houses will find a complete assortment of well-assorted playing cards of all qualities at the depôt of the Philadelphia Card Factory of SAMUEL HART & CO., No. 1 Barclay-st., opposite Astor House.

THE GREATEST BEVERAGE OF THE AGE!
W. GILLIES & BROTHERS'
CELEBRATED DANDELION COFFEE, is acknowledged [illegible] not only equal to the finest old [illegible] Coffee, but the most effectual remedy for dyspepsia, [illegible] derangement of the liver, nervousness, &c. W. GILLIES & BRO., Nos. 236 and 237 Washington-st. [illegible] Dandelion [illegible] and [illegible] by A. B. & D. SANDS, No. 100 Fulton-st., and the Druggists generally.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED.

HOUSE WANTED—For a first-class boarding house—two four or five story houses that are or can be connected—located between Barclay and 20th sts. Address A., Times Office.

HOUSE WANTED—TO HIRE OR PURCHASE—A small house on the west side of town, not higher up than 34th-st. Address Box No. 3,480 Post-Office.

PART OF A HOUSE WANTED IN HOBOKEN—First or second floor of a house, (with private family preferred,) from 1st of May next, at a low rent, by a pleasant family small. Five rooms wanted. Address, stating rent, location, &c., R. J. M., Box No. 1,461, New-York Post-Office.

PART OF A FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—Immediately, by a small family, not above 10th-st. Address R. H., Times Office, stating location, rooms and rent, which must be moderate. None but Americans need answer.

UPPER PART OF A HOUSE WANTED—By a gentleman, his wife and one child, with Croton water and bath, gas, &c., second story and back basement preferred; situated between 6th and 20th sts., and 2d and 6th avs. House to be in good order, and pleasantly located. Address, with full particulars, H. M. D., Box No. 1,349, Post-Office.

BOUNTY LANDS.

AT DUBUQUE, IOWA.—Government land located on commission, real estate bought and sold, taxes paid, and all business connected with a Land agency attended to. WOOLSEY B. HOPKINS,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor.
Reference to WM. B. ASTOR, [illegible]; JAMES T. SOUTTER, President Bank of the Republic; R. J. WALKER.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS—Issued by J. B. NONES, Notary Public, United States Commissioner and Commissioner of all the States, No. 116 Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates. Also, Bounty Land, Pensions, Extra Pay, &c., procured by J. B. N.

LAND WARRANTS WANTED.
TAYLOR BROTHERS, Bankers,
No. 76 Wall-st., New-York.
Orders promptly supplied. Warrants always on hand.

LAND WARRANTS WANTED—By
KIRTLAND & CO.,
No. 49 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.
We will fill orders for warrants with promptness.

LAND WARRANTS.—Highest price paid for Land Warrants by
F. P. JAMES & CO., No. 33 Wall-st.

RAILROADS.

AMERICAN LAKE SHORE RAILROAD LINE,
COMPOSED OF
BUFFALO AND ERIE, CLEVELAND AND ERIE,
AND
CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROADS.

CONNECTING with Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroads, the quickest and best route to Chicago, St. Louis, &c. Passengers ticketed to Toledo, Chicago, St. Louis, Rock Island, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Dayton, Springfield, Fort Wayne, [illegible], Tiffin, Findley, Sandusky, &c.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
TO TAKE EFFECT
MONDAY, November 12, 1855.

1. EXPRESS MAIL—Leaves Buffalo at 7 A. M., Cleveland, 2:30 P. M., for Toledo, Chicago, St. Louis, &c., connecting at Toledo with 9 P. M. train on M. S. Railroad, reaching Chicago at 6:30 A. M., connecting with trains for St. Louis, and reaching there at 11 P. M.

2. LIGHTNING EXPRESS—Leaves Buffalo at 10:45 A. M., Cleveland 6 P. M., for Toledo, Chicago, Cincinnati, &c., reaching Toledo at 11 P. M., Chicago [illegible] A. M., Cincinnati [illegible] A. M.

3. NIGHT EXPRESS—Leaves Buffalo at 11 P. M., Cleveland 8 A. M., for Toledo, Chicago, Cincinnati, &c. Passengers by this train reach Toledo at 12:30 P. M., Cincinnati 8:30 P. M., Chicago 10:30 P. M., in season to take the train for St. Louis, reaching there at 2 P. M. on the following day; also connecting at Chicago with Chicago and Rock Island Railroad, Galena and Aurora, Illinois and Wisconsin, and Illinois Central Railroads.

ALSO FROM CLEVELAND,
MAIL TRAIN:
At 9:15 A. M., via Norwalk, stopping at all way stations, and reaching Toledo at 3:17 P. M.

Through tickets can be procured at all the principal Railroad Ticket Offices.
E. B. PHILLIPS, Superintendent.
Office of the Cleveland and Toledo R. R. Co.,
Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 10, 1855.

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE.
The Through Ticket and Freight Office of the GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,
MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD,
and their Railroad and Steamboat connections to Chicago, Milwaukee, Galena, Burlington, St. Louis, Cairo and all points West and Southwest, via Suspension Bridge, Buffalo or Oswego, is at No. 173 Broadway, New-York, corner of Cortlandt-st. DARIUS CLARK, Agent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—On and after MONDAY, Dec. 31, 1855, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz.:

Buffalo Express at 7 A. M., for Buffalo direct, without change of baggage and cars. At Hornellsville this Train connects with a Way Train for Dunkirk and all Stations on the Western Division. Mail, at 8:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate Stations. Passengers by this Train will remain over night at Owego, and proceed the next morning. Newburg Express, at 4 P. M., for Newburg direct, [illegible] Passenger, at 4 P. M., via Suffern, for Newburg and intermediate stations. Way Passenger, at 4 P. M., for Otisville, and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, [illegible]. This Train will leave on Sunday. [illegible] road, for Niagara Falls; at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c. D. C. McCALLUM,
General Superintendent.

NEW INLAND ROUTE.—TO PROVIDENCE, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, &c., via PROVIDENCE, HARTFORD AND FISHKILL RAILROAD. Express train leaves Hartford after arrival of express train of New-York and New-Haven Railroad, [illegible] Hartford and Springfield Railroad from New-York at 8 o'clock A. M. 3:30 P. M. for Providence, after arrival of Evening Express from New-York on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

Morning train leaves Providence at 8:30 and reaches Hartford to connect with express train for New-Haven and New-York.

Trains run also as follows:
Providence for Hartford 3:15 P. M., arriving 7:15 P. M., connecting with express train for New-Haven and New-York.
Waterbury for Hartford 7:30 A. M. and 1:30 P. M.
Hartford for Waterbury 10:10 A. M. and 4:40 P. M.
For local trains and other connections see Railroad Guide.
Trains arrive at and leave same stations at Hartford and Providence as those of Roads connecting as above.
J. W. BACON, Agent, Hartford.
I. A. BROOKS, Agent, Providence.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—Trains leave Chambers-st. daily, for Albany and Troy.
On and after MONDAY, Jan. 21, 1856, the trains will run as follows: Express Train, 7 A. M., connecting with Northern and Western Trains.
Through Way Train, 12 M. Express Train, 4 P. M.
For Poughkeepsie at 9 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
For Peekskill, 5:30 P. M. For Sing Sing, at 4 P. M.
The Sing Sing and Peekskill Trains stop at all the Way Stations.
Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts.
No Trains on Sunday.
M. L. SYKES, Jr., Superintendent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—In connection with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, opened to Mauch Chunk. WINTER ARRANGEMENT, commencing Nov. 19, 1855. Leave New-York for Mauch Chunk from Pier No. 2 North River, at 8:30 A. M. For Easton at 7:30 A. M. and 3:15 P. M. For Somerville, at 7:30 and 10:45 A. M., 3:15 and 4:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, leaving New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st., at 7:30 and 11 A. M., 3 and 4 P. M.
JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—NEW-YORK TO RUTLAND, BURLINGTON, MONTREAL and OGDENSBURG.—The only direct through line leave by Hudson River Railroad at [illegible], arrive at Troy at [illegible] P. M.; take cars of Troy and Boston Railroad; arrive at Rutland at [illegible] P. M. [illegible] and Rouse's Point 12, noon, and Ogdensburg [illegible] same afternoon; leave New-York at [illegible] P. M. [illegible] at Troy; leave by Troy and Boston Railroad at [illegible] for North and East. ISAAC V. BAKER, Supt.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COMPANY, Office No. 73 South Fourth-st., PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 26, 1855.—Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Stock of this Company will be closed on THURSDAY, 3d January, and be re-opened on 15th January next. Holders of certificates which have been discharged from this office, or either of the Transfer Agencies, are particularly requested to have them registered in the Transfer Books, in which they have been transferred prior to 3d January. By order of the Board of Managers. J. BRADFORD, Secretary and Treasurer.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—FOR PHILADELPHIA and the South and West, via Jersey City—Mail and Express Lines. Leave New-York at 8 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3; 12 M., stopping at all way stations. Through tickets sold for Cincinnati and the West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M. trains.
J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

FLUSHING RAILROAD.—The commodious steamer ISLAND CITY leaves Fulton Ferry wharf, north side, at 6½, 8 and 10 o'clock A. M.; 1, 4 and 6 o'clock P. M. daily, [illegible] with the cars at Hunter's Point, opposite 34th-st., which leave Flushing at the same hours. Persons can go to Flushing by any of these trains, and return by any subsequent train. Through in 30 minutes. Fare 25 cents.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD LINE—Tickets for CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, ROCK ISLAND, and all points West and Southwest, [illegible] through tickets, and by the New-York and Erie Railroad, or New-York Central Railroad, by application at the Company's Office, No. 193 Broadway, corner Dey-st.
JOHN F. PORTER, General Agent.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD FOR PHILADELPHIA—Will leave [illegible] morning line leave Pier No. 1 North River at 6 o'clock A. M. Passengers [illegible] The 6 A. M. and 2 P. M. Lines are [illegible]
FREIGHT LINES
At 1 and 4 o'clock P. M., at usual [illegible]

COAL.

[illegible]

COAL [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY WILL SELL, on WEDNESDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, New-York, TWO HUNDRED VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS, situated in the ancient and beautiful village of Newtown, and within only three minutes' walk of the depot of the Flushing Railroad Company. [illegible] ... The cars of the Flushing Railroad Company leave Hunter's Point and New-York several times a day, which gives every facility necessary to persons doing business in the City of New-York, desiring to make this beautiful place their private residence, and combining city with country life. The communication by the Railroad is only eight cents a day, which is less than any railroad or stage route in the City of New-York. [illegible]

This is a chance rarely to be met with, and is worthy the attention of Capitalists, as well as those who are seeking to obtain healthy locations for settlement, as Newtown has long been noted for years as being the healthiest village on Long Island. Many first-class improvements are now going on, and others are in contemplation, which will greatly increase the value of this property. Every lot put up will positively be sold to the highest bidder, without reserve. [illegible]

For lithographic maps and full particulars, apply to ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 4 Broad-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE SPRING AND MOTT-ST. PROPERTY.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction on THURSDAY, March 27, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the administrator of Arnest Fink, deceased, the following described property: [illegible]

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

WILLIAM IRVING & CO. will sell at Auction on THURSDAY, March 20, at 10½ o'clock, at the warerooms of A. J. Gleason, No. 653 Broadway, [illegible] the entire stock of cabinet furniture. This [illegible]

[illegible]

AUCTION SALE OF SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—TO-MORROW (Friday,) at 10½ o'clock, at house No. 79 9th-av., near 14th-st. [illegible]

[illegible]

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer, office No. 94 Broadway.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF RICH PLATED WARE, FANCY GOODS, DIAMOND AND GOLD JEWELRY, BRONZES, STATUARY, &c., at No. 330 BROADWAY. [illegible]

Also, a small assortment of ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE, rosewood secretary and book case, bedroom furniture, &c. Terms cash, and a deposit required. Catalogues on the day of sale.

EDGAR H. FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.

BY FRANKLIN & NICHOLS—On FRIDAY [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] COOK WILL SELL—TO-MORROW [illegible] No. 441 Broadway [illegible]

[illegible]

W. C. [illegible], Auctioneer.

[illegible] SALE OF SPLENDID [illegible] FURNITURE in Brooklyn. [illegible] THURSDAY, March 20, at 10½ o'clock, No. 19 Court-st., Brooklyn [illegible] F. LOTT, late Sheriff. [illegible] Deputy.

[illegible]

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY WILL SELL THIS DAY, March 20, at 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, for account of whom it may concern:

$3,000 Great Western Railroad 1st mtge. 7 per cent. Bonds	$1,000
$13,000 Northern Indiana Railroad 1st mtge. Bonds	$1,000
$8,000 Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad 1st mtge. Bonds	$1,000
$6,000 Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad 3d mtge. Bonds	$1,000
$15,000 Lake Erie, Wabash and St. Louis Railroad 1st mtge. 7 per cent. Bonds	$1,000
$2,000 Detroit and Pontiac Railroad 1st mtge. 8 per cent. Bonds	$1,000
$1,000 Flushing Railroad 2d mtge. Bonds	$500
$1,000 Logansport, Peoria and Burlington Railroad 1st mtge. Bonds	
$23,000 Breckenridge Cannel Coal Certificates	$7,000
150 shares Second-avenue Railroad	100
150 shares Ohio Diamond Coal Co. (hypoth)	25
5 shares Pacific Mail Steamship Co.	100
5 shares Bank of Sing Sing	100
30 shares North River Bank	100
31 shares St. Nicholas Bank	100
100 shares Knickerbocker Life Insurance Co.	25
35 shares Metropolitan Fire Insurance Co.	100
37 shares Columbia Insurance Co.	50
30 shares Rutgers Insurance Co.	25
10 shares Long Island Insurance Co.	50
30 shares Astor Fire Insurance Co.	25
30 shares Firemen's Insurance Co.	17
9 shares National Insurance Co.	37 50
120 shares Enterprise Insurance Co.	25
10 shares St. Nicholas Insurance Co.	25

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent. this day, and the balance before 2 o'clock to-morrow. The accrued interest on all the Bonds will be charged to the purchaser. Next regular sale on MONDAY, March 24.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer and Banker, No. 4 Broad-st.

W. S. MELLOR, Auctioneer.

BY HOUGHTON & MELLOR—THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at 10½ o'clock, on the two floors of No. 112 Nassau-st., first Spring trade sale of cabinet furniture, being the entire stock on hand, and sold by agreement of manufacturers, being the stock accumulated during Winter of about 100 consignees, on which we have made cash advances and now offered for absolute sale, amounting to over $20,000—now ready for exhibition. Also, the entire furniture of a first-class private house.

Parlor Furniture—Elegant carved rosewood parlor furniture, en suite, covered with French brocade, satin, four-colored silk brocatel, moquet figured reps, plush, French satin de laine, and English hair-cloth; ladies' rosewood cabinets, with rich etageres with French-plate mirror fronts, richly carved music cabinets, music-stands, carved rosewood centre tables, with Egyptian, black, and gold and white Italian marble tops; richly carved mahogany sofas, tête-à-têtes, Voltaire and spring-seat parlor and reception chairs, Turkish easy-chairs.

Dining-room and Library Furniture—Rosewood, mahogany, black walnut, and oak patent extension dining-table, chairs to match, covered in plush, figured reps, and cane seats; sideboard, rich bookcases and secretary, walnut, oak, and mahogany cases, Voltaire chairs, &c.

Chamber Furniture—Elegantly carved rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, dressing-bureaus with marble tops and French-plate glasses, marble-top enclosed washstands and commodes, richly decorated and enameled and cottage chamber suites, several of which are very valuable; several wardrobes, richly carved armoirs, with French-plate doors and lined with satinwood and cedar; lounges and lounge-beds, covered in fancy de laine, reps, and hair—chairs to match; walnut cottage furniture, rosewood and other dressing-tables, plain mahogany and walnut chamber furniture, three suites in oak, sofas, tête-à-têtes, mahogany French chairs, spring-seat, arm, and rocking chairs, divans, sewing-chairs, &c.

Also, at 12 o'clock, 5 new and second-hand piano-fortes, 1 Chinese bedstead, and 12 Brussels and ingrain carpets.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF ROSEWOOD AND MAHOGANY FURNITURE, PIANO-FORTE, CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, CROCKERY, &c.—F. COLTON will sell, THIS DAY (Thursday) at the Auction room No. 59 Beekman-st., at 10½ o'clock, a large assortment of new and second-hand furniture removed for convenience of sale, comprising two rosewood parlor suites in satin brocatel, rosewood and mahogany dressing bureaus, plain bureaus, mahogany and maple chairs, rosewood and mahogany and oak book-cases, secretaries, mahogany French bedsteads, sofas, tête-à-têtes, sofa beds, rosewood and mahogany centre, side and card tables; divans, black walnut extension tables, black walnut dining tables, hair mattresses, paillasses, beds, bolsters and pillows, rosewood Voltaire chairs, marble-top washstands, mirrors, oil-paintings, cottage suites, work tables, mahogany rockers, plated tea sets, casters, 50 pieces of oil-cloths, &c. Also, 75 bedsteads, large lot of crockery, knives and forks, glass ware, &c., from a hotel at Staten Island, and a good chance for dealers as well as others in want of furniture. Sale without reserve.

PHILIP R. WILKINS, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT AND 50 VILLA SITES AT NYACK, ON THE HUDSON RIVER.—PHILIP R. WILKINS will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, about three acres of land, with the fine mansion-house thereon, situated at Nyack, within a few hundred feet of the river. The house is large, in perfect order, (first story painted in fresco,) and the grounds are well stocked with every variety of fruit. Also, 50 villa plots, which will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers. For health, beauty of scenery, &c., Nyack is unsurpassed by any place on the river, and its proximity to the City, with which communication can be had several times on each day, renders this property very desirable for those wishing country residences. For further particulars and maps apply at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 11 Wall-st.

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer. Office No. 94 Broadway.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF FASHIONABLE FIRST-CLASS CABINET FURNITURE.—Being the stock of the old established firm of McGraw & Allendorph, at their warerooms No. 455 Broadway. A. C. TUTTLE will sell on TUESDAY, 25th, at 10½ o'clock, at the above warerooms, the entire stock of McGraw & Allendorph, who have determined to retire from the trade on the 1st of May ensuing. The assortment comprises elegant rosewood parlor furniture, in the richest styles of satin, brocade, brocatel, and muslin. Library, dining, and bedroom furniture, in rosewood, mahogany, oak, and black walnut. Also, an elegant assortment of their superior enameled cottage chamber suites, in every variety of design and coloring. The whole of which must be sold, and is warranted in every respect as to material and workmanship.

Terms—Under $300, cash; over $300, approved indorsed notes at 4 months. *Catalogues on the morning of sale.*

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON TENTH-AVENUE, 123D AND 124TH-STS.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction on THURSDAY, March 27, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange.

TENTH-AVENUE—4 lots on northeast corner of 10th-av. and 123d-st., each 25x100 feet.

ALSO—4 lots on the southeast corner of 10th-av. and 123d-st., each 25x100 feet.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-THIRD-STREET—7 lots south side 123d-st., 100 feet east of 10th-av., each 25x100 feet 10 inches.

ALSO—4 lots on north side 123d-st., 100 feet east of 10th-av., each 25x100 feet 10 inches.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FOURTH-STREET—4 lots on south side 124th-st., in rear above, each 25x100 ft. 10 ins.

For maps, &c., apply to the auctioneer, No. 38 Wall st.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell at public auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, on TUESDAY, March 25, at 12 o'clock, by order of the Administrator, the valuable leasehold premises known as No. 34 Clinton-place, 8th-st., near the 5th-av. The lot is 25 by 100, running back to a carriage way 25 feet wide to McDougal-st., and carrying with it the right of way in common of the said carriage way. The house is 25 feet by 50 feet, is three stories in height, with attic, basement and cellar, is substantially built, contains all the modern improvements. A very desirable house and in a first-class neighborhood. The ground rent for 21 years yet to run, will be $260, subject to a renewal every 21 years forever at 5 per cent on the value of the ground. Terms cash. For further particulars, apply to the Auctioneers, No. 7 Broad-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT ON THIRTY-FOURTH-ST.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction on THURSDAY, March 20, 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the following desirable residence. 34th-st.—4-story English basement brown-stone front house and lot No. 130 West 34th-st., furnished with all the modern improvements and in complete order, gas, furnace, water-closets, &c. To be positively sold to the highest bidder. House 20 feet 8 inches front, by 55 feet deep; lot 98 feet 9 inches deep. $5,500 can remain on mortgage.

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE SALES.—The subscriber, thankful for past favors, informs his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his personal attention to sales of furniture at private dwellings, as also to stocks of cabinet-makers or others this season.

As he keeps no auction room, those who may require his service can depend upon having their interest faithfully executed. A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer, Office No. 94 Broadway.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.—ANTHONY J. BLEECKER will sell at public auction, on THURSDAY, March 27, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the valuable lot and substantial two-story brick-front dwelling-house, known as No. 8 Thomas-st., between Church-st. and West Broadway. House 22x30 ft.; lot 25x80 ft. For particulars, apply to JAMES W. WHITE, No. 51 Liberty-st.

ANTHONY BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE—SIXTEEN HOUSES AND LOTS.—Valuable Property for investment, in the eastern portion of the City, situated on 7th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 17th, 18th, 21st and 26th sts. and 7th-av., to be sold by ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, at Merchants' Exchange, New-York, on March 19, 1856. Terms easy.

For maps, &c., apply to the Auctioneer, No. 7 Broad-st.

G. G. HORTON, Auctioneer. Salesroom No. 34 Cedar-st.

G. G. HORTON WILL SELL THIS DAY (Thursday) at No. 66 6th-av. at 10½ o'clock, A. M., the stock and fixtures of a millinery and fancy goods store, consisting of ladies' and children's hats, caps, dress trimmings, ribbons, laces, galloons, fringes, gimps, silk and kid gloves, &c.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

WILLIAM IRVING & CO.—WILL SELL at Auction on FRIDAY, March 21, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 27 Mercer-st., a general assortment of Household Furniture, consisting of mahogany and black walnut sofas, divans, chairs, dressing bureaus, bedsteads, washstand, toilet-tables, commodes, carpets, &c.

JOHN E. VAN ANTWERP, Auctioneer.

HARDWARE AUCTION NOTICE.—JOHN E. VAN ANTWERP'S Fifth Regular Spring Trade Sale of Hardware will take place on THURSDAY, 20th, at 10 o'clock, at the store No. 219 Pearl-st. Catalogues now ready. Terms, four months.

DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT.—In 71st-st., south side, between 3d and 4th avs.; lot 25 by 100 [illegible] ... If not sold at private sale will be sold at auction THURSDAY, March 27, at 12 o'clock, at Merchants' Exchange, by WM. H. FRANKLIN & SON. For further particulars, inquire of the Auctioneer, or on the premises.

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE.—Will be sold at public auction [illegible] at Tarrytown, Westchester County [illegible]

[illegible] CALEB VAN TASSELL, CHARLES SMITH [illegible]

TUNIS MORRELL, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—FURNITURE, &c.—Dealers and all others intending to purchase household goods, will attend THIS MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 81 Nassau-st., where they will find an attractive stock of rosewood, mahogany, black walnut, and oak furniture, from private warerooms, necessitated to sacrifice, to pay notes, &c. Also, modern and ancient oil-paintings, with and without gilt frames, oval mirrors, bedding of various kinds, mantel clocks, vases, and ornaments, gold jewelry, &c. The above goods are arranged to give opportunity to examine. (Full description excuse.) Second-hand office and household articles at commencement. N. B.—Bedding, &c., in best manner.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

BY JOSEPH HEGEMAN.—FRIDAY, March 21, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the General Salesrooms, corner of Pearl and Willoughby sts., Brooklyn, mortgage sale of mahogany, parlor and chamber furniture, carpets, &c. Also, regular weekly sale of miscellaneous furniture, &c., sofas, sofa bedsteads, suits of walnut marble-top chamber furniture, oak and walnut extension tables and chairs, office desk and tables, Brussels, 3-ply and ingrain carpets, set of astronomical maps, three full-size plaster statuary, with gas pipe, &c., two pianos, grocer's long show case.

D. S. HOUGH, Auctioneer.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION—Is directed to an unusually attractive sale of Household Furniture and decorations, at the house No. 79 Warren-st., THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at 10 A. M. Rosewood brocatel furniture in suites, etagere, tables, sofas, chairs, lounges, velvet carpet, Brussels do., extension table, dining do., rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, &c.; hat-stands, pier glasses, mattresses, blankets, &c. &c. For particulars, see *Herald* and *Tribune*.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—On FRIDAY, March 21, 1856, at the Merchants' Exchange, by E. H. LUDLOW, at 12 o'clock M., the desirable house and lot on the southeast corner of 3d-av. and 28th-st., with a stable in the rear; size of lot 100 feet in depth by about 25 in width. Title perfect and indisputable. Half of the purchase money can remain. The above offers great inducements to capitalists seeking an eligible investment.

W. A. CARTER, Auctioneer.

GROCERIES, FISH, HERRINGS, CATSUP, LIQUORS—FRIDAY, March 21, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 57 Day-st., corner of Greenwich, soap, sperm candles, teas, coffee, pickles, prunes, sweet oil, tea, paper, straw paper, smoking and chewing tobacco, knives, forks, scissors, toy pistols, brandy, rum, gin, wines, scales, weights, hammers, saws, files, whips, &c. &c.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.—The subscribers will give their personal attention to the sales of household furniture, at the residence of parties breaking up housekeeping.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer.

AT THE BAZAAR—NO. 31 CROSBY-ST.—Auction sales of horses, carriages, harness, &c., every MONDAY and WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock.

JOHN H. GATFIELD, Proprietor.

N. COOPER, Auctioneer.

N. COOPER WILL SELL—At 10 o'clock, at auction, THURSDAY, March 20, a large lot of China, crockery and glass ware, and furniture at No. 130 Court-st., Brooklyn.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE CONSULTATIONS.

DR. WATSON continues to practice in a certain class of diseases, in which he has treated more than twenty thousand cases, without one instance of failure. The remedies are mild, and do not keep the patient from business, or expose him to detection, while in most recent cases there is a cure in twenty-four hours. DR. WATSON desires to state that, as many have been deceived by the promises of certain charlatans, and been injured by drugs, patients are respectfully invited to call, in the first place, as there is no charge for consultations.

W. WATSON, M. D.

Many years Surgeon to the Lock Hospital; Author of "The Cause and Cure," numerous plates, $1. Office No. 69 Walker-st., fourth door west of Broadway.

SAND'S SALT-RHEUM REMEDY.

FOR SALT-RHEUM, TETTER, SCALD-HEAD, BARBER'S-ITCH, RING-WORM, BLOTCHES AND ALL OTHER AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN.

Over 2,400 cures can be ascribed to this celebrated external remedy, which quickly penetrates the pores and absorbs the virus from these distressing complaints. Although vigorous in exterminating disease, it is perfectly harmless and may be applied with perfect safety to the skin of an infant. Price $1 per jar. Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, No. 100 Fulton-st. Sold also by Druggists generally.

REPRESENTATIVE IN AMERICA.

DR. BARROW, No. 31 Greene-st., near Canal, New-York; specially appointed by the proprietor and patentee of a

TRIESEMAR—THE GREAT EUROPEAN DISCOVERY.—Protected by Royal Letters Patent of England, and secured by the seals of the Ecole de Pharmacie de Paris, and the Imperial College of Medicine, Vienna.

TRIESEMAR No. 1—Is the remedy of general and local debility, loss of virile power, premature decay, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, &c. Its effects are efficacious in youth, manhood and old age; the virile powers would not become impaired, even in the decline of life, if the Triesemar were universally adopted; all physical impediments vanish like magic before its influence, thus rendering its use invaluable to those entering the marriage state.

TRIESEMAR No. 2—Completely and entirely eradicates all traces of those disorders which copaiva and cubebs have so long been thought an antidote for, to the ruin of the health of a vast portion of the population.

TRIESEMAR No. 3—Is the great European remedy for that class of disorders which unfortunately the English Physician treats with mercury, to the inevitable destruction of the patient's constitution, and which all the Sarsaparilla in the world cannot remove.

TRIESEMAR No. 1, 2 and 3 are alike devoid of taste or smell, and all nauseating qualities. They may lay on the toilet table without their use being detected.

Sold in tin cases at $3 each, or four cases in one for $9, which saves $3; and in $27 cases, whereby there is a saving of $9; divided into separate doses, as administered by Valpeau, Lallemand, Roux, &c.

To be had, wholesale and retail, and forwarded immediately, on receipt of remittance, to any part of the world by R. A. BARROW, M. D., No. 31 Greene-st., near Canal, New-York. Consultations daily from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 4 to 8 P. M. (Sundays excepted) unless by previous appointment. No. 31 Greene-st., near Canal. Will remove on the 1st of May next to No. 187 Prince-st.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.—The undersigned, formerly a pupil of the RICORD, of Paris, and with the celebrated Surgeons of this City, Drs. CARNOCHAN and MOTT, may be consulted, confidentially, in his specialty, (which also includes all diseases of the throat and lungs) at his conveniently located rooms, No. 516 Broadway, opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel, from 9 to 1 o'clock and from 4 to 8, daily. He tenders to all afflicted positive assurance of relief, and those who have been abused by "specifics," antidotes, "books," "nostrums," and the effrontery of the numerous "medical" charlatans of the day, may rely on having their cases treated successfully, no matter how complicated they may appear. His extended observations in the famous Hospital du Midi, in Paris, under RICORD himself, together with the many new and efficient remedies of this eminent surgeon, render failure impossible.

For the satisfaction of the interested it is proper here to state, that RICORD'S PRACTICE in sexual diseases—which comprehends the derangements of those organs as well—is the modern and only rational system (combining rapidity of cure with entire safety to the constitution) recognized by science, as it expressly rejects the old, empirical, secret and hazardous employment of such pretended specifics as mercury, balsam copaiva, &c. Recent cases cured without any delay, and the most candid information given in every instance. The subscriber's treatment of Consumption, constitutional, scrofulous, mercurial and nervous diseases, is based entirely on the modern and improved science of practice, and has been eminently successful.

It may be mentioned, for the information of patients residing in the country or distant cities, that they can at any time consult the subscriber by letter, giving a plain statement of their case, when the necessary medicines adapted to it will be prepared and sent to them.

Consultations en Français.

C. D. HAMMOND, M. D.,

Physician, Consulting and Operative Surgeon.

TO SUFFERING HUMANITY.—DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL is the remedy for general and local Debility, loss of Virile Power, Premature Decay, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, &c. Its effects are efficacious and salutary, beyond calculation, in youth, manhood and old age; indeed, the virile powers would not become impaired, even in the decline of life, if the Cordial were universally adopted; all physical impediments vanish like magic before its influence, thus rendering its use invaluable to those entering the marriage state.

DR. HUNTER'S NEW MEDICAL WORK, THE VADE MECUM, giving the London, Paris and Vienna treatment, 300 pages, full of colored plates. Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses, latest discoveries in reproduction; quacks, their receipts and specifics; nervous debility, local and general, from excess and indiscretion in youth. Price four shillings. To be had of Dr. HUNTER himself, No. 3 Division-st., New-York, long and favorably known to the public. He may be consulted without his old-established office, where he has practiced in one branch of medicine for the last twenty-four years, and made more cures than any other man in the City, in many instances of persons considered incurable, some of which he has permission to refer to as heretofore. Charges moderate, and in all cases a cure guaranteed. Caution—My great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, that cures the disease without drying it up in the blood, can only be had as here; it makes a speedy cure, without the least restriction, in diet, drink, exposure or change in application to business. One bottle will cure the most inveterate case. Many are cured in a few hours; it entirely supersedes the dangerous and indiscriminate use of Mercury, which too often causes the inevitable destruction of the constitution.

DR. MAGNIN'S LUCINA CORDIAL, OR ELIXIR OF LOVE.—This delightful and positive invigorant of the human system is fast superseding all other remedies [illegible] ... Principal office No. 75 Maiden-lane. [illegible] DR. MAGNIN.

MEDICAL OFFICE—DR. COOPER, No. 14 [illegible] ... may be consulted with confidence. [illegible]

DR. CORBETT [illegible]

MEDICAL.

EFFICACIOUS CURE FOR CORNS, BUNIONS, CALLOSITIES.—Nails growing into the flesh, and every disorder of the feet, by a new and peculiar method, without cutting or without causing the slightest pain.

Monsieur LEVI, of No. 59 Rue de Rivoli, Paris, and No. 3 Conduit-st., Regent-st., London, Surgeon Chiropodist to the Emperor of France and the Royal Family of England, having been specially invited to New-York to attend some distinguished families, intends remaining here and may be consulted daily, Sundays excepted, at his office, from 10 to 4 o'clock, at No. 31 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

COPIES OF TESTIMONIALS.

From His Imperial Majesty, Napoleon III., Emperor of France.

Je certifie que M. Levi enlève les cors avec une extrême habileté. LOUIS NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

From His Grace the present Duke of Cleveland.

I certify that Mr. Levi has entirely cured my corns.

CLEVELAND, No. 26 St. James-square, London.

From the Most Noble the Marquis of Lansdowne.

Mr. N. Levi extracted a corn for me, with perfect facility and success. LANSDOWNE, No. 52 Berkeley-square, London.

From Robert Ferguson, Esq., M. D., Physician in Ordinary to Her Majesty of Great Britain.

Mr. Levi has most skillfully extracted two corns from my feet, without giving me the slightest pain.

ROBERT FERGUSON, M. D.

No. 2 Queen-st., May Fair, London, March 1, 1854.

From H. J. Feltus, Esq.

Unsolicited by Mr. Levi, I beg leave to testify to his successful skill in having perfectly removed a large bunion of long standing, without causing any pain.

H. J. FELTUS, No. 4 Boston Row.

Philadelphia, July 27, 1853.

In addition to the above authenticated testimonials, many thousands more in his possession (among which are several from ladies of the highest rank) can be seen by favoring him with a call at his office, No. 31 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., New-York.

N. B.—No professional connection with any person.

THE POETRY OF PHYSIC.—AYER'S PILLS glide, sugar-shod, over the palate, but their energy, although wrapped up, is there, and tells with giant force on the very foundations of disease. There are thousands of sufferers who would not wear their diseases if they knew they could be cured for 25 cents. Try AYER'S PILLS, and you will know it.

Purify the blood and disease will be starved out.

Cleanse the system from impurities and you are cured already.

Take this best of all the Purgatives, and Scrofula, Indigestion, Weakness, Headache, Backache, Sideache, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Derangements of the Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, all derangements and all diseases which a purgative remedy can reach, fly before them like darkness before the sun.

Reader, if you are suffering from any of the numerous complaints they cure—suffer no more: the remedy has been provided for you, and it is criminal to neglect it.

That AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is the best medicine for a Cough, is known to the whole world; and that AYER'S PILLS are the best of all Pills, is known to all who have used them.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass., and sold by Druggists everywhere.

DR. LARMONT'S PARIS AND LONDON MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE.—Eleventh edition, 340 pages, 75 colored figures, cloth, $1. Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction; quacks, their recipes and specifics; nervous debility, local and general, from excess and indiscretion in youth. The author's Paris and London treatment, from 11 to 2, and 6 to 9 P. M., No. 42 Reade-st., corner of No. 290 Broadway, New-York. His book is also sold at No. 222 Broadway. We commend Dr. LARMONT to the afflicted.—*Courier des Etats Unis, Staats Zeitung, National Democrat, Day Book, Courier.*

NO CHARGE UNLESS CURED.—Dr. JOHNSON, No. 14 Duane-st., Chatham Bank Building, may be consulted with confidence on all diseases requiring secrecy. His long experience of 24 years in this speciality of the profession enables him to treat and cure all those who may have suffered from the malpractices of medical impostors, many of which are to be found in all large cities, but particularly in the City of New-York. Dr. J. being a graduate of N. Y. University, guarantees a cure in all cases undertaken. Hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

FOR EUROPE.

THE NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS.—The ships composing this line are as follows:

ATLANTIC, Capt. West. PACIFIC, Capt. [illegible]. ADRIATIC, Capt. [illegible]. BALTIC, Capt. Comstock.

These ships have been built by contract, expressly for Government service. Every care has been taken in their construction, as also their engines, to insure strength and speed, and their accommodations for passengers are unequaled for elegance and comfort. Price of passage from New-York to Liverpool, in first-class cabin, $130. In second cabin, $75; exclusive use of extra sized staterooms, $325; from Liverpool to New-York, 30 and 20 guineas. An experienced surgeon attached to each ship. No berth secured until paid for.

PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING.

FROM NEW-YORK.		FROM LIVERPOOL.	
Wednesday, Nov. 28	1855	Saturday, Dec. 1	1855
Wednesday, Dec. 12	1855	Saturday, Dec. 15	1855
Wednesday, Dec. 26	1855	Saturday, Dec. 29	1855
Saturday, Jan. 5	1856	Saturday, Jan. 12	1856
Saturday, Jan. 19	1856	Wednesday, Jan. 23	1856
Saturday, Feb. 2	1856	Wednesday, Feb. 6	1856
Saturday, Feb. 16	1856	Wednesday, Feb. 20	1856
Saturday, Mar. 1	1856	Wednesday, Mar. 5	1856
Saturday, Mar. 15	1856	Wednesday, Mar. 19	1856
Saturday, Mar. 29	1856	Wednesday, Apr. 2	1856
Saturday, Apr. 12	1856	Wednesday, Apr. 16	1856
Saturday, Apr. 26	1856	Wednesday, Apr. 30	1856
Saturday, May 10	1856	Wednesday, May 14	1856
Saturday, May 24	1856	Wednesday, May 28	1856
[illegible]		Wednesday, June 11	1856

For freight or passage apply to

EDW'D K. COLLINS, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York.

BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., Liverpool.

STEPHEN KENNARD & CO., No. 27 Austin Friars, London.

B. G. WAINWRIGHT & CO., Paris.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. Shippers please take notice that the ships of this line cannot carry any goods contraband of war.

NOTICE—The day of departure of this line from New-York, for 1856, will be Saturday, commencing Jan. 5, and *every alternate Saturday, and from Liverpool, Wednesday,* commencing Jan. 23, and every alternate Wednesday.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.—Chief Cabin Passage, $130; *Second Cabin Passage, $75. From Boston to Liverpool.*—Chief Cabin Passage, $110; Second Cabin Passage, $60. The ships from Boston call at Halifax.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Wickman.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Ryrie.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

CANADA, Lang, leave Boston	Wednesday, Feb. 27.
ASIA, Lott, leave New-York	Wednesday, Mar. 5.
AMERICA, Wickman, leave Boston	Wednesday, Mar. 12.
AFRICA, Shannon, leave New-York	Wednesday, Mar. 19.
ARABIA, Stone, leave Boston	Wednesday, Mar. 26.
PERSIA, Judkins, leave N. York	Wednesday, April 2.
CANADA, Lang, leave Boston	Wednesday, April 9.
ASIA, Lott, leave New-York	Wednesday, April 16.
AMERICA, Wickman, leave Boston	Wednesday, April 23.

Berths not secured until paid for. An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed.

For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR BREMEN VIA SOUTHAMPTON.—The United States Mail Steamship HERMANN, E. Higgins, Commander, will sail for Bremen, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers for England and France, on SATURDAY, March 22, at 12 o'clock, M., from Pier No. 37, North River.

Price of passage from New-York to Southampton or Bremen:

In first cabin, main saloon	$130
In first cabin, lower saloon	110
In second cabin	60

An experienced Surgeon is attached to each steamer.

Specie delivered in Havre or London.

No parcels received on the day of sailing.

All letters must pass through the Post Office.

For Passage or Freight, apply to

C. H. SAND, Agent, No. 11 South William-st.

The steamer WASHINGTON will succeed the HERMANN, and sail April 19.

STEAM BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW.—

EDINBURGH, 2,500 tons, WM. CUMMING, Commander.
NEW-YORK, 2,150 tons, ROBERT CRAIG, Commander.
GLASGOW, 1,962 tons, JOHN DUNCAN, Commander.

The Glasgow and New-York Steamship Company intend sailing their new and powerful steamers from New-York for Glasgow direct, as under:

EDINBURGH....Saturday, 22d of March, at 12 o'clock M.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First-class, $75; third-class, found with cooked provisions, $30.

An experienced Surgeon attached to each steamer.

For freight or passage, apply to J. McSYMON, No. 17 Broadway.

New-York City bills or Gold only received for passage.

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE DIRECT.—British and North American Royal Mail Steampacket Company.

ETNA, Capt. Miller. EMEU, Capt. Small.
JURA, Capt. Wickman. LEBANON, Capt. Cook.
CAMBRIA, (paddle-wheel,) Capt. Brownless.

Their cabin accommodations and staterooms for first class passengers, are equal to those of any steamship afloat.

Passage money, first cabin, $100—Provisions and steward's fee included; wines and liquors extra, to be procured on board.

For freight, passage, or any other information, apply to

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—The United States Mail Steamer FULTON, J. A. Wotton, Commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton, to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, April 5, at 12 o'clock M., from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st. Prices of Passage—First Cabin, $130; Second Cabin, $75. Specie not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing marked "below." No freight will be taken after Thursday, April 3. For freight or passage, apply to

M. LIVINGSTON, Agent, No. 56 Broadway.

P. S.—The ARAGO will succeed the FULTON and sail May 3.

STEAM BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LONDON—Calling at Cork each way for passengers. The new and powerful screw-steamer BRENDA is appointed to sail as above, on TUESDAY, the 15th of April, and will take a limited number of first, second and third-class passengers. For freight or passage, apply to ABRAHAM BELL'S SONS, No. 25 Park-row.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That application will be made to the Governor of the State of New-York for the pardon of CHARLES ROBERTS, who was convicted at the Court of Sessions in the City and County of New-York, on the 7th day of July, 1853, of burglary in the second degree, and sentenced to be imprisoned in the State Prison at Sing Sing, for the term of six years. WEED & KINGSLEY, Attorneys, Albany.

EXTRA AND CHOICE [illegible] ... THOMAS P. DIXON, No. 1 and 2 Jefferson Market, from [illegible]

INSURANCE.

PEOPLE'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of the City of New-York.

OFFICES No. 128 CANAL-ST. AND 22 WILLIAM-ST.

Cash Capital $150,000, with a surplus, all invested in securities of the very best character.

RICHARD VARICK, President.

W. F. UNDERHILL, Secretary.

PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Offices No. 64 Wall-st., and 145 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS—$250,000.

STEPHEN CROWELL, President.

PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 74 WALL-ST., JAN. 12, 1856.

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES—Have this day declared a dividend of FORTY-SEVEN PER CENT. to policy holders on the amount of their premiums paid on policies issued by this Company, and which have terminated within the year ending the 31st day of December, 1855.

They have declared a further dividend of SIX AND THREE QUARTERS PER CENT. on the capital stock, payable to their shareholders, in cash and scrip, on demand.

They have also declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT., in cash, on the amount of outstanding scrip.

The charter of this Company, which combines the mutual principle, with a cash capital, provides that after the payment of interest on its capital, the remaining profits shall be annually apportioned between the shareholders and the policy holders, and the scrip issued therefor is not to be paid off until the amount, together with the capital, shall exceed ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS.

CASH CAPITAL, $150,000—WITH LARGE SURPLUS.

TRUSTEES.

Charles H. Russell,	Josiah Oakes,
Daniel S. Fearing,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.,
William H. Russell,	Jas. M. Waterbury,
Augustus C. Downing,	George Curtis,
Gouverneur P. Lamar,	George T. Adee,
Wm. Butler Duncan,	John J. Astor, Jr.,
N. H. Wolfe,	Fred'k A. Delano,
Isaac Townsend,	Abraham Bell,
James Warren,	Daniel Drake Smith,
Arthur Leary,	Frederic G. Foster,
Mortimer W. Hamilton,	Peter Hall,
Denning Duer,	Robert S. Hone,
John Stewart, Jr.,	Samuel V. Hoffman,
Robert B. Minturn,	Jacob Anthony, Jr.,
Reuben Withers,	J. P. Girard Foster,
Edward C. Center,	John A. C. Gray.

ROBERT S. HONE, President.

B. F. CURRY, Secretary.

ANNUAL STATEMENT—OF THE BUSINESS AND CONDITION OF THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK—Jan. 1, 1856. Office, No. 146 Broadway.

Capital Stock		$100,000 00
Reserve of January, 1854		82,546 23
Balance from business of 1855		195,296 53
Amount of premiums received during the year	$165,591 88	
Amount of interest and discount	21,624 75	
Amount of dividends, annuities, &c.	7,785 62	194,969 30
Balances due sundries, for dividend of 1854, agent's balances, &c.		10,302 56
Total		$495,270 31

DISBURSEMENTS.

Claims by death	$72,618 00
Expenses, taxes, salaries, commissions, &c.	25,536 21
Reinsurance and purchased policies	9,049 63
Dividend on Capital	7,500 00
Total	$114,703 84

ASSETS.

Bonds and mortgages on property of the Cities of New-York and Brooklyn, worth double the amount loaned	168,800 00	
Premium loans at 7 per cent. interest	158,603 33	
Agents accounts for premiums in course of collection and transmission	30,480 61	
Cash in Bank and on hand	5,329 66	
City Bonds and Stocks	4,820 00	
Deferred Premiums, secured Interest and Furniture	14,582 60	
		$[illegible]

The Directors have, after appropriating a provisional fund of $271,198 87 over and above the Capital Stock of $100,000, declared a dividend of interest at 6 per cent. on the Scrip for Profits declared Jan. 1, 1854, payable to the holders thereof, on the adjustment of the premiums for the current year. N. D. MORGAN, President.

C. Y. WEMPLE, Secretary.

The Manhattan Company has now become the largest Joint Stock and Mutual Company in the United States, and affords to those desirous of Life Insurance the most reliable security. All pamphlets and other documentary information furnished gratis, on application, by mail or otherwise.

LIFE INSURANCE—ACCUMULATED FUND, $2,230,005 47.

LOSSES PAID, $1,336,990 31.

DIVIDENDS PAID, $715,492 66. PERFECT SECURITY AND STRICT ECONOMY are distinguishing features of the MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Among the many advantages offered to the public are:

THE SECURITY OF A LARGE ACCUMULATION.

ANNUAL DECLARATION OF DIVIDENDS.

PAYMENT OF DIVIDENDS IN REDUCTION OF PREMIUMS.

LOANS OF ONE-HALF OF LIFE PREMIUMS TO INSURERS.

RECEIPT OF PREMIUMS SEMI-ANNUALLY AND QUARTERLY.

Prospectuses, Statements and Applications will be furnished upon application at the office; all information desired will be given by the undersigned.

ROBERT L. PATTERSON, President.

JOEL W. CONDIT, Vice-President.

BENJAMIN C. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. & J. P. LORD, Agents, No. 11 Wall-st., New-York.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1856.

CLINTON FIRE INSURANCE CO.—CASH CAPITAL $250,000.—Office No. 52 Wall-st., opposite the Merchants' Exchange. This Company continues to insure Merchandise, Buildings, Household Furniture, Vessels in Port, their Cargoes, &c., &c., against *loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.*

DIRECTORS.

Hugh Laing,	Joseph Walker,	Cor. W. Lawrence
Charles R. Swords,	Stuart C. Marsh,	John Compton,
D. Henry Haight,	Loc. R. Swords,	A. L. Ely,
Joseph W. Corlies,	Wm. K. Strong,	Geo. Griswold, Jr.,
Thomas Small,	Geo. A. Townsend,	D. Alonzo Cushman,
Alfred Willis,	Alvah Laing,	Wm. Ladlow, Jr.,
Effing. Townsend,	Silas Brainard,	John Penfold,
Joseph Lawrence,	E. T. Nicoll,	John Watson,
Samuel Willets,	Joseph D. Taylor,	Noah S. Hunt,
W. H. Ransom,	Robert M. Bruce,	E. J. Smith,
Sylvester L. H. Ward,		John H. Boyd.

HUGH LAING, President.

JAMES B. AMES, Jr., Secretary.

THE IRVING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Offices No. 7 Wall-st., and 295 Greenwich-st. Cash Capital $200,000, with a surplus. Insures buildings, merchandise, furniture, vessels in port and their cargoes, and other property, against loss or damage by fire.

MARTIN L. CROWELL, Sec. MASON THOMPSON, Pres.

FOR THE SOUTH.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA—United States Mail Line—The new and splendid steamship AUGUSTA, THOS. LYON, Commander, Will leave New-York for Savannah on SATURDAY, March 22, from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.

Bills of lading signed by the clerk on board. For freight apply on board, or for passage to

SAMUEL L. MITCHILL, No. 13 Broadway.

For Florida, through tickets to Jacksonville, $21; Pilatka, $23.

Large and commodious steamers leave Savannah for Florida three times a week, connecting with the steamers from New-York on Tuesdays and Saturdays.

The steamer KNOXVILLE, C. D. LUDLOW, Commander, will succeed the above and leave on WEDNESDAY, March 26.

FOR NORFOLK AND RICHMOND.—The United States Mail Steamship ROANOKE, Captain THOMAS SKINNER, will leave for the above places on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, March 22, at 4 o'clock, from Pier No. 13 N. R. She will arrive at Norfolk on Sunday afternoon, and at Richmond on Monday morning. Passengers for the South will proceed without delay by the great Mail Line to Charleston, Augusta, Savannah, &c. Travelers wishing to take this agreeable and expeditious route, need not apprehend any delay in reaching their destination. Passage and fare, with stateroom, to Norfolk, $8; to Richmond and Petersburg, $10. Steerage, half price. Apply to LUDLAM & PLEASANTS, No. 32 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS BY THE WAY OF HAVANA.—The U. S. M. steamship CAHAWBA, Capt. JAMES D. BULLOCK, will commence receiving freight on Friday, March 21, and sail for the above ports on THURSDAY, March 27, at 2 o'clock precisely, from her pier, No. 27 North River, foot of Robinson-st. No bills of lading signed after steamer sails.

LIVINGSTON, CROCHERON & CO., No. 13 Park-place.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

REDUCED PRICES—50 POUNDS BAGGAGE FREE—10 cents per pound on excess.—Four hours from ocean to ocean, by Panama Railroad. Through for California via Panama Railroad. The United States Mail Steamship Company will dispatch for Aspinwall on THURSDAY, March 20, at 2 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier foot of Warren-st., North River, the well-known and fast steamship GEORGE LAW, Captain WM. L. HUDSON, U. S. N. Passengers and mails will be forwarded by Panama Railroad, and connect at Panama with the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's magnificent steamship GOLDEN GATE, A. V. H. LEROY, Commander, which will be in readiness and leave immediately for San Francisco. The public are informed that the P. M. S. Co. always have one or more extra steamers lying at Panama ready for sea, to avoid any possible detention of passengers or mails. For passage, apply to I. W. RAYMOND, at the only office of the Companies, No. 177 West-st., corner Warren-st.

Freight to Aspinwall 70 cents per cubic foot, or 1½ cents per pound, pre-paid. And no freight will be received after 12 o'clock on the day of sailing.

PACIFIC EXPRESS COMPANY FOR CALIFORNIA, SOUTH AMERICA, OREGON, and SANDWICH ISLANDS.—GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.—Our next regular Express will be dispatched by the U. S. Mail steamer GEORGE LAW, March 20, in charge of a special messenger. Freight received until 12 o'clock; small parcels and letters till 1½ o'clock.

WM. H. HALL, Agent, No. 124 Broadway.

FOR NEW-GRANADA—Via KINGSTON, JAMAICA.—The steamship OSPREY, will sail on the 8th of April. For passage, apply to WM. E. ROLLO & CO., No. 28 William-st. For freight, apply to MOSQUERA & Co., No. 204 Broadway.

FOR NICARAGUA.—A fast-sailing clipper bark, having superior accommodations for passengers, will sail in a few days for San Juan. Persons desirous of securing berths, must apply immediately to

E. P. DUNTON, No. 31 Broadway.

NOTICE.—Passengers having purchased tickets for California, per Steamer NORTHERN LIGHT, to sail on the 20th inst., will have their money refunded on presenting them at the office, No. 2 Bowling-green.

[illegible]

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against [illegible] RICHARDS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office [illegible] No. 67 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of September next.—Dated New-York, March [illegible], 1856.

[illegible] JONATHAN D. STEELE, CATHARINE E. RICHARDS [illegible]

mh20-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDWARD MOORE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of PLATT, GERARD & BUCKLEY, No. 37 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the [illegible] day of April next.—Dated New-York, Oct. 4, 1855.

JOHN L. MOORE, Administrator.

oc4-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ROBERT HALL, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, administrators, at the office of WILLIAM L. BAKER, No. [illegible] Maiden-lane, in the City of New-York, on or before the 25th day of July next.—Dated, Jan. 16, 1856.

SUSAN M. HALL, WILLIAM L. BAKER, Administrators.

ja17-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MICHAEL ALLISON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of MICHAEL ALLISON, Jr., No. 8 Christopher-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 25th day of April next.—Dated, New-York, Oct. 23, 1855.

MICHAEL ALLISON, Jr., ABRAHAM B. ALLISON, EDWARD BRADEL, Executors.

oc25-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN T. FRENCH, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the office of John T. Tuttle, M. D., No. 216 East Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of July next.—Dated New-York, the 28th day of December, 1855.

JOHN T. TUTTLE, M. D., HENRY B. FRENCH, Executors.

ja3-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against EUNICE KNEELAND, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the Administrator, at his residence, No. [illegible] [illegible]-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the [illegible] day of April next.—Dated Oct. 10, 1855.

WILLIAM E. ANDARIESE, Administrator.

oc11-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against CLARK WHEELOCK, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the executors, at the office of J. BUTLER WRIGHT, No. 60 William-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th day of June next.—Dated Dec. [illegible], 1855.

HENRY W. LAW, J. BUTLER WRIGHT.

de20-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against [illegible] A. HAMILTON, late of the city of New-York, [illegible] to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at the office of CHARLES JUDSON, No. 122 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of September next. Dated New-York, [illegible] 1856.

ABONEME PATTEN [illegible]

mh6-law6mTh*

FINANCIAL.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO., No. 59 WALL-ST., ISSUE CREDITS FOR TRAVELERS, Available in any part of the world.

ON SALE.

CITY OF CLEVELAND 7 per cent. Bonds, (Water Loan.)
CITY OF DETROIT 7 per cent. Bonds, (Water Loan.)
CITY OF CINCINNATI 6 per cent. Bonds.
CITY OF CHICAGO 6 per cent. Bonds.
CITY OF MILWAUKEE 7 per cent. Bonds.
CITY OF SACRAMENTO 10 per cent. Bonds.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., No. [illegible] Wall-st.

CLINTON LINE RAILROAD—CLINTON LINE EXTENSION BONDS—[illegible]

[illegible]

OFFICE OF THE MICHIGAN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 11 William-st., NEW-YORK, March [illegible], 1856.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.—That the first Annual Election for Thirteen Directors of the Company and for three Inspectors of the succeeding election, will be held at the Office of the Company at Adrian, in the State of Michigan, on the [illegible] WEDNESDAY of April next.

The poll will be opened at 12 o'clock at noon and continue open until 1 o'clock P. M., and as much longer as the inspectors may find necessary to receive the votes of Election, but not beyond sunset on that day.

The transfer books will close on the 12th of April and open the day after the election.

JOHN M. HOPKINS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN R. R. Co., No. 1 Hanover-st.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—Holders of 7 per cent. Bonds of this Company are hereby notified that in pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Connecticut, [illegible] ... until further notice. By order of the Directors.

WILLIAM BEMENT, Treasurer.

New-York, March 11, 1856.

COLUMBUS, PIQUA AND INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY.—All holders of Bonds issued by this Company, and all persons having information as to the ownership of any of such Bonds, are particularly requested, in behalf of said Company, to communicate to the undersigned, through the Post-Office, the amount of the same, stating the date of the issue and the number of the Bonds. FOSTER & THOMSON, March 1, 1856. No. [illegible] Wall-st., New-York.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND-AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY—[illegible] An election for Directors of the Second-av. Railroad Company, pursuant to an amendment to the By-Laws passed March 17, 1856, will be held at the Company's Office, on MONDAY, April 7, next. The polls will be open from [illegible] o'clock to 2 P. M. Transfer books will be closed till date. By order P. C. ROGERS, Secretary.

FOR SALE—$10,000 CHICAGO AND AURORA (NOW CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY) RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.—The earnings of this road are second to none in the country. After paying interest on the Bonds the Company divided [illegible] per cent. to the Stockholders the past year. Apply to [illegible] R. ROBBINS & SON, No. [illegible] Wall-st.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS IN THE MECHANICS' FIRE INSURANCE CO.—All persons holding Stock Receipts, or Certificates in the Mechanics' Fire Insurance Co., are hereby notified and requested to send a written memorandum of the same, with name, date, number, and amount, to the Receiver's Office, No. 271 Broadway, 2d floor, No. 10. JOHN JAY, Receiver.

BONDS.—CLINTON LINE RAILROAD [illegible] Bonds. CLINTON LINE EXTENSION RAILROAD [illegible] Bonds. CRAWFORD COUNTY, PENN., [illegible] $20,000 LOUISIANA CITY 8 per cent. Coupon Bonds. For sale by WHEELER, BROS. & CO., No. 15 Wall-st.

MONEY LOANED—In large and small amounts upon all descriptions of valuable property, such as watches, diamonds, jewelry, horses, carriages, [illegible] at the New-York Loan Office and Real Estate Agency, No. 305 Broadway, corner of Duane-st., third floor. [illegible] CORRIGAN, Proprietor.

WASHBURN & VANDERBEEK [illegible]

$10,000 TO LOAN—[illegible] property south of [illegible] Bowery. A. J. BLEECKER & CO. [illegible]

[illegible]

FLORENCE AND KEYPORT [illegible] COMPANY.—[illegible]

GAS APPARATUS AFTER THE PATENT OF THE MARYLAND PORTABLE GAS COMPANY.—C. F. WOODWORTH & CO. [illegible] ... C. F. WOODWORTH & CO., No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

NEW PATENT SPECTACLES [illegible]

New-York Daily Times.

NEW-YORK CITY

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

THE ALDERMEN.

[illegible]

The Board was in session last evening. A petition was received from Eliza Pratt, of No. [illegible] for a remission of personal tax. [illegible] the lady whose house has figured extensively in [illegible] case of Cox vs. Cox, now pending in the Superior Court.

An invitation from Peter R. Gaynor, John Dough[illegible] and James Sanford, Committee, to review the Irish Civic Societies on the after-celebration of St. Patrick's Day, was accepted.

MORE THAN TWO WEEKS VACATION.

Alderman Brown moved that when the Board adjourn it adjourn till the first Monday of April. Alderman Ely moved to amend to adjourn till next Friday. The amendment was lost by 12 to 7, and the original motion adopted. The Board will therefore, not meet again till Monday, the 7th of April. It is supposed that the City will flourish exceedingly during the interval.

A remonstrance was received from David Banks, John R. Wendell, &c., owners of property in the neighborhood, against renewing the lease of Reservoir-square to the Crystal Palace Association. Referred to the Committee on Lands and Places.

[illegible]—THE TAX BILL.

On motion of Alderman [illegible], it was resolved to request the opinion of the Corporation Counsel, whether it be necessary every year for the Common Council to make application to the Legislature for the passage of a law for the raising of sufficient taxes, and whether the Board has not sufficient authority to raise the tax by itself.

A DISGRACEFUL PAPER.

Alderman Fulmer presented a petition purporting to be from "the adult blind" of the Institution for the Blind, requesting that no appropriation be paid into the hands of the treasurer, Silas Brown, Esq., and charging him with a whole host of frauds and petty dealings. It was discovered, however, that the names were affixed to the petition. Notwithstanding this, and the urgent objections of Alderman Ely, it was received and referred to the Committee on Finance.

NO MONEY FOR THE MAYOR.

After a long debate, in which Aldermen Voorhis and Varian got rather excited, and became personal, the Board concurred with the Councilmen in directing the Comptroller not to pay any moneys on a contract made by His Honor, the Mayor, for the cleaning of Broadway.

After the transaction of some further unimportant business, the Board adjourned.

THE COUNCILMEN.

The regular meeting of the Board of Councilmen was held last evening.

BROADWAY RAILROAD.

Mr. Swan called upon the Committee on Railroads to explain the reason why he did not report on resolutions referred to his Committee under instructions.

Mr. Warner replied that the Committee had not had time to conclude as to the nature of their report; they had heard parties *pro* and *con* during the afternoon, and only adjourned after a partial hearing, on the assembling of the Board. He promised dispatch and hoped to be able to report [illegible] week.

Mr. [illegible] proposed that the Committee's report of [illegible] be accepted, and that they be permitted to sit again.

Mr. [illegible] thought the Committee were "staving off" so as to let the Albany men do up their [illegible].

After some further debate, the report was accepted. Several motions, however, came up, namely: "To adjourn for the month," and to adopt a resolution of Councilman Hoffer, relative to the same subject. Some personal remarks passed between Messrs. Barney and Grey, and the result was the adoption of the following resolution:

Whereas, There is now a bill before the State Legislature to confirm the grant of the Broadway Railroad, and

Whereas, The owners of property on Broadway, and a majority of the citizens of New-York are opposed to the [illegible]

Resolved, That if the Board of Aldermen concur, that the Corporation Counsel be, and is hereby directed to [illegible] of the City of New-York.

[illegible]

Adjourned to Friday.

The Suspected Slaver.

We have received additional particulars relative to the seizure in the lower Bay, of the schooner *Falmouth*, on suspicion of being a slaver. On capturing the vessel, which is a black craft of clipper build, she was found to contain drugs such as may be supposed to have been intended for a large company; between decks were large quantities of water and extensive stores of provisions, pots for boiling large masses, and ladles and spoons enough to accommodate a small regiment. Spare spars and [illegible] formed the remainder of the developed cargo.

The following persons now occupy lodgings in the Kings County Jail at Brooklyn. They all claim to be passengers.

Jose Lopes, Casper Marrach, Joseph Antoine, Seamen—Manuel Fortunato, Antoine José, Manuel Gomes, Emanuel José, Emanuel Robert, José [illegible].

From the fact that some of the parties referred to the Portuguese Consul, suspicion has been thrown upon him. He in his turn states that he is at present acting *charge d'affaires*, (his father being absent from the country,) and that he knows none of the parties referred to as being on board the vessel, excepting Jose Lopes, who, in accordance with the Consular laws of his country, presented his passports at the Consulate on his arrival in this City. The following is a literal translation of letters sent by Lopes to him:

I am detained on board a schooner on which a friend of mine offered me a passage to Africa. When I went on board said vessel I did not know that her cargo was compromised, only after having been detained by the Police Justices.

I request you, therefore, to inquire from this Government to take acknowledgment of this fact, and give me your protection as a Portuguese subject.

JOSE LOPES.

A second letter was afterwards written, as follows:

I communicate to you that I am in prison in Kings County Jail, (Brooklyn,) and request you to be kind enough to come and see me, and to have the goodness to hear me and give me your protection.

I earnestly request this protection from you.

Your most obedient servant,

JOSE LOPES.

The second Author denies all knowledge of the ship, crew or cargo.

It was intended to overhaul the cargo, yesterday, at the Long Dock, in the Navy Yard, where the *Falmouth* is now lying, but, owing to the bad weather, it was postponed; meantime she lies low in the water, with closed hatches, in charge of Lieutenant Decatur.

The *Falmouth* is a beautiful clipper of about 200 tons measurement; she arrived here on the 7th inst., from Baltimore. She was immediately after her arrival sold by Captain Warren, her owner, for [illegible] cash, which was paid in gold by parties unknown to him.

The $1,000 Robbery—A Great Part of the Money Recovered.

On Monday, as will be remembered, three women, named Catharine Farley, Sarah Murray, and Ann Kelley, were tried and convicted in the Court of General Sessions, for aiding in the robbery of $1,000 in American gold coin, the property of a young Englishman named William Conroy. The Recorder, after the verdict of the Jury was rendered, stated that unless the money should be restored before Saturday, he would sentence the prisoners to the highest penalty that the law allowed. If the restoration of the money, or any portion of it, had been left to the prisoners' friends, these prisoners would probably have been visited with the heaviest punishment that the law could inflict. But the Recorder, believing that one of the women could, if she pleased, give a clue to the whereabouts of the money, had an interview with her. The result was that, acting on the Recorder's instructions, Officer Walsh, of the Court of Sessions, accompanied by [illegible], proceeded to Twenty-third-street, Brooklyn, where Daniel Kelley, a relative of one of the prisoners, resided, and there arrested his wife, [illegible] Kelley, who was immediately brought to the Fourteenth Ward Station-house in this City, and searched by the female on duty. Concealed in a [illegible], was found $765 in gold, which she had thus carried around for the last three [illegible], and which, it is believed, she had in Court on Monday, when she was a spectator at the trial. Her husband, Daniel Kelley, and a man named [illegible] McGowan, were also arrested. After they had [illegible] in custody, [illegible] which [illegible] especially as the robbery was one of the most cruel ever brought before the cognizance of a criminal court.

New-York Volunteers.

A meeting was held last evening at the Mercer-street House, Garret Dyckman in the chair. Lieut. White reported that a large number of the Volunteers were in a destitute condition, so much so, that many are obliged to have themselves committed to the Island as vagrants, and that the number constantly on the Island is not less than half a dozen.

It was stated that the bill introduced into the Assembly a day or two ago, providing for the pay of arrearages due under the law of 1851, is likely to pass. It will be recollected that a law was enacted in that year, granting a pension of $12 a month to each Volunteer, for two years. Before that time had elapsed, an amendment was adopted in the form of an appropriation of $10,000, to be distributed *pro rata* to each soldier on surrender of his certificates, in lieu of the monthly pay. A number complied, and received the amount, which was a little over $30; but others refused to deliver up their certificates or receive a cent, as about thirteen months' pay was still due, and they considered the action of the Legislature to be eminently unjust. Many believe that the State is liable at law for the balance of the two years' pay still due. In 1851 the number who presented certificates and received pay was 317, since which it is known that 111 have died, and it is supposed the survivors do not exceed 200.

A resolution was also adopted returning thanks to Gen. Ward B. Burnett, for the kind consideration evinced in his recent letter to Col. Gaines on behalf of the Volunteers.

Commissioners of Emigration.

The Board met yesterday. A new member, Mr. Cyrus Curtis, took his seat, in the place of Mr. Kelly, resigned.

The proceedings were entirely devoid of public interest.

No. Emigrants arrived to March 12, 1856	5,125	
No. Emigrants arrived since to 19th	600	
Total	5,725	
To same date in 1855	15,669	
	1856.	1855.
No. inmates in Institution at W. Island	1,879	3,471
No. inmates in Instit'n at M. Hospital	153	286
Total	2,032	3,757

Overdraft on bank Jan. 1, 1856		$63,061 07
Aggregate rec. to March 12, 1856	$14,828 49	
Received since, to March 19, for Com'n of alien passengers	$1,420 64	
		$16,249 13
		$46,791 94
Disburs'ts to March 12, 1856		$49,0[illegible] 33
Overdraft March 19, 1856		$95,866 27

The steam-tug *Neptune* yesterday commenced taking grate bars and other parts of the machinery for the United States propeller *Niagara*, from this City to the Navy-Yard in Brooklyn. She will carry over everything but the boilers, and it is said that it will require about six weeks' time to accomplish the job.

Capt. De Camp, U. S. N., informs us that the work of demolishing and rebuilding the old steam-frigate *Mississippi* is being prosecuted with vigor, and probably will not be permitted to abate until completed.

Robert Schuyler.

The *Express* says:

We have good reason for knowing, that the body of this man, whose name alive was once so potent in Wall-street, came here in the steamer *Arago*, from Havre, *wrapped up like a package of goods*. The body was here, uncalled for, in a warehouse from Saturday to Monday, and on that day was taken by his relatives for interment.

State your good reasons, my good man, and let us know it too.

Mr. P. T. Barnum's Case.

There was no additional testimony of importance taken yesterday in the supplemental examination into the affairs of Mr. P. T. Barnum. The parties considered the matter of the appointment of a Receiver.

The regular session of the Board of Education was held last evening. On motion of Mr. Phillips, it was

Resolved, That this Board will, at its next stated meeting, proceed to the election of a City Superintendent of Common Schools, for the term of two years from the expiration of the official term of the present incumbent; on the 1st of June next.

Rev. Gardiner Spring Plumley has received and declined a call from the Seventh Presbyterian Church, (late Rev. Dr. Hatfield's,) corner of Broome and Ridge streets.

It is said that only $9,000 have been collected as yet towards the Jesuit College at Rome for the education of American Catholics.

It is again rumored that Father Cahill is coming to this country on a lecturing tour.

Police Intelligence.

THE POLICY DEALERS.

A large number of warrants have been issued the past few days for the arrest of dealers in lottery policies, but as yet only a few arrests have been made. Judge Capron and the District-Attorney seem determined to break up this very extensive and nefarious traffic. Judging from the past, their success is extremely doubtful. The attention of the Police Justices has been frequently occupied in investigating complaints against policy dealers, but in no single instance that we recollect has a conviction resulted therefrom.

[Advertisement.]

Francis Salter, M. D., OCULIST AND AURIST, No. 16 Bond-street, New-York. Office hours from 8 to 12 M., and 3 to 6 P. M.

[Advertisement.]

John C. Parker, carriage manufacturer, corner Third-avenue and Eighty-third-street, aiming to anticipate the Spring trade, and the increasing demand for carriages of his manufacture, has now complete many new and very beautiful styles of carriages; in all respects equal to the best ordered work. An inspection of these carriages will enable his customers to suit themselves without the usual delay of ordered work.

[Advertisement.]

Holloway's Pills—Life Prolonged!—Upon the vigor of the stomach, the regularity of the excretions, and the purity of the blood, depends the duration of life and physical enjoyment. These three essentials of longevity and health are regained and perpetuated by the use of Holloway's Pills.

[Advertisement.]

Purdy's National Theatre.—The "little schooner," as it has been called, instead of being sunk, is now the only Theatre open on the East side of the City, and continues in a most flourishing state. Excellent entertainments are given nightly. This evening a medley programme will be presented, viz: "Spirit of the Wreck," "Four Lovers," "Gold Seekers," and "El Hyder." Is this not enough to fill any house?

[Advertisement.]

Gold and Silver Pencil and Pen-Cases.—We are constantly manufacturing new and varied styles of the above goods, together with gold pens, tooth-picks, &c., to which the attention of the trade is solicited. Wilmarth, Clussman & Co., salesroom and office of the "Lownd's Patent" Pen and Pencil, No. 44 Maiden-lane.

[Advertisement.]

Gas Fixtures.—A new and elegant assortment of Gas Fixtures of every variety are now offered to the trade or at retail at our Manufactory, No. 13 Canal-street, corner Elm. Old chandeliers regilt, bronzed, or taken in exchange for new.

Curtis & Alexander.

[Advertisement.]

Io Triumphe!—Nothing like it. Most extraordinary success ever witnessed yet. "Aladdin, or, The Wonderful Lamp," with its gorgeous scenery, dresses, decorations, &c., has found the greatest "hit" yet, at Barnum's Museum. Its magnificence and attraction are beyond all description. Played to-night again. Two pieces this afternoon besides.

[Advertisement.]

Diseases of the Lungs.—*Hunter's Medical Specialist* is devoted to the popular discussion of the nature, causes, prevention and cure of all forms of pulmonary disease, and is published on the 1st of every month. Specimen numbers sent, on application to the Editor. Robert Hunter, M. D., No. 828 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Gas! Gas!—Gas fixtures of new and beautiful designs, just out for the Spring trade. Also, the best portable gas works for private dwellings, churches or factories in this country. For wholesale or retail, call at our great Manufacturing Depot, No. 76 Broadway. Archer, Warner & Co.

[Advertisement.]

Lectures descriptive of characters and classes in the community, when happily and truthfully executed, rank among the most interesting and instructive sources of rational and elevating amusement, and never fail of gaining public favor. "The Gentleman," by Rev. Dr. Vinton, is preeminently such a lecture, and the request for its repetition, proves alike the good taste and discriminating judgment of the public. Our word for it, "The Gentleman" will prove a most acceptable acquaintance to our wives and daughters, and a happy antidote to the degeneracy of our sons. The lecture will be delivered at the Hall of the Mercantile Library, Astor-place, on Tuesday evening the 25th inst., at 8 o'clock.

[Advertisement.]

Shaving Made Easy.—Wet your shaving-brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "Balm of a Thousand Flowers," rub the beard well and it will make a beautiful soft lather, much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only 50 cents. For sale by Fetridge & Co., proprietors, and all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

Cognac Brandies, young and old vintages, in casks of 20 gallons each, landing ex *Sophia Charlotta*, from Bordeaux, for sale by John Duncan & Sons, No. 405 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

We see by the Court Records that the two Counterfeiters, White of Buffalo, and Lawrence of Epping, N. H., have been placed under $10,000 bonds each, for making and selling imitations of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. This is right. If the law should protect men from imposition at all it certainly should protect them from being imposed upon by a worthless counterfeit of such a medicine as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. We can only complain that the punishment is not half enough. The villain who would, for paltry gain, deliberately trifle with the health of his fellow man, by taking from their lips the cup of hope, when they are sinking, and substituting a falsehood—an utter delusion, should be punished at least as severely as he who counterfeits the coin of his country.—*Green County Banner, Carlton, Ill.*

LONG ISLAND.

The Brooklyn Sunday Ordinance.

Two liquor dealers, John Longstaff and Thomas W. Ryan, were arraigned in the City Court yesterday, to answer for violating the Sunday Ordinance. Both parties pleaded guilty: the former to five violations—$250, and the latter to two—$100.

Kings County Circuit Court Calendar for this day, (Thursday,) March 20—Nos. 58, 61, 90, 94, 85, 96 97, 98, 99, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105.

Brooklyn City Court Calendar for this day—Nos. 49, 51, 60, 73, 74, 75, 76, 81, 89, 90, 91, 94, 95, 96, 97, 3, 98, 99, 100, 101.

MARRIED.

In this City, on Wednesday, March 19, at the First Presbyterian Church, by Rev. Dr. Phillips, Daniel W. [illegible] and Sarah C., eldest daughter of the late John Dow, all of this City.

On Tuesday, March 18, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. J. L. Gilder, Associate Principal of St. Thomas' Hall, Flushing, Thomas Whitlock, Esq., of New-York, to Miss Carrie V., daughter of H. D. Hull, Esq., of Brooklyn, E. D.

At Chester, on Monday, in St. Paul's Church, by Rev. Daniel Kendig, Professor Elie Charlier, of Paris, to Jeannette Van [illegible], daughter of Davis B. Stacey, Esq.

DIED.

In this City, on Tuesday evening, March 18, Elizabeth McKee, in the 76th year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son, Rev. Joseph McKee, No. 34 Cottage-place, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock. The remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery.

In this City, on Tuesday evening, March 18, at 8½ o'clock, after a long and lingering illness, John [illegible], in the 56th year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from No. 81 Stanton-st., this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

We loved our parents—yes, no tongue can tell
How deep and dearly and how well!
Christ loved them, too; and thought it best
To take them home with him to rest.

In this City, on Wednesday, March 19, after a short but severe illness, Eveline, daughter of John and Sarah Gregory, aged 5 years and 5 months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her father, No. 230 8th-av., corner of 22d-st.

A bud too sweet to bloom on earth.

In this City, on Wednesday morning, March 19, at 3 o'clock, of consumption, Mary Ann Blackman, only daughter of Thomas Blackman, aged 19 years and 11 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, at the residence of her father, No. 129 50th-st., at 1 o'clock P. M., on Friday. Her remains will be taken to Trinity Cemetery for interment.

In this City, on Wednesday morning, March 19, Mary Elizabeth Hayt, aged 19 years, daughter of James R. Hayt.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral services, at No. 37 East 20th-st., this (Thursday) afternoon, at 5 o'clock. Her remains will be taken to Patterson, Putnam Co., N. Y., for interment.

In this City, on Tuesday, March 18, George J. [illegible], aged 45 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Madison-av., between 28th and 29th sts., on (Friday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, without further invitation.

In this City, on Tuesday morning, March 18, Dr. Thomas Boyd, in the 54th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and also the members of the Academy of Medicine, and the Faculty in general, are invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock, precisely, from the Reformed Dutch Church, corner of Lafayette-place and 4th-st.

In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 18, at the residence of Mrs. Margaret McDonough, Maine [illegible], M. D., late of Galway, Saratoga Co., in the 24th year of his age, much lamented by his medical friends and all who knew his virtues.

Albany and Ballston papers please copy.

In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 19, Sarah L., wife of Charles H. Stoddard, and daughter John Greenwood, aged 26 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her father, No. 23 Clinton-st., on Friday, 21st inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

At Port Chester, on Wednesday morning, March 19, Elizabeth, widow of the late Joseph Banks, in the 87th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, on Friday, 21st inst. at 2 o'clock P. M.

At Hackensack, N. J., on Wednesday, March 19, of consumption, Mr. A. W. Campbell, in the 60th year of his age.

His relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, on Friday morning, 21st inst., at 11 o'clock, from his late residence. Hackensack stages leave Hoboken at 9 o'clock A. M.

At Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, on Saturday, Feb. 2, in the 28th year of his age, John C. Bullions, of the firm of R. Coady & Co., merchants there, and son of Rev. Dr. Bullions, Troy, N. Y.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange..March 19.

$1,500 New-York 6s, '74	116¼	100 Erie Railroad	56¾
1,000 Har. 1st M. Bds.	85	100 do.	56¾
1,000 Har. 2d M. Bds.	75½	100 do.	56½
2,000 Erie Con. Bs. '62	87	50 do. b60	56¾
1,000 Erie Bds. of '75	90¼	50 do. b60	56¾
500 do.	90½	1000 do.	56¾
1,000 Hud. R. 1st M. Bs.	98½	300 do. s3	56¾
2,000 do.	98	200 do. b60	56¾
2,000 Hu. R. 3d M. B'ds.	87½	250 do. b60	56¾
5,000 H'n. R. 3d M. B'ds.	68	100 do. b45	56¾
15,500 Ill. C.R.R.B'ds. s3	90	200 Harlem R. R. b10	20
4,000 do. s10	90	20 Nor. & Wor. R. R.	33
5,000 do.	90¼	100 Reading R. R. s30	91
2,500 Ill. Fr. b's with priv.	90	200 do.	91¾
10,000 N. Y. Cen. 7s	102¾	71 Hud. River R. R.	35
4,000 T.H.& A. 2d m. bs.	77	50 do.	35¼
25 Phenix Bank	113	100 do.	35½
10 Del. & Hud. Ca. Co.	126¾	80 do. b45	36
10 do.	125½	100 do. b60	36
10 Bank of Commerce	106¾	50 do. s30	35½
20 Mech. Bk'g Ass'n	102	50 Mich. Cen. R. R. s3	93½
100 do.	102	468 Mich. S. & N. Ia. R. R.	93½
10 U. S. Trust Co.	137	100 do. b60	94¼
25 Bk. of N. America	108	150 do.	93½
10 Hanover Bank	94½	100 do. b45	93½
64 do.	94½	100 Panama Railroad	108½
5 Metropolitan Bank	107½	154 do. s3	108½
10 Hanover Ins. Co.	100	100 do. b30	108
700 Pl. & Kayp't J'n. b60	⅞	50 do.	108¼
1000 Nic. Trans. Co.	18	200 Clev. & Tol. R. R. s3	76½
100 do. s10	18	100 do. b60	76½
200 Cumb. Coal Co. s3	22¾	250 do.	76½
300 do. b60	23	200 do.	77
50 do. s30	22⅞	100 do. s3	76¾
20 Rome Water's R. R.	73½	100 do. b60	77
200 Clev. & Pitts. R. R. b60	68¼	12 New-Jersey R. R.	132
100 do.	68½	100 N. Y. Cen. R. R. s60	91½
5 Gal. & Chic. R. R.	111½	100 do.	91⅞

BETWEEN BOARDS.

After the adjournment of the Board, the following sales of Stocks and Bonds were made at auction by A. H. Muller:

250 shares Market Bank, new stock	106½
7 shares United States Trust Company	106¾
12 shares Howard Fire Insurance Company	150
40 shares Firemen's Insurance Company	130
50 shares 3d Avenue Railroad Company	80
50 shares Long Island Fire Insurance Com'y	140
34 shares East River Fire Insurance Com'y	90

Albert H. Nicolay's regular semi-weekly auction sale of stocks and bonds will take place to-morrow, Thursday, at 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange.

SECOND BOARD.

$2,000 Indiana State 5s	85	250 Hudson Riv. R. R. s10	35½
5,000 Missouri 6s	84½	250 do. b60	35¾
15,000 do. b60	84½	100 do.	35¾
2,000 Ill. Cen. R. R. Bs.	90½	100 do.	35¾
12,000 do.	90¾	100 do.	35¾
50 Nic. Transit Co.	18	50 Panama Railroad	[illegible]
100 do.	18¼	100 Mich. S. & N. I. R. R. b60	94
300 do.	18¼	50 N. Y. Cen. R. R.	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

WEDNESDAY, March 19—P. M.

The shipment of Specie by the *Africa* was increased this forenoon by the addition of $250,000 in Gold Coin to the Bullion previously engaged. The total amount was $790,971. The ship sailed, as appointed, at 2 o'clock, notwithstanding the snow storm. The weather is extremely unpleasant for all out-door business. The Corn and Merchants' Exchanges were but thinly attended. Breadstuffs generally dull. State brands of Flour $6⅜; Corn 70 cents. On the other hand, Cotton was in quick request, and the sales reach 4,500 bales at full prices. The figures paid are full quarter of a cent higher than last week before the *Arabia's* news. The Foreign Exports since the 1st of September reach 1,695,000 bales, against 1,242,000 bales since last season. An experienced and well-posted merchant Correspondent writes us that the country will be able to spare out of the present crop—estimated at three and a half millions bales—2,727,000 bales; and he further calculates that the difference in quantity and price combined will yield from September to September $29,921,000 more than the Foreign export of the previous crop. The following is his calculation:

COTTON ESTIMATES—THE FOREIGN EXPORT.

The per centage of Foreign Exports to the available quantity of Cotton each season in the United States, the stock left from the preceding season in the ports, and the crop receipts constituting such available quantity, is

1854-55.	1853-54.	1852-53.	1851-52.	1850-51.
75 2-10	75 6-10	75 4-10	77 7-10	78 8-10

	Bales.
Stock on hand, Sept. 1, 1855	136,000
Crop Receipts for 1855-56, estimated at	3,500,000
Available Quantity	3,636,000
Foreign Exports, estimated at 75 ⅌ cent	2,727,000
Foreign Exports, estimated at 75 ⅌ cent., 1854-55	2,244,000
Excess for 1855-56	483,000

VALUE OF SUCH EXCESS.

483,000 bales of Cotton at $41 ⅌ bale	$19,803,000
Excess of value of 2,244,000 bales over the last season, at $4 50 ⅌ bale	10,118,000
Total excess of value of Cotton exports over the last season	$29,921,000

The calculation of our correspondent, it will be noticed, is for the crop year. The difference may not be so great for the Treasury year, July to July, as, for the last Treasury year, we sent abroad 2,308,403 bales, at the Custom-House value of $88,143,814, or an average of $38 70 the bale, while according to the foregoing calculation, the export of the crop year, September to September, is made only 2,244,000 bales, arbitrarily valued at $81,886,000, or an average of only $36 50 ⅌ bale, being $4 50 below the average of this season. The more reasonable estimate, we think, would be, say for the fiscal year:

2,727,000 bales, at $41	$111,807,000
vs.	
2,308,403 bales, at $38 70	88,143,814
Increased Cotton Export	$23,663,186

We would not put this out as our own estimate, but as one more likely to be correct on his own basis than the result which he has worked out. In the earlier estimates of the Exports of the country for the current Treasury year, before the prospects of peace in Europe had so materially influenced the Liverpool market, the claim was made to ten millions excess in Cotton on the score of quantity. Circumstances have justified a higher estimate on Cotton, by at least ten millions, and a lower increase on Bread and Provisions, by perhaps the same figure.

COTTON CROP MOVEMENT TO DATE.

	1856.	1855.	1854.	1853.
Receipts at the Ports	2,030,000	1,760,000	1,372,000	2,611,000
Exports to G. Britain	1,039,000	879,000	708,000	1,039,000
Exports to France	324,000	207,000	211,000	310,000
Ex. other For. Ports	332,000	156,000	164,000	132,000
Total Exports	1,695,000	1,242,000	1,083,000	1,482,000
Stock on hand	648,000	875,000	645,000	774,000

Of which during the past week, included in the above:

Receipts at the Ports	128,000	73,000	60,000	69,000
Exports to G. Britain	60,000	28,000	70,000	41,000
Exports to France	13,000	13,000	20,000	17,000
Ex. other For. Ports	17,000	2,000	18,000	9,000
Total Exports	90,000	43,000	108,000	67,000

The Money market presents no new feature beyond the shipment of Gold to-day, which is not yet felt materially on the freedom of demand loans, though the opinion is expressed that the discounts at Bank, this week, are being partially reduced. There is now more done at 7 ⅌ cent., with demand borrowers, than at 6 ⅌ cent. The rates outside of Bank on paper range 7 to 9 ⅌ cent. The old and popular discount firm of George S. Robbins's Sons have removed their office to the corner of William and Pine, late Haggerty, Jones & Co.'s corner. We regret to hear that dispatches have been received, by his friends, of the very serious illness of Mr. Watts Sherman, of Duncan, Sherman & Co., now on a visit to the South, in precarious health. The old Merchants' Bank, of this City, is soon to reorganize under the General Banking Law of New-York, with a capital of a million and a half of dollars, being $10,000 over the present stock of $1,490,000. The articles of association will provide for the enlargement of capital to $5,000,000 by a vote of three-fourths the Shareholders. The old Charter runs out 1st July next. The Sub-Treasury received to-day $111,-448; paid out $132,001 and had at the close a regular balance of $5,274,411. The Gold Exchanges with the West are now in favor of New-York. The Exchange is still in favor of Boston as between that City and this. Frequent allusion has been made by our cotemporaries here, to a vote of the Mississippi Legislature of a loan to the Ohio and Mobile Railroad of $100,000. They speak of it as a loan of State *Credit* or *Bonds*; but this is a mistake. The loan is in hard *Cash*, of which the State Treasury has enjoyed a liberal surplus for several years past, a fact which only aggravates the gross injustice of the persistent repudiation of the Old Debt of this immensely productive State.

The Stock Market, as noticed for a day or two past, again exhibited a very satisfactory tone to-day. The shock from the Nicaragua affair of last week is quite recovered from, and although the March business on the Railways is less favorable than was hoped for, and, added to the moderate results, owing to the prolonged hard weather in January and February, must throw several of the lines from $100,000 to $250,000 behind the estimates indulged by the managers some months ago, there is all reasonable confidence indulged that no disappointment will occur in the aggregate traffic of the usual Railroad year, ending 30th September. The advices of the amount of Produce to come forward, and the preparations already making for a large merchandize trade to the West, are nearly or quite as encouraging as ever. The only abatement likely to occur is in the competition from Canal navigation later in the season. The Market this afternoon was strong in nearly all the Road Shares, and particularly so in New-York Central and Hudson River. The private advices from Albany are to the effect that the Bridge Charter will be granted, following which it is expected that a lease, or consolidated running arrangement between the Central and Hudson River lines, especially desirable to the Stockholders in the latter, will be entered into. The Hudson River Bondholders, *of every class*, will, under such circumstances, be placed on the highest footing of security. Without any authority to speak on the subject, beyond an opinion of our own, founded upon certain estimates we have heard made, we are induced to say that the shares of the Hudson, if everything goes right with the contemplated arrangements, ought to pay 8 ⅌ cent. on 50, or 4 ⅌ cent. on the present par of the Stock. They sold this afternoon at 36—an advance of 1½ on yesterday's transactions. The Central shares closed at 92 ⅌ cent.; last sale of Erie at 56¾, buyer 30 days; Reading, firm at 91⅝; Illinois Central in request at 90½. The general Market closed strong. The dealings in Transit Stock appear to have settled for the present, at 18@18½. Mr. Vanderbilt is making urgent efforts at Washington, to bring the Government to his relief as against Walker. It will be noticed from the Senate debate that he has ventured the assurance that the Company are *not* in default to the Nicaragua Government, and that they lent no encouragement, as a corporation, to Walker's filibustering raid upon the country. The first proposition he will find it extremely difficult to establish, the record for several years past being closely against him. In pressing the second, he will only transfer the complicity with Walker to Morgan and Garrison *while officers of the Company*. The interference of our Government, at the instance of the Company, last Spring, as against the former Government of Nicaragua, was not particularly creditable—resulting, as it did, in the cruel destruction of Greytown by the United States ship-of-war *Cyane*. The Administration were recently paid for this by the interference of Mr. Joseph L. White and others, of the Transit Company, with District-Attorney McKeon in the *Northern Light* affair.

The dealings in Bounty Land Warrants, which have recently increased in activity, are thus reported this week by two of the Domestic Exchange houses engaged in the business:

RATES OF JOHN THOMPSON, NO. 2 WALL-STREET.

	Paying.	Selling.
160 Acre Warrants	$1 13 ⅌ acre	$1 15
120 Acre Warrants	1 09 ⅌ acre	1 11
80 Acre Warrants	1 13 ⅌ acre	1 15
40 Acre Warrants	1 16 ⅌ acre	1 20

RATES OF F. P. JAMES & CO., NO. 56 WALL-STREET.

	Paying.	Selling.
160 Acre Warrants	$1 13 ⅌ acre	$1 15
120 Acre Warrants	1 08 ⅌ acre	1 10
80 Acre Warrants	1 13 ⅌ acre	1 15
60 Acre Warrants	1 09 ⅌ acre	1 10
40 Acre Warrants	1 16 ⅌ acre	1 20

Deficit of Treasurer Garland at New-Orleans.

The treasurer's cash book calls for	$151,300 75	
Cash in bank and in the treasury	$76,716 28	
Showing a deficit in cash of		$74,584 47
List (found in his drawer) of tax bills collected during 1855, and not entered on the books of the treasury to his deficit		49,379 34
Bills receivable, collected and not accounted for		42,662 91
School fund, collected and not accounted for		15,940 00
Dividend from water works		18,200 00
Deficit in trust funds		85,000 00
Total deficit ascertained		$285,[illegible]

In a letter from Garland, to his counsel, communicated to the City Authorities, he says:

In our first interview I distinctly informed you that it never was my intention to wrong the city or any one out of a solitary cent; that errors and faults I might have committed, but that anything that I have or could command should be applied to correct any errors, or make good any discrepancies. Acting under the impulse of the dread of an arrest, I committed a foolish act, and am now suffering the penalty of my folly. It is useless and painful to refer to the past, and such is not the object of this note; but it is to authorize you, as my attorneys, should you deem such a course proper, to offer all I have to be applied to correct and make good any discrepancies that may appear in my accounts. What these discrepancies are I cannot say, or how far they may be explained. No statement has been furnished me, and no distinct errors pointed out. Should such appear it is more than probable that they may be explained; but, situated as I am, I am powerless. The amount of bail demanded precludes the possibility of my giving any attention to either my private matters, or those connected with the city.

The only object I had in taking a portion of my papers with me, was that I might make out a statement of my situation, and have everything I had in a situation to be applied to my obligations. That such was my intention would be seen. I could command letters that I wrote after I had left.

Money and Usury.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

It is so universally known what money is, that we need not discuss that point.

The most convenient way to form gold and silver into money is for certain agents of the people called "*The Government*" to attend to employing competent artisans to refine the metals and form them into pieces of uniform weight, and at same time stamp the relative value upon the pieces. Here the duty of Government stops. The principles of Common law, and the statutes of all civilized communities, afford a sufficient check to counterfeiting and stealing money, precisely the same as they do the counterfeiting or the stealing of anything else.

The Liberal Currency Party have recently said again and again, that should Government choose to discontinue the Federal Mint, business men would immediately attend to that department themselves. The Stringency men do not and cannot deny this. Where then do we find the right of the people's agents (who have merely been empowered to coin money) to limit the price we may give a neighbor for a year's use of some of his money? Money has "a debt-paying quality," says the man of stringency, so it has, and that is one of the very best reasons why we poor fellows, who want to pay our debts, should be allowed to judge for ourselves what we had better give for money rather than fail, and have our property sacrificed.

Then, some Albany folks will say the "money changers" want the Usury Laws repealed. They don't want any such thing. Our Albany friends won't look at our thousands upon thousands of the signatures of our most enterprising business men, or they would see that this notion about Wall-street sending to Albany is all false.

These two points cover the whole case, viz.: The agency of Government in forming of money, and the class wanting freedom as to the price of money. Both of these are mere questions of *fact*.

A Committee of the Legislature could send for persons and papers, and look into it in one day. The liberal party earnestly invite the closest scrutiny.

It may, perhaps, be deemed rather late in the session to go into any fresh examinations. Then meet the case partially, by relaxing the penalty a little, thus feeling our way, and if it should seem advisable to go any further at some future session, we could do so.

From the millions and tens of millions that have to be turned over in this City every day, we have been placed in a position to see and feel the evils of our Usury law sooner than they can be seen anywhere else in the State—hence the reason that our Chamber of Commerce have to urge the reform with such an earnest zeal. We must now, however, bear in mind, that the call for at least some *modification* of this law of 1837, *is coming from all parts of the State of New-York.*

Sales of Real Estate—March 19.

BY A. J. BLEECKER & CO.

2 houses & lots Nos. 133 and 135, 7th-av., each $4,600, 20x80	$9,200
House and lot No. 269 in 7th-st., 25x91	5,200
House and lot No. 288 in 7th-st., 25x100	4,400
House and lot No. 149 in 11th-st., 28x95	4,400
House and lot No. 480 in 12th-st., 25x103	3,450
House and lot No. 261 East 13th-st., 25x103	3,450
House and lot No. 267 East 13th-st., 25x103	4,400
House and lot No. 263 East 13th-st., 25x103	4,400
House and lot No. 126 in 17th-st., 25x92	4,650
House and lot No. 133 in 18th-st., 25x92	4,650
House and lot in 18th-st., near Av. A, 25x92	4,500
House and lot in 21st-st., 25x103	2,500
2 houses and lots Nos. 169 and 171 in 25th-st., each $4,000, 25x99	8,000
House and lot No. 98 in 11th-st., 25x95	4,050
6 lots on 99th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., each $725, 21x99	4,350
2 lots on Lexington-av., between 55th and 56th sts., each $1,125, 25x100	2,250
2 lots on 55th-st., & 1 in r'r on 56th-st., e'h $1,[illegible]	3,000
1 lot on 83d-st., bet. 2d and 3d avs., 25x102	900

Rock Island Road.

From the Evening Post.

We learn that the Directors of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company intend, at their meeting on Friday next, to declare a half-yearly dividend of 5 ⅌ cent. payable in cash in the early part of April. The light receipts, during the month of February, of the various railroads West, owing to the bad weather, may delay for a week or two the day of payment of the usual half-yearly dividends, but we do not learn that any dividends will be passed. It is not likely, although nothing has yet appeared in relation thereto, from any company, other than the Chicago and Rock Island Company.

Breckenridge Coal—Characteristic.

From Thompson's Bank Note Reporter.

The Buffalo *Commercial* says our "specialty" is Broken Banks, and therefore, can't know anything about Breckenridge Coal. Sage conclusion! But, in times like these, when there are no banks breaking, we claim it to be "constitutional" to see how much oil there is in a chunk of Breckenridge, and if we find that a lump as large a whale contains more oil than a whale, we shall say so, and let *specialties* and the Buffalo *Commercial* go to the ——.

SALES OF STOCKS AT PHILADELPHIA.—Wednesday—*First Board*—[illegible]

[illegible]

Markets....Carefully reported for N. Y. Daily Times.

WEDNESDAY, March 19—6 P. M.

ASHES—[illegible]

BEESWAX—American Yellow is salable and firm at [illegible]

BRICKS—Are rather more inquired for at former quotations.

COAL—[illegible]

COCOA—Is still inactive and nominal.

COFFEE—[illegible]

COPPER—[illegible]

COTTON—The market presents no really new feature, the inquiry being a good one, [illegible] at about our quotations:

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. Orleans.
Ordinary	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Middling	10	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Middling Fair	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fair	11	11	[illegible]	[illegible]

FEATHERS—Prime Live Geese are quite scarce and in demand at [illegible] for Western, and [illegible] for Southern, ⅌ lb.

FIRE CRACKERS—[illegible]

FLAX—Has not varied much in demand or value.

FLOUR AND MEAL—[illegible]

FRUIT—[illegible] held. Other articles exhibit no essential alteration.

GRAIN—[illegible]

PROVISIONS—[illegible]

RICE—[illegible]

SALT—[illegible]

SALTPETRE—[illegible]

SEED—[illegible]

FREIGHTS—[illegible]

Passengers Sailed.

[illegible]

MINIATURE ALMANAC THIS DAY.

[illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19.

Cleared.

Steamships Jamestown, Parrish, Norfolk, Ludlam & Pleasants; [illegible]

Arrived.

[illegible]

Sailed.

[illegible]

Below.

[illegible]

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, March 19—Arr. ships [illegible] Calcutta; [illegible], from Liverpool.